APPENDIX A TO PART 440 STANDARDS FOR WEATHERIZATION MATERIALS

[58 FR 12529, Mar. 4, 1993, AS AMENDED AT 69 FR 18803, Apr. 9, 2004]

APPENDIX A TO PART 440—STANDARDS FOR WEATHERIZATION MATERIALS

The following Government standards are produced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission and are published in title 16, Code of Federal Regulations:

Thermal Insulating Materials for Building Elements Including Walls, Floors, Ceilings, Attics, and Roofs Insulation—organic fiber—conformance to Interim Safety Standard in 16 CFR part 1209;

Fire Safety Requirements for Thermal Insulating Materials According to Insulation Use—Attic Floor—insulation materials intended for exposed use in attic floors shall be capable of meeting the same flammability requirements given for cellulose insulation in 16 CFR part 1209;

Enclosed spaces—insulation materials intended for use within enclosed stud or joist spaces shall be capable of meeting the smoldering combustion requirements in 16 CFR part 1209.

The following standards which are not otherwise set forth in part 440 are incorporated by reference and made a part of part 440. The following standards have been approved for incorporation by reference by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they exist on April 5, 1993 and a notice of any change in these materials will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. The standards incorporated by reference are available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to:

http://www.archives.gov/federallregister/codeloflfederallregulations/ibrllocations.html.

The standards incorporated by reference in part 440 can be obtained from the following sources:

Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute, 1501 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22209; (703) 524–8800.

American Gas Association, 1515 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22209; (703) 841-8400.

American National Standards Institute, Inc., 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018; (212) 642-4900.

American Society of Mechanical Engineers, United Engineering Center, 345 East 47th Street, New York, NY 10017; (212) 705–7800.

American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103; (215) 299–5400.

American Architectural Manufacturers Association, 1540 East Dundee Road, Palatine, IL 60067; (708) 202–1350.

Federal Specifications, General Services Administration, Specifications Section, Room 6654, 7th and D Streets, SW, Washington, DC 20407; (202) 708–5082.

Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, (703) 525-9565.

National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 2101 L Street, NW, Suite 300, Washington, DC 20037; (202) 457–8400.

National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9101, Quincy, MA 02269; (617) 770–3000.

National Standards Association, 1200 Quince Orchard Blvd., Gaithersburg, MD 20878; (301) 590–2300.

(NSA is a local contact for materials from ASTM).

National Wood Window and Door Association, 1400 East Touhy Avenue, Des Plaines, IL 60018; (708) 299–5200.

Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors Association, P.O. Box 221230, Chantilly, VA 22022–1230; (703) 803–2980.

Steel Door Institute, 712 Lakewood Center North, 14600 Detroit Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44107; (216) 899–0100.

Steel Window Institute, 1230 Keith Building, Cleveland, OH 44115; (216) 241-7333.

Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association, 25 North Broadway, Tarrytown, NY 10591; (914) 332–0040.

Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., P.O. Box 75530, Chicago, IL 60675-5330; (708) 272-8800.

More information regarding the standards in this reference can be obtained from the following sources: Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, NW, Washington, DC 20006; (202) 554–1080.

National Institute of Standards and Technology, U.S. Department of Commerce, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, (301) 975–2000

Weatherization Assistance Programs Division, Conservation and Renewable Energy, Mail Stop 5G–023, Forrestal Bldg, 1000 Independence Ave, SW, Washington, DC 20585; (202) 586–2207.

THERMAL INSULATING MATERIALS FOR BUILDING ELEMENTS INCLUDING WALLS, FLOORS, ATTICS, AND ROOFS

(Standards for conformance)

Insulation-mineral fiber:	**************************************
Blanket insulation	ASTM C665-98.
Roof insulation board	. ASTM C726-00a.
Loose-fill insulation	ASTM C764-99.
Insulation-mineral cellular:	Table September 19
Vermiculite loose-fill insulation	. ASTM C516-80 (1990).
Perlite loose-fill insulation	ASTM C549-81 (1986).
Cellular glass insulation block	
Perlite insulation board	ASTM C728–89a.
Insulation-organic fiber:	
Cellulosic fiber insulating board	ASTM C208-72 (1982).
Cellulose loose-fill insulation	
Insulation-organic cellular:	
Preformed block-type polystyrene insulation	ASTM C578–87a.
Rigid preformed polyurethane insulation board	ASTM C591-85.
Polyurethane or polyisocyanurate insulation board faced with aluminum foil on both sides	FS HH-I-1972/1 (1981).
Polyurethane or polyisocyanurate insulation board faced with felt on both sides	FS HH-I-1972/2 (1981).
	And Amendment 1,
	October 3, 1985.
Insulation—composite boards:	
Mineral fiber and rigid cellular polyurethane composite roof insulation board	
Perlite board and rigid cellular polyurethane composite roof insulation	ASTM C984-83.
Gypsum board and polyurethane or polisocyanurate composite board	FS HH-I-1972/4 (1981).
Materials used as a patch to reduce infiltration through the building envelope	Commercially available.

THERMAL INSULATING MATERIALS FOR PIPES, DUCTS, AND EQUIPMENT SUCH AS BOILERS AND FURNACES (Standards for conformance)

Insulation—mineral fiber:	T
Preformed pipe insulation	ASTM 1 C547-77.
Preformed pipe insulation	ASTM C553-70 (1977).
Blanket insulation and blanket type pipe insulation (metal-mesh.covered) (industrial type)	
Block and board insulation	ASTM C612-83.
Spray applied fibrous insulation for elevated temperature	ASTM C720-89.
Spray applied fibrous insulation for elevated temperature	ASTM C892-89.
Duct work insulation	Selected and applied
	according to ASTM C971-82.
Insulation—mineral cellular:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Diatomaceous earth block and pipe insulation	ASTM C517-71 (1979)
Calcium silicate block and pipe insulation	ASTM C533-85 (1990).
Cellular glass insulation	ASTM C552-88.
Expanded perlite block and pipe insulation	ASTM C610-85.
Insulation—Organic Cellular:	
Preformed flexible elastomeric cellular insulation in sheet and tubular form	
Unfaced preformed rigid cellular polyurethane insulation	ASTM C591-85.
Unfaced preformed rigid cellular polyurethane insulation	Commercially available.

Fire Safety Requirements for Insulating Materials According to Insulation Use

(Standards for conformance)

Attic floor	Insulation materials intended for exposed use in attic floors shall be capable of meeting the
	same smoldering combustion requirements given for cellulose insulation in ASTM
	C739–88.
Enclosed space	Insulation materials intended for use within enclosed stud or joist spaces shall be capable of
	meeting the smoldering combustion requirements in ASTM C739–88.
Exposed interior walls and ceilings	Insulation materials, including those with combustible facings, which remain exposed and
	serve as wall or ceiling interior finish, shall have a flame spread classification not to exceed
	150 (per ASTM E84–89a).
Exterior envelope walls and roofs	Exterior envelope walls and roofs containing thermal insulations shall meet applicable local
·	government building code requirements for the complete wall or roof assembly.
Pipes, ducts, and equipment	Insulation materials intended for use on pipes, ducts and equipment shall be capable of
	meeting a flame spread classification not to exceed 150 (per ASTM E84-89a).

STORM WINDOWS

(Standards for conformance)

Storm windows:	
Aluminum insulating storm windows	ANSI/AAMA 1002.10–83.
Aluminum frame storm windows	ANSI/AAMA 1002.10–83.
Wood frame storm windows	ANSI/NWWDA I.S. 2–87. (Section 3)
Rigid vinyl frame storm windows	
Frameless plastic glazing storm	Required minimum thickness windows is 6 mil (.006 inches).
Movable insulation systems for windows	

STORM DOORS

(Standards for conformance)

Storm doors—Aluminum:	
Storm Doors	ANSI/AAMA 1102.7–89.
Sliding glass storm doors	ANSI/AAMA 1002.10–83.
Wood storm doors	ANSI/NWWDA I.S. 6–86,
Rigid vinyl storm doors	ASTM D3678–88.
Vestibules:	
Materials to construct vestibules	Commercially available.
Replacement windows:	
Aluminum frame windows	ANSI/AAMA 101–88.
Steel frame windows	Steel Window Institute recommended specifications for steel windows, 1990.
Wood frame windows	ANSI/NWWDA I.S. 2–87.
Rigid vinyl frame windows	ASTM D4099-89.

REPLACEMENT DOORS

Replacement doors—Hinged doors:	
Steel doors	ANSI/SDI 100–1985.
Wood doors:	
Flush doors	ANSI/NWWDA I.S. 1–87. (exterior door provisions)
Pine, fir, hemlock and spruce doors	ANSI/NWWDA I.S. 6–86.
Sliding patio doors:	
Aluminum doors	ANSI/AAMA 101–88.
Wood doors	NWWDA I.S. 3–83.

CAULKS AND SEALANTS

(Standards for conformance)

Caulks and sealants:	
Putty	FS TT–P–00791B, October 16, 1969 and Amendment 2, March 23, 1971.
Glazing compounds for metal sash	ASTM C669-75 (1989).
Oil and resin base caulks	ASTM C570-72 (1989).
Acrylic (solvent types) sealants	FS TT–S–00230C, February 2, 1970 and Amendment 2, October 9, 1970.
Butyl rubber sealants	FS TT-S-001657, October 8, 1970.
Chlorosulfonated polyethylene sealants	FS TT-S-00230C, February 2, 1970 and Amendment 2, October 9, 1970.
Latex sealing compounds	ASTM C834-76 (1986).
Elastomeric joint sealants (normally considered to	
include polysulfide, polyurethane, and silicone)	ASTM C920–87.
Preformed gaskets and sealing materials	ASTM C509-84.

WEATHERSTRIPPING

(Standards for conformance)

Weatherstripping	Commercially available.
Vapor retarders	Selected according to the provisions cited in ASTM C755–85 (1990).
•	Permeance not greater than 1 perm when determined according to the desiccant method described in ASTM E96–90.
Items to improve attic ventilation	Commercially available.
Clock thermostats	NEMA DC 3–1989.

HEAT EXCHANGERS

(Standards for conformance)

Heat exchangers, water-to-water and steam-to-water	ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1992, Sections II, V, VIII, IX, and X,
	as applicable to pressure vessels. Standards of Tubular Exchanger
	Manufacturers Association, Seventh Edition, 1988.
Heat exchangers with gas-fired appliances	Conformance to AGA Requirements for Heat Reclaimer Devices for Use with
	Gas-Fired Appliances No. 1–80, June 1, 1980. AGA Laboratories
	Certification Seal.
Heat pump water heating heat recovery systems	Electrical components to be listed by UL.

BOILER/FURNACE CONTROL SYSTEMS

Automatic set back thermostats	Listed by UL. Conformance to NEMA DC 3–1989.
Line voltage or low voltage room thermostats	NEMA DC 3-1989.
Automatic gas ignition systems	ANSI Z21.21–1987 and Z21.21a-1989. AGA Laboratories
	Certification Seal.
Energy management systems	Listed by UL.
Hydronic boiler controls	Listed by UL.
Other burner controls	Listed by UL.

WATER HEATER MODIFICATIONS

(Standards for conformance)

Insulate tank and distribution piping	(See insulation section of this appendix).
Install heat traps on inlet and outlet piping	Applicable local plumbing code.
Install/replace water heater heating elements	Listed by UL.
Electric, freeze-prevention tape for pipes	
Reduce thermostat settings	State or local recommendations.
Install stack damper, gas-fueled	ANS1 Z21.66-1988, including Exhibits A&B, and ANSI Z223.1-1988.
Install stack damper, oil-fueled	UL 17, November 28, 1988, and NFPA 31-1987.
Install water flow modifiers	

WASTE HEAT RECOVERY DEVICES

(Standards for conformance)

Desuperheater/water heaters	ARI 470-1987.
Condensing heat exchangers	Commercially available components and in new heating furnace systems to
	manufacturers' specifications.
Condensing heat exchangers	Commercially available (Commercial, multi-story building, with teflon-lined
	tubes institutional) to manufacturers' specifications.
Energy recovery equipment	Energy Recovery Equipment and Systems Air-to-Air (1978) Sheet Metal and
	Air-Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA).

BOILER REPAIR AND MODIFICATIONS/EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS

ANSI Z21.8–1984, (for gas or oil-fired systems), ANSI Z21.17–1984, ANSI
Z21.17a-1990, and ANSI Z223.1–1988. AGA Laboratories Certification seal.
UL 296, February 28, 1989 Revision and NFPA 31–1987.
ANSI Z223.1-1988 for gas equipment and NFPA 31-1987 for oil equipment.
ASME CSD-1-1988, ASME CSD-1a-1989, ANSI Z223.1-
1988, and NFPA 31–1987.
ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, 1992, Sections II,
IV, V, VI, VIII, IX, and X. Boilers must be Institute of Boilers and Radiation
Manufacturers (IBR) equipment.
Per manufacturers' instructions.
, managed (1) (managed (1))
Refractory linings may be required for conversions.
Protection from flame contact with conversion burners by
refractory shield.
Commercially available. One pipe steam systems require air
vents on each radiator; see manufacturers' requirements.
Commercially available. NFPA 70, National Electrical Code
(NEC) 1993 and local electrical codes provisions for wiring.

HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM REPAIRS AND TUNE-UPS/EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS

(Standards for conformance)

Install duct insulation	FS HH-I–558C, January 7, 1992 (see insulation sections of this
	appendix).
Reduce input of burner; derate gas-fueled equipment	
	for gas fueled furnaces and ANSI Z223.1–1988 (NFPA 54–1988) including Appendix H.
Repair/replace oil-fired equipment	NFPA 31–1987.
Replace combustion chamber in oil-fired furnaces or boilers	NFPA 31–1987.
Clean heat exchanger and adjust burner: adjust air shutter and	
check CO2 and stack temperature. Clean or replace air filter on	
forced air furnace	ANSI Z223.1-1988 (NFPA 54-1988) including Appendix H.
Install vent dampers for gas-fueled heating systems	Applicable sections of ANSI Z223.1-1988 (NFPA
,	54–1988) including Appendices H, I, J, and K. ANSI Z21.66–1988 and Exhibits A & B for electrically operated dampers.
Install vent dampers for oil-fueled heating systems	Applicable sections of NFPA 31–1987 for
	installation and in conformance with UL 17, November 28, 1988.
Reduce excess combustion air:	
A: Reduce vent connector size of gas-fueled appliances	ANSI Z223.1–1988 (NFPA 54–1988) Part 9 and Appendices G & H.
B: Adjust barometric draft regulator for oil fuels	
-	instructions.
Replace constant burning pilot with electric ignition device	
on gas-fueled furnaces or boilers	ANSI Z21.71–1981, Z21.71a-1985, and Z21.71b-1989.
Readjust fan switch on forced air gas or oil-fueled furnaces	Applicable sections and Appendix H of ANSI Z223.1-1988 (NFPA
, in the second of the second	54-1988) for gas furnaces and NFPA 31-1987 for oil furnaces.
Replace burners	See power burners (oil/gas).
Install/replace duct furnaces (gas)	
Install/replace heat pumps	AP9C 2250
Replace air diffusers, intakes, registers, and grilles	Commercially available.
Install/replace warm air heating metal ducts	
Filter alarm units	Additional Strawn Company of the Com
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REPLACEMENT FURNACES, BURNERS, AND WOOD STOVES

(Standards for conformance)

Chimneys, fireplaces, vents and solid fuel burning Appliances	NFPA 211–1988.
Gas-fired furnaces	ANS1 Z21.47–1987, Z21.47a–1988, and Z21.47b–
	1989. ANSI Z223.1–1988 (NFPA 54–1988).
Oil-fired furnaces	. UL 727, August 27, 1991 Revision and NFPA 31-1987.
Liquified petroleum gas storage	. NFPA 58–1989.
Ventilation fans:	
Including electric attic, ceiling, and whole house fans	. UL 507, August 23, 1990 Revision.

AIR CONDITIONERS AND COOLING EQUIPMENT (Standards for conformance)

Air conditioners:	
Central air conditioners	ARI 210/240-1989.
Room size units	ANSI/AHAM RAC-1-1982.
Other cooling equipment:	
Including evaporative coolers, heat pumps and other equipment	UL 1995, November 30, 1990.

SCREENS, WINDOW FILMS, AND REFLECTIVE MATERIALS

Insect screens	
Window films	Commercially available.
Shade screens:	
Fiberglass shade screens	Commercially available.
Polyester shade screens	Commercially available.
Rigid awnings:	
Wood rigid awnings	Commercially available.
Metal rigid awnings	Commercially available.
Louver systems:	
Wood louver systems	Commercially available.
Metal louver systems	Commercially available.
Industrial-grade white paint used as a heat-reflective measure on awnings, window	
louvers, doors, and exterior duct work (exposed)	Commercially available.