State of Alabama

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
PROGRAM YEAR 2024
WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
STATE PLAN

(April 1, 2024 - March 31, 2025)



Submitted by:

State of Alabama Kay Ivey, Governor

Department of Economic and Community Affairs Kenneth W. Boswell, Director

DRAFT

OVERVIEW

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Introduction

This document is the 2024 Alabama Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) State Plan. The project period is April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025.

The Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) is the State administrating authority for the WAP. A network of twelve (12) community action agencies, and one (1) regional planning and development commission delivers residential energy efficiency and health and safety solutions for all 67 counties in the State. The mission of the program is to reduce energy costs for low-income families, particularly for the elderly, people with disabilities, and children, by improving the energy efficiency of their homes while ensuring their health and safety.

The WAP State Plan is an application package that is required for state agencies applying for grants administered by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Weatherization and Intergovernmental Program under the Weatherization Assistance Program for Low-Income Persons.

The WAP State Plan grant application components are divided into two files, the Annual File and Master File. The Annual File consists of the components that change annually, e.g., budget, production schedule, training and technical assistance activities. The Master File consists of the components that are generally unchanged from the previous year, e.g., state's climatic conditions, the extent to which priority will be given to the weatherization of single-family or other high energy consuming dwelling units.

Under the authority of Weatherization Program Notice (WPN) 24-1, ADECA is presenting Program Year 2023 allocations for planning purposes for the 2024 Program Year. Final WAP allocations may differ from the planning numbers presented in this package reflected in WPN 24-2. Once final Program Year 2024 allocations are released, the State Plan will be updated to reflect the correct award amount.

Proposed adjusted average expenditure per dwelling \$6,085.57 Health and Safety average expenditure per home remains \$1,412.55

- o Average Cost Per Unit for this Program Year is set at \$8,497.00
- o Quality Control Inspector final inspection is required.
- Training and Technical assistance funds are available to obtain certification and receive required CEU through the State T&TA Coordinators at the Alabama Community College System. Some T&TA funding will still be awarded to subrecipients to allow for internal conference attendance outside of the ACCS's Training Plan.
- Total administrative limit is 15%
- o Reweatherization is a rolling 15 Year date

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

| APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF- | 424 | | Version 02 |
|--|--|---|------------|
| Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application | 2. Type of Application: New X Continuation Revision | If Revision, select appropriate letter(s) Increase Award Other (specify): | |
| 3. Date Received 12/16/2022 | | 4. Applicant Identifier: | |
| 5a. Federal Entity Identifier: | | 5b. Federal Award Identifier: DE-EE0009885 | |
| State Use Only: | | | |
| 6. Date Received by State: 12/16/2022 | | 7. State Application Identifier: | |
| 8. APPLICANT INFORMATION: | | | |
| a. Legal Name: State of Alabama | | | |
| b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): 636000619 | | c. UEI: PQ3LJB9LMX63 | |
| d. Address: | | | |
| Street 1: 401 Adams Avenue - Suite 560 | | | |
| Street 2: P.O. Box 5690 | | | |
| City: Montgomery | | | |
| County: MONTGOMERY County | | | |
| State: AL | | | |
| Province: | | | |
| Country: U.S.A. | | | |
| Zip / Postal Code: 361035690 e. Organizational Unit: | | | |
| | | Division Name | |
| Department Name: ADECA | | Division Name: Energy | |
| | | | |
| f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted of | on matters involving this a | application: | |
| Prefix: Mr First Nar | me: Derek | | |
| Middle Name: | | | |
| Last Name: Wilson | | | |
| Suffix: Title: State Weatherization Program Administra | ator | | |
| | f Economic and Communit | y Affairs | |
| Telephone Number: 3342425373 | | Fax Number: | |
| | | rax rambor. | |
| Email: derek.wilson@adeca.alabama.gov | | | |

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

| APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF-424 | Version 02 |
|---|------------|
| 9. Type of Applicant: | |
| A State Government | |
| 0. Name of Federal Agency: | |
| U. S. Department of Energy | |
| 1. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: | |
| 81.042 | |
| CFDA Title: | |
| Weatherization Assistance Program | |
| 2. Funding Opportunity Number: | * |
| DE-WAP-0002024 | |
| Title: | |
| 2024 Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) | |
| 3. Competition Identification Number: | |
| Not applicable | |
| Title: | |
| | |
| Not applicable | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.): | |
| Alabama - Statewide | |
| | |
| 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project: | |
| Weatherization Assistance Program For Low-Income Persons | |
| | |

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

| APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF-424 | Version 02 |
|--|---|
| 16.Congressional District Of: | |
| a. Applicant: Alabama Congressional District 02 b. | Program/Project: AL-Statewide |
| Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed: | |
| 17. Proposed Project: a. Start Date: 04/01/2024 b. | End Date: 03/31/2025 |
| 18. Estimated Funding (\$): | |
| a. Federal 3,751,476.00 | |
| b. Applicant 0.00 | |
| c. State 0.00 | |
| d. Local 0.00 | |
| e. Other 0.00 | |
| f. Program Income 0.00 | |
| g. TOTAL 3,751,476.00 | |
| 19. Is Application subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?: a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 123 X b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for rev c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372 | |
| 20. Is the applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes", provide explanation) No | |
| 21. By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this | required assurances** and agree |
| agency | ist, is contained in the announcement or |
| Authorized Representative: | |
| Prefix: Mr First Name: Kenneth Middle Name: W. Last Name: Boswell Suffix: | |
| Title: Director | |
| Telephone Number: 3342425591 | Fax Number: |
| Email: Kenneth.Boswell@adeca.alabama.gov | |
| Signature of Authorized Representative: | Date Signed: |
| Authorized for Local Reproduction | Standard Form 424 (Revised 10/200: Prescribed by OMB Circular A-10 |

OMB Number: 4040-0006 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

| 1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0009885 | | Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Progra | ım | |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------|------------|
| 3. Name and Address State of Alabama | | | 4. Program/Project Start Date | 04/01/2024 |
| | 401 Adams Avenue - Suite 560 Montgomery, AL 361035690 | | 5. Completion Date | 03/31/2025 |

| | SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| Grant Program | | Estimated Uno | bligated Funds | N | New or Revised Budg | get | |
| Function or Activity (a) | Federal Catalog No. (b) | Federal (c) | Non-Federal (d) | Federal (e) | Non-Federal (f) | Total (g) | |
| 1. 2023 WAP Formula Funds | 81.042 | \$ 0.00 | | \$ 3,751,476.00 | | \$ 3,751,476.00 | |
| 2. | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | | |
| 5. TOTAL | | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | |

| SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 6. Object Class Categories | | Grant Program, F | unction or Activity | | Total | |
| | (1) GRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON | (2) SUBGRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON | (3) GRANTEE T&TA | (4) SUBGRANTEE T&TA | (5) | |
| a. Personnel | \$ 17,388.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 86,850.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 104,238.00 | |
| b. Fringe Benefits | \$ 7,468.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 36,483.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 43,951.00 | |
| c. Travel | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 24,310.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 24,310.00 | |
| d. Equipment | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | |
| e. Supplies | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | |
| f. Contract | \$ 0.00 | \$ 319,972.00 | \$ 401,567.00 | \$ 48,000.00 | \$ 3,443,562.00 | |
| g. Construction | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | |
| h. Other Direct Costs | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 35,000.00 | |
| i. Total Direct Charges | \$ 24,856.00 | \$ 319,972.00 | \$ 551,710.00 | \$ 48,000.00 | \$ 3,653,561.00 | |
| j. Indirect Costs | \$ 97,915.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 97,915.00 | |
| k. Totals | \$ 122,771.00 | \$ 319,972.00 | \$ 551,710.00 | \$ 48,000.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | |
| 7. Program Income | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | |

OMB Number: 4040-0006 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

| 1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0009885 | | Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Progra | m | |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------|------------|
| 3. Name and Address State of Alabama | | | 4. Program/Project Start Date | 04/01/2024 |
| | 401 Adams Avenue - Suite 560 Montgomery, AL 361035690 | | 5. Completion Date | 03/31/2025 |

| SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| Grant Program | l L | Estimated Unobligated Funds | | N | New or Revised Budget | | |
| Function or Activity (a) | Federal Catalog No. (b) | Federal (c) | Non-Federal (d) | Federal (e) | Non-Federal (f) | Total (g) | |
| 1. | | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | | |
| 5. TOTAL | | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | |

| SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------|
| 6. Object Class Categories | | Grant Program, Function or Activity | | | | | | Grant Program, Function or Activity | | | Total |
| | (1) PROGRAM OPERATIONS | (2) HEALTH AND SAFETY | (3) LIABILITY INSURANCE | (4) FINANCIAL AUDITS | (5) | | | | | | |
| a. Personnel | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 104,238.00 | | | | | | |
| b. Fringe Benefits | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 43,951.00 | | | | | | |
| c. Travel | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 24,310.00 | | | | | | |
| d. Equipment | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | | | | | | |
| e. Supplies | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 2,500.00 | | | | | | |
| f. Contract | \$ 1,825,670.00 | \$ 423,765.00 | \$ 34,600.00 | \$ 32,800.00 | \$ 3,443,562.00 | | | | | | |
| g. Construction | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | | | | | | |
| h. Other Direct Costs | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 35,000.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 35,000.00 | | | | | | |
| i. Total Direct Charges | \$ 1,825,670.00 | \$ 423,765.00 | \$ 69,600.00 | \$ 32,800.00 | \$ 3,653,561.00 | | | | | | |
| j. Indirect Costs | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 97,915.00 | | | | | | |
| k. Totals | \$ 1,825,670.00 | \$ 423,765.00 | \$ 69,600.00 | \$ 32,800.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | | | | | | |
| 7. Program Income | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | | | | | | |

OMB Number: 4040-0006 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

| 1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0009885 | | Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Progra | m | |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------|------------|
| 3. Name and Address State of Alabama | | | 4. Program/Project Start Date | 04/01/2024 |
| | 401 Adams Avenue - Suite 560 Montgomery, AL 361035690 | | 5. Completion Date | 03/31/2025 |

| SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Grant Program | | Estimated Uno | bligated Funds | 1 | New or Revised Budg | get |
| Function or Activity (a) | Federal Catalog No. (b) | Federal (c) | Non-Federal (d) | Federal (e) | Non-Federal (f) | Total (g) |
| 1. | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | |
| 5. TOTAL | | \$ 0.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 | \$ 0.00 | \$ 3,751,476.00 |

| SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----|-----------------|
| 6. Object Class Categories | | Grant Program, F | Sunction or Activity | | Total |
| | (1) Weatherization Readiness | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| a. Personnel | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 104,238.00 |
| b. Fringe Benefits | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 43,951.00 |
| c. Travel | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 24,310.00 |
| d. Equipment | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 0.00 |
| e. Supplies | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 2,500.00 |
| f. Contract | \$ 357,188.00 | | | | \$ 3,443,562.00 |
| g. Construction | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 0.00 |
| h. Other Direct Costs | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 35,000.00 |
| i. Total Direct Charges | \$ 357,188.00 | | | | \$ 3,653,561.00 |
| j. Indirect Costs | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 97,915.00 |
| k. Totals | \$ 357,188.00 | | | | \$ 3,751,476.00 |
| 7. Program Income | \$ 0.00 | | | | \$ 0.00 |

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY



BUDGET JUSTIFICATION FOR FORMULA GRANTS

Applicant: State of Alabama

Budget period: 04/01/2024 - 03/31/2025

Award number: EE0009885

1. <u>PERSONNEL</u> - Prime Applicant only (all other participant costs are listed in 6 below and form SF-242A, Section B. Line 6.f. Contracts and Sub-Grants).

Positions to be supported under the proposed award and brief description of the duties of professionals:

| Position | Description of Duties of Professionals |
|---|---|
| Technical Lead | Serves as Technical Lead The Weatherization Program Technical Lead position is responsible for the technical responsibilities of the program. As Technical Lead, this person will monitor the units, compile field review reports, and provide technical guidance to the Program Supervisor. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2024 DOE funds, WAPBIL funds, and 2024 LIWAP funds. |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist III - DW | Serves as Weatherization Program Supervisor The Weatherization Program Supervisor is responsible for preparing and submitting all required federal reports, creating, implementing, and enforcing programmatic plans for the state's subrecipients, developing State Plans, scheduling and conducting public hearings, and assembling the grant budget. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2023 DOE funds (T&TA and Admin), WAPBIL funds, and 2023 LIWAP funds. |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist IV - NN | Serves as Community Services Unit Chief The Community Services Unit Chief is responsible for the supervision of the LIHEAP, CSBG, and Weatherization Programs. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2023 DOE funds, WAPBIL funds, 2023 LIWAP funds, LIHEAP funds, and CSBG funds. |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - LC | Serves as Weatherization Program Manager The Weatherization Program Manager position is responsible for one-third of the state's subrecipients. As Program Manager, this person will monitor the agencies for which they are responsible annually, compile field review reports and monthly subrecipient production reports, and provide on-site or virtual T&TA as needed. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2023 DOE funds, BIL funds, and 2023 LIWAP funds. |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - JM | Serves as Weatherization Program Manager The Weatherization Program Manager position is responsible for one-third of the state's subrecipients. As Program Manager, this person will monitor the agencies for which they are responsible annually, compile field review reports and monthly subrecipient production reports, and provide on-site or virtual T&TA as needed. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2023 DOE funds, BIL funds, and 2023 LIWAP funds. |
| Administrative Support Assistant I | Serves as an Administrative Support Assistant to Weatherization Program Staff The Administrative Support Assistant provides general administrative assistance, including but not limited to, assisting in coordinating training sessions and meetings, preparing correspondence, and directing client phone calls to the appropriate staff. The balance of salary and benefits is paid using 2023 DOE funds, WAPBIL funds, 2023 LIWAP funds, LIHEAP funds, CSBG funds, and other non-WAP funds. |
| rect Personnel Compensation: | |
| Position | Salary/Rate Time Direct Pay |

| Technical Lead | \$71,083.20 | 39.9995 % FT | \$28,432.92 |
|---|-------------|------------------|--------------|
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist III - DW | \$59,865.60 | 39.9993 % FT | \$23,945.82 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist IV - NN | \$69,331.20 | 14.9994 % FT | \$10,399.26 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - LC | \$52,992.00 | 39.9992 % FT | \$21,196.38 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - JM | \$39,484.80 | 39.9990 % FT | \$15,793.53 |
| Administrative Support Assistant I | \$35,748.72 | 12.5042 % FT | \$4,470.09 |
| | | Direct Pay Total | \$104,238.00 |

2. FRINGE BENEFITS

a. Are the fringe cost rates approved by a Federal Agency? If so, identify the agency and date of latest rate agreement or audit below, and attach a copy of the rate agreement to the application.

b. If a. above does not apply, please use this box (or an attachment) to further explain how your total fringe benefits costs were calculated. Your calculations should identify all rates used, along with the base they were applied to (and how the base was derived), and a total for each (along with grand total). If there is an established computation methodology approved for state-wide use, please provide a copy. Also, please fill out the table below with the Fringe Benefits Calculations.

FICA: April 2024 - March 2025: 7.65%

Retirement: (RSA Tier 2) 14.44%

Health Insurance: \$930.00/month = \$11,160.00/year

PEDS IV: 11,160 (15%) = \$1,674.00 / \$10,399.68 = 16.0966%

PEDS III: 11,160 (40%) = \$4,464.00 / \$23,946.24 = 18.6418%

PEDS I: 11,160 (40%) = \$4,464.00 / \$15,793.92 = 28.2640%

PEDS II: 11,160 (40%) = \$4,464.00 / \$21,196.80 = 21.0598%

Technical Lead: 11,160 (40%) = \$4,464.00 / \$28,433.28 = 15.6999%

ASA I: 11,160 (12.5%) = \$1,395.00 / \$4,468.59 = 31.2179%

Average Fringe Rate = 52.7040%

Fringe Benefits Calculations

| Position | Direct Pay | Rate | Benefits |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Technical Lead | \$28,432.92 | 37.7899 % | \$10,744.77 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist III - DW | \$23,945.82 | 40.7318 % | \$9,753.56 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist IV - NN | \$10,399.26 | 38.1866 % | \$3,971.12 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - LC | \$21,196.38 | 43.1498 % | \$9,146.20 |
| Planning & Economic Development Specialist I - JM | \$15,793.53 | 50.3540 % | \$7,952.67 |
| Administrative Support Assistant I | \$4,470.09 | 53.3079 % | \$2,382.91 |
| | | Fringe Benefits Total | \$43,951.23 |

3. TRAVEL

 a. Please provide the purpose of travel, such as professional conference(s), DOE sponsored meeting(s), project management meeting, etc. If there is any foreign travel, please identify.

| | Number | Cost Per | |
|---|----------|----------|------------|
| Purpose of Trip | of Trips | Trip | Total |
| Monitoring and T&TA - Fuel | 30 | \$100.00 | \$3,000.00 |
| Monitoring and/or T&TA - Day Trips Per Diem (less than 6 hours) | 2 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |

^{*} Unemployment Insurance and Workmans' Compensation is not included in the budget.

| Monitoring and/or T&TA - Day Trips Per Diem (6+ hours) | 40 | \$12.75 | \$510.00 |
|--|----|--------------|-------------|
| Out of State Travel for Conferences, Training, etc. | 4 | \$3,200.00 | \$12,800.00 |
| Monitoring and/or T&TA - Overnight Per Diem | 20 | \$400.00 | \$8,000.00 |
| | | Travel Total | \$24,310.00 |

b. Please provide the basis for estimating the costs, such as past trips, current quotations, Federal Travel Regulations, etc. All listed travel must be necessary for the performance of the award objectives.

All travel estimated number of trips and costs are based on historical data and comply with all State of Alabama travel and reimbursement policies. The State of Alabama in-state travel per diem guidelines are as follows:

\$12.75/day 6+ hours at least 25 miles from base

\$34.00/day 6-12 hours but not overnight

\$85.00/night for one night

\$100.00/night for 2+ nights

Monitoring and T&TA - Fuel: Estimates are based on traveling 15,000 miles over the course of the grant cycle. We estimate that our vehicles will average 16 miles per gallon and the per gallon cost of fuel is \$3.20.

Monitoring and/or T&TA - Overnight Per Diem: Estimates are based on making 20 4-night trips throughout the grant cycle.

Monitoring and/or T&TA - Day Trips Per Diem (6+ hours): Estimates are based on making 40 1-day trips throughout the grant cycle.

Monitoring and/or T&TA - Day Trips Per Diem (less than 6 hours): Estimates are based on making 2 partial day trips throughout the grant cycle.

Out of State Travel for Conferences, Trainings, etc.: Estimates are based off of making 4 out-of-state trips to attend conferences such as NASCSP, Energy Out West, Home Performance Coalition, or similar. We estimate that registration will be \$900.00 per person, lodging will be \$1,000.00, airfare will be \$900.00, and M&IE will be \$400.00. Lodging and M&IE are subject to GSA.gov restrictions.

- **4. EQUIPMENT** Equipment is generally defined as an item with an acquisition cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life expectancy of more than one year.
 - a. List all proposed equipment below and briefly justify its need as it applies to the objectives of the award.

| | , | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
|-----------|------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Equipment | Unit Cost Number | r Total Cost Justification of Need | |

b. Please provide a basis of cost such as vendor quotes, catalog prices, prior invoices, etc. and justify need. If the Equipment is being proposed as Cost Share and was previously acquired, please provide the source and value of its contribution to the project and logical support for the estimated value shown. If it is new equipment which will retain a useful life upon completion of the project, provide logical support for the estimated value shown. Also, please indicate whether the Equipment is being used for other projects or is 100% dedicated to the DOE project.

5. <u>SUPPLIES</u> - Supplies are generally defined as an item with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or less and a useful life expectancy of less than one year. Supplies are generally consumed during the project performance.

a. List all proposed supplies below, the estimated cost, and briefly justify the need for the supplies as they apply to the objectives of the award. Note that all direct costs, including Supply items, may not be duplicative of supply costs included in the indirect pool that is the basis of the indirect rate applied for this project.

| General Category | Cost | Justification of Need |
|----------------------------------|------------|--|
| Calibration of Testing Equipment | \$1,000.00 | Calibration of testing equipment to ensure accurate readings. |
| Materials for Training Events | \$1,000.00 | Materials such as binders, folders, markers, boards, etc. for training purposes. |
| Tools and Supplies | \$500.00 | Various small tools and supplies needed to conduct monitoring activities. |
| Materials and Supplies Total | \$2,500.00 | |

b. Please provide a basis of cost for each item listed above and justify need. Examples include vendor quotes, prior purchases of similar or like items, published price list, etc.

Cost estimated on historical prices and researched estimates.

6. <u>CONTRACTS AND SUBGRANTS</u> - Provide the following information for New proposed subrecipients and subcontractors. For ongoing subcontractors and subrecipients, this information does not have to be restated here, if it is provided elsewhere in the application; under Name of Proposed Sub, indicate purpose of work and where additional information can be found (i.e weatherization subgrants, Annual File section IV.1).

| Name of Proposed Sub | Total Cost | Basis of Cost* |
|---|----------------|--|
| FACSPro/LITT | \$55,567.00 | DBA Technologies LLC - maintenance agreement renewal for database management used by CSBG, LIHEAP, LIHWAP, and WAP. |
| Statewide T&TA Coordinator | \$96,000.00 | Funds allocated to this contract include T&TA funding for each subrecipient's training needs. Instead of procuring and paying for their own training, they will go through the T&TA Coordinator who will handle the logistics and payment. |
| Weatherization Subrecipients (Annual File section IV.1) | \$3,041,995.00 | This includes allocations for: administration, program operations, health and safety, liability insurance, training and technical assistance, financial audit, vehicles and equipment (none in 2023), and weatherization readiness funds. ADECA has determined, through historical data, that the amount budgeted for subrecipient administrative costs is sufficient for effectively implementing the administrative requirements of this grant project. In accordance with 2 CFR 200.425(a)(2), only those subrecipients expending more than \$750,000.00 in total Federal Funds annually will receive funding for an allocated portion of the agency's financial audit identified in the Grantee's SF-424a Budget. |
| QCI Contractor | \$250,000.00 | This includes funds to acquire and maintain a QCI certified contractor(s) to assist the State Administering Agency with technical monitoring requirements. |
| Contracts and Subgrants Tota | \$3,443,562.00 | |

7. OTHER DIRECT COSTS - Other direct costs are direct cost items required for the project which do not fit clearly into other categories. These direct costs may not be duplicative of costs included in the indirect pool that is the basis of the indirect rate applied for this project. Examples are: conference fees, subscription costs, printing costs, etc.

a. Please provide a General Description, Cost and Justification of Need.

| General Description | | Cost | Justification of Need |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|
| Pollution Occurrence Insurance | | \$35,000.00 | To insure recipient (SAA) and subrecipients from liability |
| | | | related to claims related to pollution occurrence incidents. |
| | Other Direct Costs Total | \$35,000.00 | |

 Please provide a basis of cost for each item listed above. Examples include vendor quotes, prior purchases of similar or like items, published price list, etc.

\$35,000.00 has been budgeted for Pollution Occurrence Insurance, which will be purchased by the State to cover all subrecipients. The estimate expense is based on what was spent in previous years. All cost included in Other Costs are properly segregated from Indirect costs, meaning they are segregated in the financial system by accounting code or GA ledger number.

All costs proposed are utilized strictly in support of the WAP program.

8. INDIRECT COSTS

- a. Are the indirect cost rates approved by a Federal agency? If so, identify the agency and date of latest rate agreement or audit and provide a copy of the rate agreement.
 The latest agreement for the provisional indirect cost rate was made on November 2, 2022. The agreement was made between the United States Department of Labor, the Federal Cognizant Agency and the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs.
- b. If the above does not apply, indicate the basis for computation of rates, including the types of benefits to be provided, the rate(s) used, and the cost base for each rate. You may provide the information below or provide the calculations separately.

The name and phone number of the individual responsible for negotiating the State's indirect cost rates.

Name: Emily Wen Phone Number: 2026934107

Indirect costs calculations:

| Indirect Cost Account | Direct Total | Indirect Rate | Total Indirect |
|---|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Provisional - ADECA-ED (Energy Division) 10/01/2023 - | \$3,653,561.00 | 2.6800 % | \$97,915.43 |
| 09/30/2024 | | | |
| | | Indirect Costs Total | \$97 915 43 |

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

 $\textbf{Grant Number:} \ EE0009885, \quad \textbf{State:} \ AL, \quad \textbf{Program Year:} \ 2024$

Recipient: State of Alabama

IV.1 Subgrantees

| Subgrantee (City) | Planned Funds/Units |
|---|---------------------|
| Alabama Council on Human Relations, Inc. (Auburn) | \$118,744.60 |
| Autouria Courei di Harian Pelatidis, ilic. (Autouri) | 12 |
| Central Alabama Regional Planning and Development Commission (CARPDC) (Montgomery) | \$271,516.85 |
| | 27 |
| Community Action Agency of Northeast Alabama, Inc (Rainsville) | \$708,142.05 71 |
| | \$118,471.05 |
| Community Action Agency of Northwest Alabama, Inc. (Florence) | \$118,471.03 |
| | \$202,162.00 |
| Community Action Agency of South Alabama, Inc. (Daphne) | 20 |
| | \$178,153.35 |
| Community Action Agency of Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Calhoun and Cleburne Counties (Talladega) | 17 |
| | \$64,006.30 |
| Community Action Committee, Inc. of Chambers-Tallapoosa-Coosa (Dadeville) | 6 |
| Community Action Partnership of Huntsville/Madison and Limestone Counties, Inc. (Huntsville) | \$191,245.45 |
| Community Action Partnership of Hunisville/ Madison and Limestone Counties, inc. (Hunisville) | 19 |
| Community Action Partnership of North Alabama, Inc. (Decatur) | \$211,186.55 |
| Community Action I distinctinip of Evolut Anabama, nic. (Decade) | 21 |
| Community Service Programs of West Alabama, Inc (Tuscaloosa) | \$206,590.00 |
| Community out 1001 regimine of 11 to 11 minutes, and (1 to 10 minutes) | 20 |
| Mobile Community Action, Inc. (Mobile) | \$300,513.50 |
| | 0101 002 00 |
| Montgomery County Commission, c/o Central Alabama Regional Planning and Development Commission (Montgomery) | \$181,883.90 18 |
| | \$289,379.40 |
| Organized Community Action Program, Inc. (Troy) | \$289,379.40 |
| | \$3,041,995.00 |
| Total: | 300 |
| | • 00 |

IV.2 WAP Production Schedule

| We | atherization Plans | Units | | |
|--|---|----------------|--|--|
| To | al Units (excluding reweatherized) | 300 | | |
| Re | Reweatherized Units | | | |
| Ave | rage Unit Costs, Units subject to DOE Project Rules | | | |
| , | VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES) | | | |
| A | Total Vehicles & Equipment (\$5,000 or more) Budget | \$0.00 | | |
| В | Total Units Weatherized | 300 | | |
| С | Total Units Reweatherized | 0 | | |
| D | Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (B + C) | 300 | | |
| Е | Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (A divided by D) | \$0.00 | | |
| AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES) | | | | |
| F | Total Funds for Program Operations | \$1,825,670.00 | | |
| G | Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (from line D) | 300 | | |

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885, State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

| I | Н | Average Program Operations Costs per Unit (F divided by G) | | \$6,085.57 |
|---|---|--|--|------------|
|] | Ι | Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (from line E) | | \$0.00 |
| | J | Total Average Cost per Dwelling (H plus I) | | \$6,085.57 |

IV.3 Energy Savings

| Method used to calculate savings: ☑ WAP algorithm ☐ Other (describe below) | | | |
|--|-------|----------------------------|----------------|
| | Units | Savings Calculator (MBtus) | Energy Savings |
| This Year Estimate | e 300 | 29.3 | 8790 |
| Prior Year Estimate | 400 | 29.3 | 11720 |
| Prior Year Actua | 1 42 | 29.3 | 1231 |
| Method used to calculate savings description: | | | |
| | | | |

IV.4 DOE-Funded Leveraging Activities

LEVERAGING ACTIVITIES

Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) funds are provided through the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. LIHEAP funds can be used in conjunction with DOE funds. LIHEAP funds will be available for weatherization activities in this Program Year.

In accordance with 440.14 (b)(9)(xiv), The State of Alabama encourages subgrantees to utilize private resources to increase the amount of assistance to eligible clients. No State funds are available for weatherization projects and since all subgrantees are public or nonprofit entities they must rely solely on Federal Funds (LIHEAP and DOE).

IV.5 Policy Advisory Council Members

☑ Check if an existing state council or commision serves in this category and add name below

| | Type of organization: | Non-profit (not a financial institution) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Mr. Antwon Prince-Sealy | Contact Name: | Mr. Antwon Prince-Sealy |
| Wii. Alitwon Finice-Seary | Phone: | 2054690358 |
| | Email: | aprince@cspwal.com |
| | Type of organization: | Non-profit (not a financial institution) |
| Mr. Cade Gunnells | Contact Name: | Cade Gunnells |
| Wir. Cade Guilliens | Phone: | 3342624300 |
| | Email: | cgunnells@carpdc.com |
| | | Non-profit (not a financial institution) |
| Mr. Kris Rowe | Contact Name: | Kris Rowe |
| WII. KIIS ROWC | Phone: | 2052277688 |
| Y | Email: | krowe@caaalabama.org |
| | | Non-profit (not a financial institution) |
| Mr. Luke Laney | | Luke Laney |
| Wif. Eure Earley | Phone: | 2566384430 |
| | Email: | <u>luke@caaneal.org</u> |
| | | Unit of State Government |
| Mr. Scott Stabler | Contact Name: | Mr. Scott Stabler |
| Wir. Scott Stabler | Phone: | 3343538712 |
| | Email: | scott.stabler@adss.alabama.gov |
| | | Unit of State Government |
| Ms Wendy Littles | | Wendy Littles |
| ivis wency Entites | Phone: | 3343533375 |
| | Email: | wendy.littles@adeca.alabama.gov |
| | | Unit of State Government |
| Ms. Aquilla Spivey | Contact Name: | Ms. Aquilla Spivey |
| Tion require opiney | Phone: | 3342425211 |

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885, State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

| | Email: | aquilla.spivey@psc.alabama.gov | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Type of organization: | Non-profit (not a financial institution) | |
| Ms. Delores Mastin | Contact Name: | Ms. Delores Mastin | |
| Ms. Defores Masun | Phone: | 2568519800 | |
| | Email: | dmastin@caa-htsval.org | |
| | Type of organization: | Utility | |
| 4- T | Contact Name: | Tanganyika Grayson | |
| Ms. Tanganyika Grayson | Phone: | 2052572357 | |
| | Email: | tgrayso@southernco.com | |

IV.6 State Plan Hearings (Note: attach notes and transcripts to the SF-424)

| i i io state i ian iitai | amps (1 total actual notes and transcripts to the SI 121) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Date Held | Newspapers that publicized the hearings and the dates the notice ran |
| 01/05/2024 | Notice was posted on the Secretary Of State Website as required by the Alabama Open Meetings Act on December 29, 2023. Public hearing will be held on January 5, 2024. |
| 01/05/2024 | The Tuscaloosa News ran ad for public hearing on December 18, 2023. The Decatur Daily/Hartselle Enquirer ran ad for public hearing on December 20, 2023. The Dothan Eagle and Montgomery Independent ran ad for public hearing on December 21, 2023. |

IV.7 Miscellaneous

Alabama entered into a Programmatic Agreement with the State Historic Preservation Office on April 6, 2010; this agreement was amended on December 7, 2020 and extended to December 31, 2030.

Notices for Public Hearings are posted on the Secretary of State Website as required by the Open Meetings Act https://www.openmeetings.alabama.gov/generalpublic/display notices.aspx

Notice of Public Hearing is also posted in newspapers throughout the State. Notices are attached.

Additionally subrecipients are notified of a public hearing by email and standard mail.

Recipient Principal Investigator: Derek Wilson E-mail: derek.wilson@adeca.alabama.gov

Phone: 334-242-5373

Recipient Business Officer: Kenneth W. Boswell, Director

E-mail: kenneth.boswell@adeca.alabama.gov

Phone: 334-242-5594

State of Alabama

2023 Weatherization Readiness Fund Plan

(Updated in response to WPN 23-4)

PURPOSE

The purpose for Weatherization Readiness Fund (WRF) is to reduce the frequency of deferred homes that require services that are outside the scope of weatherization before the weatherization services can commence. WRF will bring the dwelling into weatherization readiness by addressing structural and health and safety issues.

The WRF will be distributed to the Subrecipients according to the formula historically used to distribute weatherization funds. Unspent WRFs can be carried forward into subsequent budget periods within the same grant cycle (e.g., Program Year (PY) 2022 can be carried into PY 2023) on a program level. Unspent WRFs must be returned to the WRF total which ADECA will reallocate according to the formula historically used to distribute weatherization funds.

WRF MAXIMUM

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)
WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885, State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

There is no definitive cap on the amount of WRFs the Subrecipients can spend to prepare a dwelling for weatherization, however an ACPU of \$8,000.00 specific to the use of WRF should be targeted. In addition, if a dwelling requires more than \$16,000, the dwelling must be deferred unless the Subrecipient has access to additional funds that they can combine with the WRFs. WAP BIL funds cannot be combined with WRF to pay for measures to avoid deferral.

While Subrecipients need the flexibility to assist clients to varying levels based on circumstance, it is important that as many deferrals as possible are avoided with the use of WRFs. In the event an \$8,000.00 ACPU is not met by the end of the program year, the Subrecipient must provide a justification explaining the circumstances that required an excess of \$8,000 be spent to avoid deferral.

PRIORITIZATION OF DWELLINGS

The Subrecipient must conduct a thorough inspection of the dwelling to identify all deferral issues. After clients are deemed eligible for weatherization services (including the prioritization of Elderly Persons, Families with Children, Persons with Disabilities, High Residential Energy Users, and High Energy Burden), they will be eligible to receive WRF.

For WRFs to be expended, an Energy Audit must be performed on the dwelling. As such, issues dealing with the safety and well-being of the auditor or general inaccessibility of areas in the dwelling (clutter) cannot be addressed with WRFs. If the dwelling cannot be made ready for weatherization, it should be deferred.

The nature of the repairs may include the following categories:

- Roof Repair/Replacement
- Wall Repair (Interior or Exterior)
- Ceiling repair
- Floor Repair
- Exterior drainage repairs (e.g. gutters)
- · Plumbing repairs
- · Electrical repairs
- · Cleanup or remediation beyond typical scope of WAP
 - o Lead Paint
 - o Asbestos (Confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or moisture
 - o Debris
 - Pests or feces removal

Any other possible issue or repair not mentioned above will require the Subrecipient to obtain

permission from the Grantee (ADECA) prior to utilizing the WRF.

LIWAP and other non-DOE funds may be utilized to leverage WRF activities to bring a dwelling to weatherization readiness status.

RESTRICTIONS

While the use of WRFs must result in a DOE-funded completion, the completion does **not** need to be within the same Program Year. The DOE-funded unit can be completed within a different Program Year within the same grant cycle **and** within a reasonable timeframe. **A reasonable timeframe for the purposes of this plan is within 60 days of finishing WRF measures completed on a unit to avoid deferral.** To count as a DOE completion, at least one Energy Conservation Measure (ECM) using DOE funds must be installed in the dwelling. If WRFs are used on a dwelling and the dwelling does not result in a DOE completion, the Subrecipient must reimburse ADECA the amount of WRF money spent on the dwelling with non-state, non-federal money.

WRFs will not be utilized for homes that exhibit dangerous conditions that may pose a significant threat, endangerment, or can create a significant health concern to the Subrecipient's staff, contractors, and/or crews.

WRF money must be tracked separately from other DOE funds.

WRFs <u>may</u> be used on both DOE annual-formula-funded <u>and</u> BIL-funded weatherization projects. While BIL will not have its own allotment of WRFs, the WRFs provided in annual-formula-funded grants may be used on dwellings that will be completed in the execution of the BIL program so long as they meet the above time frame and definition of DOE completion.

MONITORING

The WRF will be monitored through the monthly reimbursement process. Subrecipients will be required to indicate and identify the homes where WRFs was

U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)
WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885, State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

utilized on their expenditure reports.

Additionally, the WRF will be monitored during yearly remote and onsite monitoring. The Subrecipient will be responsible for producing documentation (e.g. invoices, etc.) to corroborate the expenditures for the purpose of making the dwelling weatherization ready. ADECA will collect the following information in its annual monitoring of Subrecipient:

- 1. Number of dwellings receiving WRFs by Subrecipient and dwelling type (site-built or manufactured)
- 2. Amount of WRFs spent by Subrecipient and dwelling type
- 3. Amount of WRFs spent per dwelling by Subrecipient
- 4. Nature of repairs (roof, plumbing, floors, electrical, etc.) by Subrecipient and dwelling type
- 5. For site-built dwellings, the year constructed
- 6. Other funds used to ready dwellings for weatherization, if applicable

ADECA will also ensure that each dwelling that receives WRFs results in a DOE annual-formula-funded or BIL-funded completion,



U.S. Department of Energy

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SUBGRANTEE INFORMATION

State: AL Grant Number: EE0009885 Program Year: 2024

Ms. Tina Evans Name: Alabama Council on Human Relations, Inc. Contact:

> NM15TJNTXJM8 UEI:

183860386 DUNS: 950 Shelton Mill Rd (334) 821-8336 Address: Phone:

PO Drawer 3770 (334) 826-6397 Fax:

Auburn, AL 36831-0409 tina.evans@achr.com Email:

LEE County

Counties CD Tentative allocation: \$ 118,744.60 Congressional served: AL-03 districts served: Planned units: 12

Type of organization: Non-profit organization

Source of labor: Contractors

Mr. Cade Gunnells Name: Central Alabama Regional Planning and Development Commissio Contact:

> TNC1GLG9Z6U6 UEI: 781377734 DUNS:

Address: 430 South Court Street Phone: (334) 262-4300

Montgomery, AL 36104-4102 (334) 262-6976 Fax:

> Email: cgunnells@carpdc.com

> > CD

PERRY County Counties \$ 271,516.85 Congressional Tentative allocation: served:

AUTAUGA County AL-02 districts served: Planned units:

SHELBY County Type of organization: Non-profit organization RUSSELL County

CHILTON County **DALLAS County** MACON County

Source of labor: Contractors

Ms. Tyesha Yarbrough Name: Community Action Agency of Northeast Alabama, Inc Contact:

HSXZK11LPLJ5 UEI: 948061619 DUNS: 1481 McCurdy Avenue, South Phone: (256) 638-4430 Address: PO Box 1487 (256) 638-2039 Fax:

Rainsville, AL 35986-1487 Email: tyesha@caaneal.org

DEKALB County Counties CD Tentative allocation: \$ 708,142.05 Congressional

JEFFERSON County AL-04 served: Planned units: 71 districts served: CHEROKEE County

Type of organization: Local agency MARSHALL County

ETOWAH County ST. CLAIR County **BLOUNT County**

JACKSON County Source of labor: Contractors

ELMORE County

served:

OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

U.S. Department of Energy

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SUBGRANTEE INFORMATION

State: AL Grant Number: EE0009885 Program Year: 2024

Mr. Jay Hendricks Name: Community Action Agency of Northwest Alabama, Inc. Contact:

> TJGCN43BLB25 UEI:

DUNS: 135457047

(256) 383-3832 Address: 745 Thompson Street Phone: Florence, AL 35630-3867

(256) 766-4367 Fax:

j.hendricks@caanw.org Email:

FRANKLIN County Counties

Tentative allocation: \$ 118,471.05

james.mcpherson@caaofsa.org

Congressional

districts served:

districts served:

CD

AL-05

CD

AL-01

CD

LAUDERDALE County **COLBERT County**

Planned units: 11

Congressional districts served:

Type of organization: Local agency

Source of labor: Contractors

Mr. James McPherson Name: Community Action Agency of South Alabama, Inc. Contact:

> LJCFLSSH88E1 UEI: 082145368

DUNS:

Email:

Address: 26440 Pollard Road

(251) 626-26461013 Phone:

PO Box 250 (251) 626-2613 Fax:

MARENGO County

Counties \$ 202,162.00 Tentative allocation: MONROE County served:

Planned units: 20

CLARKE County Type of organization: Local agency **CONECUH** County

BALDWIN County WILCOX County

Daphne, AL 36526-0250

ESCAMBIA County

Source of labor: Contractors

Name: Community Action Agency of Talladega, Clay, Randolph, Calhoun Mr. Steinway Cash Contact:

> KZEPNYBRARE9 UEI: DUNS: 105370493 (256) 268-8042 Phone:

136 North Court Street Address: PO Box 278 Fax: (256) 474-0854

Talladega, AL 35161-0278 steinway@caatcrcc.org Email:

TALLADEGA County Counties Tentative allocation: \$ 178,153.35 Congressional AL-03

RANDOLPH County served: Planned units: 17 CLEBURNE County Type of organization: Local agency

CALHOUN County

CLAY County

Source of labor: Contractors

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U.S. Department of Energy

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SUBGRANTEE INFORMATION

State: AL Grant Number: EE0009885 Program Year: 2024

Name: Community Action Committee, Inc. of Chambers-Tallapoosa-Coos Contact: Mr. Kevin Walker G8RJR6L5LJK3 UEI: 607565652 DUNS: Address: 170 South Broadnax Street (256) 825-4287 Phone: Dadeville, AL 36853-1704 (256) 825-4280 Fax: kwalker@ctccac.com Email: Counties TALLAPOOSA County CD Tentative allocation: \$ 64,006.30 Congressional CHAMBERS County AL-03 served: districts served: Planned units: 6 COOSA County Type of organization: Non-profit organization Source of labor: Contractors Ms. YaShika Ray Name: Community Action Partnership of Huntsville/ Madison and Limes Contact: KJ1KJ9J1MUD1 UEI: 078971595 DUNS: 3516 Stringfield Road, NW (256) 851-9800 Address: Phone: P.O. Box 3975 (256) 851-9803 Fax: Huntsville, AL 35810-0975 Email: yray@caa-htsval.org LIMESTONE County Counties CD \$ 191,245.45 Congressional Tentative allocation: MADISON County AL-05 served: districts served: Planned units: Type of organization: Local agency Source of labor: Contractors Name: Community Action Partnership of North Alabama, Inc. Ms. Angela Ingram Contact: CWA3M48K2KQ3 UEI: 082065335 DUNS: 1909 Central Parkway, SW (256) 260-3116 Address: Phone: Decatur, AL 35601-6822 (256) 355-7953 Fax: angela.ingram@capna.org Email: **CULLMAN County** Counties CD Tentative allocation: \$211,186.55 Congressional MORGAN County AL-04 served: 21 districts served: Planned units: MARION County Type of organization: Local agency WINSTON County WALKER County

Name: Community Service Programs of West Alabama, Inc Contact: Ms. Cynthia Burton

UEI: GKJYK54UUW87 DUNS: 144583499

DUNS: 144583499

601 Black Bears Way Phone: (205) 469-1018 Tuscaloosa, AL 35401-4807 Fax: (205) 758-7229

Source of labor: Contractors

Email: cburton@cspwal.com

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Address:

LAWRENCE County

U.S. Department of Energy

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SUBGRANTEE INFORMATION

State: AL Grant Number: EE0009885 Program Year: 2024

FAYETTE County Counties CD Tentative allocation: \$ 206,590.00 Congressional **GREENE County** AL-07 served: Planned units: 20 districts served: TUSCALOOSA County Type of organization: Local agency **HALE County** PICKENS County SUMTER County **BIBB** County LAMAR County Source of labor: Contractors Mr. Tracy Rhodes Name: Mobile Community Action, Inc. Contact: YC9MUGJNF4Z4 UEI: 049124688 DUNS: 461 Donald St. (251) 457-5700 Address: Phone: Mobile, AL 36617-0000 (251) 457-4113 Fax: t.rhodes@mcamobile.org Email: WASHINGTON County Counties CD Tentative allocation: \$300,513.50 Congressional MOBILE County AL-01 served: districts served: Planned units: CHOCTAW County Type of organization: Local agency Source of labor: Contractors Name: Montgomery County Commission, c/o Central Alabama Regional Contact: Mr. Cade Gunnells G7V6WJZYK5G7 UEI: DUNS: 099839086 430 S Court Street (334) 262-4300 Address: Phone: Montgomery, AL 36104-4102 (334) 262-6976 Fax: cgunnells@carpdc.com Email: Counties MONTGOMERY County CD Tentative allocation: \$ 181,883.90 Congressional served: AL-02 Planned units: districts served: Unit of local government Type of organization: Source of labor: Contractors

Name: Organized Community Action Program, Inc.

Contact: Ms. Annette Shepherd

UEI: XM94E912XBN6 DUNS: 082060468

Address: 507 North Three Notch Street Phone: (334) 566-1712
Troy, AL 36081-0908 Fax: (334) 566-7417

Email: ashepherd@troycable.net

DOE F 540.5 OMB Control No: 1910-5127 (08/05) Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

U.S. Department of Energy

WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SUBGRANTEE INFORMATION

State: AL Grant Number: EE0009885 Program Year: 2024

| Counties served: | HENRY County GENEVA County | Tentative allocation: Planned units: | | Congressional districts served: | CD AL-02 |
|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | COFFEE County BARBOUR County BUTLER County | Type of organization: | Local agency | | |
| | LOWNDES County COVINGTON County | | | | |
| | CRENSHAW County HOUSTON County | | | | |
| | BULLOCK County | | | | |
| | DALE County | | | | |
| | PIKE County | Source of labor: | Contractors | | |



U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885. State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

This worksheet should be completed as specified in Section III of the Weatherization Assistance Program Application Package.

V.1 Eligibility

V.1.1 Approach to Determining Client Eligibility

Provide a description of the definition of income used to determine eligibility

General Description

Income data for the 12 months preceding the date of application is used. The State provides subrecipients with an "Application for Weatherization Assistance Form" containing information that must be obtained from prospective program participants before a decision can be made on their eligibility for weatherization assistance. All applicants are required to identify the amount and source of income for their household. In addition, they have to indicate whether they rent or own their home. All applicants are required to sign their application, testifying to the correctness of their statements. Falsification of an application is subject to prosecution. Income is defined as the items listed in Weatherization Program Notices (WPN) that dictate Poverty Income Guidelines.

To be eligible for WAP services, an applicant must have a gross annual household income at or below 200 percent of the poverty level as published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Describe what household eligibility basis will be used in the Program

No dwelling unit may be weatherized without documentation that the dwelling unit is an eligible unit. A standard weatherization application is used by local Community Action Agencies (CAA's). This application requires that all household income be calculated, per DOE requirements. It also requires that income and home ownership is verified by Agency staff. Income Eligibility Limits will follow the 200% of poverty guidelines updated yearly in DOE Program Notices.

CAAs are required to maintain a signed weatherization program application in the clients file.

A record of previously weatherized dwelling units by address is maintained in FACSPro. If the house is eligible for reweatherization, the subrecipient makes a determination whether or not to reweatherize the house based on a number of factors.

If weatherization services do not begin within 12 months of the eligibility determination date, the household's eligibility must be updated and reconfirmed.

Priorities are described in Section V.5.

Describe the process for ensuring qualified aliens are eligible for weatherization benefits

Alabama will follow the policies outlined in "Summary of Immigrant Eligibility Restrictions Under Current Law as of 2/25/2009" in the HHS Guidelines, when determining eligibility of qualified and non qualified aliens.

Requirements for Qualified Aliens

A Qualified Alien is defined in 8 U.S.C. § 1641 and is eligible for weatherization if all other points of eligibility are met.

Additional information can also be found in LIHEAP IM HHS Guidance on the Use of Social Security Numbers (SSNs) and Citizenship Status Verification Published December 12, 2014

V.1.2 Approach to Determining Building Eligibility

Procedures to determine that units weatherized have eligibility documentation

FACSPRO, the intake system utilized by all subrecipients, will ask the intake worker to verify all members of a household to determine the number of priority points for the applicant (see below) and ages of members of the household. Household income documentation must be retained in the client file as well. Proof of ownership is required. If the unit is a rented unit, the owner/landlord must sign a rental release form which specifies that rent will not be raised solely due to the increased value because of weatherization and that no undue or excessive enhancement shall occur to the value of the dwelling. The FACSPro system maintains weatherized addresses from 2002- present individual agencies may have additional records.

Describe Reweatherization compliance

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Section 1011(h) of the Energy Act of 2020, amends 42 U.S. Code § 6865(c)(2) removing the reweatherization date, September 30, 1994, and create a "rolling" option.

Dwelling units weatherized (including dwelling units partially weatherized) under this part, or under other Federal programs (in this paragraph referred to as 'previous weatherization'), may not receive further financial assistance for weatherization under this part until the date that is 15 years after the date such previous weatherization was completed. This paragraph does not preclude dwelling units that have received previous weatherization from receiving assistance and services (including the provision of information and education to assist with energy management and evaluation of the effectiveness of installed weatherization materials) other than weatherization under this part or under other Federal programs, or from receiving non-Federal assistance for weatherization.

Alabama uses the Families, Agencies, Community Services Program (FACSPro) System. This system is used to track completed weatherized units and will be used to ensure that homes that have received weatherization assistance are not eligible to receive additional weatherization assistance using federal funds until at least 15 years after the date of completion. FACSPro allows addresses to be searched to determine if a unit has received prior weatherization and the date of those services. Additionally, if an address has received previous weatherization then weatherization services will not appear as an eligible program for that applicant. To ensure accurate records of weatherized homes are maintained the use of FACSPro will be required by all agencies during the Program Year. The FACSPro system maintains weatherized addresses from 2002- present individual agencies may have additional records.

Describe what structures are eligible for weatherization

Structures eligible for weatherization include single family and manufactured housing. Non traditional dwelling units such as shelters, apartments over businesses, etc., will be discussed with, and if necessary, approved by the DOE PO prior to weatherization. All structures must be stationary and have a specific mailing (street) address. Campers, non-stationary trailers, and storage buildings are not eligible.

Multi-Family units that are 4 units or less must use the Single Family Audit Tool (NEAT) .

Multi Family Units greater than 4 units must use a DOE approved Multi-Family Energy Audit. The audit will be submitted to the Grantee who will submit it to DOE for review and approval before any work may be done.

Additionally, (NEAT) can be used for individually heated and cooled units under 25 units, in addition to sending to DOE for prior approval.

A programmatic agreement is chartered between DOE, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the National Conference of State Historic Preservation Officers. The programmatic agreement works to eliminate a backlog of houses from unnecessary review and streamline the process of completing weatherization projects. Through this agreement DOE made the Advisory Council aware of what the specifics of the Weatherization Assistance Program are and that most measures do not alter the structure of homes. Based on the WAP Priority Measures list, this agreement exempts most of the measures performed through weatherization from Section 106 review. A list of these exempt measures was laid out in the appendices of the Programmatic Agreement.

Describe how Rental Units/Multifamily Buildings will be addressed

In order to insure the benefits of weatherization accrue primarily to the low income tenants, subgrantees are required to have a Rental Release Form signed by the Client/Tenant and the Landlord/Owner.

This form allows the CAA to perform weatherization work on the home and also prohibits the landlord/owner from raising the rent for a period of one year based solely on the increased value of the dwelling because of weatherization.

No undue or excessive enhancement shall occur to the value of the dwelling unit. A properly executed energy audit with an ECM of 1 or greater would not consitute an undue enhancement. The weatherization program is primarily an energy efficiency program not a home repair and rehabilitation program. Extensive repair and rehabilitation measures outside the scope of weatherization such as roof and siding replacement, home improvement/beautification, etc. are not allowed with DOE funds.

Multi-family units may be weatherized. Multi family units are eligible if the following criteria are met. 66% of the units must be income eligible to weatherize a multi-family unit with 5 or more units; 50% must be income eligible to weatherize a multi-family dwelling of 4 units or less.

Describe the deferral Process

See Deferral Policy which is part of Health and Safety Plan

When a home is deferred for weatherization services the subrecipient determines if another program housed within that subrecipient or local to the area will be able to assist and correct deferral issues. If no program can be identified the client is referred to other sources primarily USDA, and/or calling 211 which is a directory for the United Way which can provide contact information for additional services.

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V.1.3 Definition of Children

Definition of children (below age): 18

V.1.4 Approach to Tribal Organizations

☐ Recommend tribal organization(s) be treated as local applicant?

If YES, Recommendation. If NO, Statement that assistance to low-income tribe members and other low-income persons is equal.

Low-Income Members of Indian Tribes

The State of Alabama will ensure that eligible members of Indian tribes will receive benefits equivalent to the assistance provided to other low income persons within the State of Alabama. ADECA stipulates that local program operators assure weatherization activities to include low-income Native Americans.

V.2 Selection of Areas to Be Served

Selection of Areas to be served

The agencies operating the WAP in Alabama have service areas which the appropriate public officials designated when establishing the agencies. These service areas are recognized by ADECA in determining areas to be served by weatherization projects operated by either a Community Action Agency or local government entity. All of Alabama's 67 counties are served. Applicants are served based on the Priority Points received during application. Applicants with the highest points are served first. Occasionally, an agency will come across a dwelling that may not rank as high on the point system as others, yet be cause of some unusual circumstance, such as illness, storm damage or other, the need for weatherization services is great, and the dwelling may be weatherized. Also, the subrecipient may group dwellings having lower priority points with dwellings having higher priority points for program efficiency purposes. Any deviation from the usual procedure requires documentation be maintained in the client file.

In the event an agency cannot fulfill the terms of its contract for whatever reason the state will use a temporary alternate subrecipient to provide weatherization services for the area until a new subrecipient for that area can be selected through RFP process. This will help minimize the disruption for the service area until a new subrecipient is in place.

The formula used to allocate funds to each county in Alabama is based on the percentage of population in poverty in each county, each county received an amount of funds based on percentage in poverty. In turn each agency is allocated funds based on which counties they serve.

The State of Alabama ensures that in selecting WAP subrecipients, preference is given to Community Action Agencies or other public or nonprofit entities that have, or are currently administering, an effective program, with program effectiveness evaluated by consideration of factors including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:

The extent to which the past or current program achieved or is achieving weatherization goals in a timely fashion;

The quality of work performed by the subrecipient and;

The number, qualifications and experience of the staff members of the subrecipient.

ADECA ensures that the funds received from the Department of Energy (DOE) for the WAP will be allocated in accordance with DOE's selection criteria for subrecipients. These funds will be allocated to areas on the basis of the relative need for a weatherization project by low-income persons. These allocations will be based entirely on the percentage of the State's population at or below poverty in each county served by the subrecipients.

Funds are allocated based on the U. S. Census Poverty Percentage Factor Data. The percentage below poverty figure for each county is applied. This ensures that funds are allocated to all areas based on relative need.

Multi-county subrecipients will be required to adhere to each county's allocation of WAP funds by weatherizing a proportional number of units within each county of its

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service area in relation to its total WAP allocation.

V.3 Priorities

Priorities

In identifying and providing weatherization assistance, priority is given to elderly and disabled low-income persons, families with small children, and other high energy consuming dwelling units according to the following standard statewide prioritization procedures. These procedures are based upon a Priority Point System in which points are assigned as follows:

Priority Point System:

- 1. If head of household is disabled 10 points
- 2. If head of household is elderly (60 or over) 10 points
- 3. Household with children under 18 years of age 10 points
- 4. If one or more members of the household is elderly and/or disabled 5 points
- 5. High Energy Consumers (utility bill \$200.00 or more) or LIHEAP Client- 5 points
- 6. High Energy Burden (residential energy burden exceeds median level of energy burden) 5 points

Applications with the highest number of points will be weatherized first. Occasionally an agency will come across a dwelling that may not rank as high on the point system as others, yet because of some unusual circumstance, such as illness, storm damage or other, the need for weatherization assistance is great. In such cases the agency may make an exception and weatherize that dwelling. The purpose of the Priority Points System is to assist subgrantees in identifying the dwelling units most in need of weatherization assistance according to the established priorities. If an agency has 70 applications on hand from one county and only enough funding to complete 40 dwelling units, obviously some applicants will not be served with funds currently available. The Priority Points System provides for a fair and consistent means of evaluating and selecting which clients can be served and in what order.

V.4 Climatic Conditions

The climatic conditions for the major urban areas of Alabama are included in each year's State Plan. This data was obtained from the National Weather Service. The climatic variances within the state influence certain procedures utilized in the WAP.

The State of Alabama falls into two major climactic zones.

The State is divided through the middle, the northern part of the state is considered a Mixed-Humid climate while the Southern part of the state is considered a Hot-Humid Climate.

Additionally, the southern-most area of the state is also part of a Coastal Climate.

See attachment for Heating and Cooling Degree Days

V.5 Type of Weatherization Work to Be Done

V.5.1 Technical Guides and Materials

Types of Work to be Performed

The State of Alabama uses the National Energy Audit Tool (NEAT) or the Mobile Home Energy Audit (MHEA). All work to be done will be consistent with a DOE-approved energy audit using materials meeting the requirements of Appendix A. Alabama will pursue receiving approval for the implementation of an Optional Priority List to be used in conjunction with Energy Audits as applicable.

Implementation of Weatherization Program Notice 22-4: Section 1

The Alabama WAP Field guides for Single Family Site Built and Mobile Homes were approved by DOE, December 2021.

Hard copies along with electronic versions are available to the network. Hard copies are provided to subrecipients and electronic versions are are emailed and available on the ADECA website at:

OMB Control No: 1910-5127

Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

DOE F 540.2 (08/05) OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

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https://adeca.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/AL-Field-Guide-12-6-21.pdf

Signed receipts will be maintained to indicate receipt and agreement with standards outlined in filed guides.

Implementation of Weatherization Program Notice 22-4: Section 2

All subrecipient agreements and vendor contracts will contain language which clearly documents the specifications for field work. ADECA will include a certification document with the Subrecipient contract to document acknowledgment and receipt of these technical requirements.

Sample Contract language may include but is not limited to:

All weatherization work performed with DOE funds by the subrecipient or any of its contractors must meet the guidelines and specifications outlined in the Standard Work Specifications (SWS) provided by the Department of Energy (DOE) and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL). The Alabama Weatherization Field Guide has been updated to include specifications and references to the Standard Work Specifications (SWS) and must be adhered to when performing weatherization work. Additional information regarding the Standard Work Specifications can be found at https://sws.nrel.gov/. All contracts and subcontracts entered into by the subrecipient and/or one of its contractors must include the language above.

Signed contracts will confirm receipt of and agreement to adhere to work quality expectations

Field guide types approval dates

Single-Family: 12/6/2021 Manufactured Housing: 12/6/2021

Multi-Family:

V.5.2 Energy Audit Procedures

Audit Procedures and Dates Most Recently Approved by DOE

Audit Procedure: Single-Family Audit Name: NEAT Approval Date: 1/21/2021

Audit Procedure: Manufactured Housing

Audit Name: MHEA
Approval Date: 1/21/2021

Audit Procedure: Multi-Family

Audit Name: Approval Date:

Comments

Alabama received approval for the use of Weatherization Assistant v.10 on Jan 21, 2021. Currently all units will require an audit using either a National Energy Audit Tool (NEAT) or Mobile Home Energy Audit (MHEA) whichever is applicable. Alabama will pursue receiving approval for the implementation of an Optional Priority List to be used in conjunction with Energy Audits as applicable.

Multi-Family units that are 4 units or less must use the Single Family Audit Tool (NEAT) .

Multi Family Units greater than 4 units must use a DOE approved Multi-Family Energy Audit. The audit will be submitted to the Grantee who will submit it to DOE for review and approval before any work may be done.

Additionally, (NEAT) can be used for individually heated and cooled units under 25 units, in addition to sending to DOE for prior approval.

V.5.3 Final Inspection

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Final Inspections

Subrecipients are required to conduct and approve a final inspection of each dwelling weatherized before the job can be reported to ADECA-Energy as complete. Non-compliance to this program requirement is considered a serious offense and can jeopardize a subrecipient's funding. Both the Building Weatherization Report (BWR) and the Final Inspection form must be signed and dated by the individual(s) trained and authorized to complete the inspection. The Final Inspection form also requires the signature of the Head of Household which verifies all work was performed in a satisfactory manner. The Final Inspection forms are retained in the client's folder and inspected for compliance by ADECA-Energy's monitor(s) when a monitoring visit is conducted. At the beginning of each month, subgrantees send BWRs of all homes completed the previous month to ADECA-Energy for review by the program managers and/or the program supervisor to ensure program compliance.

ADECA-Energy staff also inspects each subrecipient's completed work during the monitoring visit on-site reviews. Weatherized homes are inspected to verify compliance with the Installation Standards. The grantee will monitor/inspect at least 10% of completed units. ADECA-Energy staff selects which jobs will be monitored at random and/or during the course of a desk review which is conducted prior to each visit.

Implementation of Weatherization Program Notice 22-4: Section 3

Funds are regularly available for recipient and subrecipient staff to obtain Quality Control Inspector Certification through IREC accredited training centers. Subrecipients will have the option of obtaining the QCI certification and performing the quality control inspections at their agencies, or if subrecipient staff is unable to obtain certification the subrecipient will be required to subcontract a Quality Control Inspector.

- All units reported to DOE as completed will be inspected to ensure compliance with specifications outlined in the SWS.
- · All quality control inspections, including final inspections and monitoring inspections, will be conducted and signed off by a certified QCI.

Due to the lack of available agency staff subrecipients may use the Independent Auditor/QCI which will allow the auditor/assessor to be the same individual. Because this model does not allow for an independent review the recipient will increase its monitoring efforts to include at least 10% of units completed by each subrecipient.

There are 13 subrecipient agencies in the state of Alabama. Ideally each agency would have an individual on staff to provide QCI final inspections; with current agency staff it will not be possible to have a QCI at each agency. All Weatherization Coordinators will have the ability to attend QCI training, however, due to the prerequisites for testing not all Weatherization coordinators will be able to obtain certification. For subrecipient agencies that do not have staff certified, each will be required to contract QCI inspections either in partnership with other community action agencies or through other certified individuals. A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) will be entered into by subrecipients wishing to partner with each other to perform Quality Control Inspections.

Currently 5 individuals hold QCI certifications in the State of Alabama, all of which currently work or contract within the WAP Network. The State is currently contracted with the Alabama Community College System to provide assistance in securing training for applicable subrecipient staff and contractors in an attempt to expand the available QCI workforce available to the WAP Network.

Subrecipients are required to ensure that each completed unit will be inspected by a certified Quality Control Inspector. As part of the recipient's regular monitoring, final inspection forms and processes will be reviewed to ensure the inspections are being performed correctly and in a manner that meets expectations outlined in WPN 22-4. Failure to abide by the QCI process may result in questioned/unallowable cost. Multiple instances of poor QCI inspections will result in the subrecipients being placed on a Quality Improvement Plan at minimum and may result in the loss of the subrecipient's weatherization assistance program.

Final inspection forms have been updated to include language that attests that a final inspection has been performed by a Certified Quality Control Inspector and that all work has met the requirements set forth in the Standard Work Specification.

V.6 Weatherization Analysis of Effectiveness

ADECA-Energy continuously evaluates the effectiveness of subrecipient operations. Subrecipients are selected and retained pursuant to their experience and performance with low-income persons and its capacity to perform weatherization measures. The past or current program achievement is considered. They must have the capacity to perform quality measures in a timely and effective manner.

Subrecipients must report their activities each month, information containing the number of homes completed, the number of applicants on the waiting list, number of homes in progress, expenditure reports and balances, etc. is reviewed and compiled for analysis and reporting purposes.

Files are maintained for each of the subrecipients which contain contracts and related information, along with production documentation and monitoring reports. Additionally files are maintained for each subrecipient which contains fiscal information, expenditure reports, backup documentation etc. The information maintained in these files can be used to show how each subrecipient is meeting their contractual responsibilities.

Whenever there are findings during a monitoring visit the subrecipient is required to successfully complete corrective actions as instructed by the recipient. Future monitoring visits look closely at past issues to ensure the agency has understood the corrective action and continues to perform said issues correctly.

Prior to monitoring visits, agencies will be sent a self assessment tool which inquires about fiscal status, inventories, property and equipment, internal controls, etc.

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These can be used by the agency to locate areas for improvement as well as a tool for monitors to review specific aspects of an agency's day to day activities. These assessments are provided to the monitor during the monitoring visit and discussed with the subrecipient during the monitoring and, if actionable, in corrective action correspondence.

Effectiveness by Subrecipient

In an attempt to quantify more information regarding each individual subrecipient's effectiveness, the grantee intends to review actual energy savings to compare agencies which have similar budgets and similar unit production requirements. Actual energy savings produced between similar subrecipients can be compared so that if one agency is proving to be more effective in its weatherization as compared to another similar agency, further inquiry into why this is happening may yield opportunities for improved Training and Technical Assistance. The desire would then be to bring the lagging agencies up to par with the higher performing ones.

Another way to identify issues one agency may be having that another agency is not is to track client complaints, both by nature of the actual complaint and which agency and/or contractor performed the work on that clients home. If one agency receives numerous complaints about a particular issue while a neighboring agency does not, it would stand to reason there is a teachable moment which harbors the ability to correct this recurring error. Having one agency mentor another on a particular incident has the potential to reduce the number of complaints received by the respective agency, thus making them more efficient and effective in their weatherization.

Onsite Inspections of Weatherized and In-Progress Units

The grantee will monitor at least 10% of completed units. In addition to completed units, monitor(s) will inspect units in progress to identify best practices and/or shortfalls early in the process and to allow for onsite training and technical assistance opportunities in lieu of potential disallowed costs.

Program & Fiscal Monitoring

An annual monitoring visit is conducted with each subrecipient to conduct programmatic and fiscal monitoring. These visits focus on fiscal, administrative, and programmatic compliance with all applicable federal and state WAP rules and regulations. If issues are discovered during monitoring visits they must be reconciled in the agency's response to the monitoring report and are reviewed during subsequent monitoring visit to ensure problems have been corrected.

Utility Usage Data

ADECA will strive to improve the process for collection of accurate utility usage data on homes weatherized in Alabama. Better collection and use of the data will provide greater evidence of the cost savings provided by the WAP.

V.7 Health and Safety

See Attachments for Health and Safety Plan

Total average Health and Safety Costs will not exceed 25% of Total Program Operations

Subrecipients acquire additional information on the Health and Safety of prospective clients' homes by use of a Health and Safety Inspection Check List during the assessment process prior to weatherization work commencing.

Definitions:

Case by Case: separate and distinct from others of the same kind, individual judgment

In the event of an issue out of the normal scope of work typically done for Health and Safety, the Subrecipient should contact their assigned Program Manager, in writing, with an explanation of the unique circumstances involved in the case for discussion and approval.

V.8 Program Management

V.8.1 Overview and Organization

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Recipient: State of Alabama

Organization

Administration of the WAP at the local level is performed by subrecipients – local government and community action agencies. Information concerning these agencies follows on the next page.

The administration of the WAP is performed at the state level by the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs, Energy Division (ADECA-Energy).

WAP Program currently consists of the Unit Chief, Program Supervisor, and 2 Program Managers with the intention of hiring a Technical Lead. It is housed in the Energy Division of the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs. The Energy Division is also home to the State Energy Program, the LIHEAP Program, and the CSBG Program.

Production information is submitted to the Program Managers for review and data collection then passed along to Program Supervisor for additional review and assessment.

Invoices are reviewed by Program Managers, spot checked by Program Supervisor and Unit Chief, and approved by Division Chief before being submitted to Financial Services for processing and payment.

V.8.2 Administrative Expenditure Limits

Administrative Expenditure Limits

Administrative funding will be no more than 15% of the program year (PY) allocation. The recipient, ADECA, can receive up to 7.5% of the total PY allocation for administrative purposes. The subrecipient must receive at least 7.5% of the PY allocation for administrative purposes.

The budget for this PY provides approximately 3% for recipient and approximately 9% for subrecipient administrative purposes.

ADECA has determined, through historical data, that the amount budgeted for subrecipient administrative costs is sufficient for effectively implementing the administrative requirements of this grant project. ADECA will continue to review the administrative requirements for both the recipient and subrecipient to determine if additional administrative funding is required moving forward.

V.8.3 Monitoring Activities

In compliance with 10 CFR 440.12 (b) (6), the State of Alabama has established the following monitoring plan to ensure that all subrecipients adhere to contractual and Federal regulatory guidelines and instructions, have adequate programmatic and financial management control, and perform work on homes by acceptable

All subrecipients will be monitored at least once each program year. Those agencies which have indicated weaknesses in any area necessary to ensure program and fiscal compliance may receive additional visits or further desktop review. A mid-year review of the subrecipient's home production will occur this program year. Unacceptable production can result in the deobligation of a subrecipient's Weatherization Funds and the reallocation of those funds to capable and productive subrecipients.

Previously, monitoring DOE units was somewhat unpredictable based on the fact that DOE and LIHEAP weatherization (LIWAP) were conducted completely separately. Generally, LIWAP production was the focus of the first half of the program year while DOE was the focus the last half; advanced scheduling was difficult due to the wait for completed units. The program now combines the DOE and LIWAP which will even out production making scheduling easier.

There are 13 subrecipients to be monitored by the recipient Program Managers/Monitors. Each Program Manager/Monitor is responsible for a series of subrecipients, called a "District". Each Program Manager/Monitor will attempt to schedule a minimum of one monitoring a quarter, more for those Program Managers/Monitors with more subrecipients, with the understanding that all subrecipients must be monitored each year. This will roughly break down as follows:

Quarter 1 - Monitoring of 1 Subrecipient

Quarter 2 - Monitoring of 5 Subrecipients

Quarter 3 - Monitoring of 3 Subrecipients

Quarter 4 - Monitoring of 4 Subrecipients

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At this time, the Energy Division has 2 Program Manager/Monitors who will complete the programmatic, financial, and administrative monitoring. Due to turnover, the Energy Division currently has no QCI Certified individuals on staff. As a result, we have entered into a contract with Apple Energy Group to provide a team of Quality Control Inspectors to provide for the Technical requirements of Monitoring until WAP staff with the experience and training required to obtain QCI Certification have been hired.

At least one ADECA employee will conduct a programmatic and technical review of subrecipient agencies. During the program year, each subrecipient will be subjected to at least one (1) monitoring visit to ensure the provision of quality services. Programmatic and technical reviews may take place concurrently or independently. Alabama is using the independent Auditor/QCI option where applicable, however due to the significant shortage of QCI in the state (Alabama ranks 48 out of 50 states for number of QCI as of 2023) many subrecipients are forced to use the same individual for both Auditor and QCI. For the sake of consistency and to avoid confusion, Alabama has defaulted to Monitoring at least 10 % of all completed homes, even those capable of Independent Audit/QCI. A minimum of 10% of the house allocation per subrecipient will be visited by the monitor(s). Pervasive errors, omissions, or dissatisfaction may be investigated, requiring additional on-site reviews or increased units monitored until ADECA is satisfied the quality of work has improved. Monitoring includes approximately 10 Client File reviews (if that many are available) these reviews look at the application, required eligibility documentation, Priority Point calculations, Identification, signatures, and forms. Contractor files are reviewed to ensure they posses all required documentation such as business licenses, training certification, insurances, and contracts between the subrecipient and the contractor. Bid documentation is reviewed to ensure that the bidding was done according to any laws and policies and that the lowest responsible bidder is awarded the work and if they were not a clear and justifiable reason is provided as to why. We also review subrecipient agency documentation including insurance, mileage logs, time sheets, invoices, and payments to contractors.

After a monitoring visit has taken place a monitoring report is generated and sent to the subrecipient within 30 days. This report contains an overview of the monitoring and any findings along with corrective actions, if applicable. The subrecipient then has 30 days to respond to the recipient monitoring report with a corrective action plan, if applicable, that demonstrates the process and procedures that the subrecipient will implement, including timelines, to address the deficiency observed by the recipient during the monitoring visit. The recipient will review the corrective action plan to determine if all corrective actions have been adequately addressed, if corrective actions have not been adequately addressed to the satisfaction of the grantee the subrecipient is issued an additional letter explaining what needs to be done further. The subrecipient then has 15 days to respond. If the subrecipient does not complete the required corrective actions to the satisfaction of the recipient, funding may be withheld until all corrective actions have been satisfactorily completed.

The Independent Auditors and State Examiners review subrecipient program operations on an annual basis. These internal audits will be conducted in accordance with the General Accounting Office's "Standards for Audits or Governmental Organizations, Programs, Activities, and Function" and generally accepted auditing standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Monitoring findings by the Energy Division and the reviews by Independent Auditors and/or State Examiners will be reported to the subrecipients in writing in a timely manner. Any deficiencies in program operations which are not corrected in accordance with the instructions may result in funds being withheld from the subrecipients or in termination of that agency's program.

Each subrecipient is required to submit monthly Production Progress Reports to ADECA-Energy within fifteen (15) calendar days of the first of each month if the agency has a Weatherization Contract. This report compiles data such as the demographics of the homes weatherized for the previous month. The report also tracks the subrecipients' homes in-progress. The reports are reviewed and recorded to ensure that plan versus performance goals are being met. Failure to submit the report within the allotted time frame could delay the subrecipient's funding.

In addition to these monitoring efforts, each subrecipient, except local governments who are audited by the State Examiner, is required to receive a Single Audit Report of Federal funds in compliance with 2 CFR 200 Subpart F if applicable. Audits are reviewed by recipient staff as part the risk assessment each year.

V.8.4 Training and Technical Assistance Approach and Activities

Alabama Weatherization Assistance Program T&TA Plan

ADECA has partnered with the Alabama Community College System to identify the training needs of the WAP network, develop a comprehensive training plan, and coordinate the implementation of the plan. The plan has developed into the provision of Weatherization Curriculum that will be offered at the state's developing Energy Infrastructure Training Center. The following schedule aims to provide a structured and comprehensive approach to training for the Weatherization Assistance Program, ensuring each role supporting the WAP is well-prepared and continually updated on relevant skills and regulations:

- Grant Management Training Administrative/Programmatic Training Available Monthly starting in January 2024
- Procurement Bootcamp Administrative/Programmatic Training Available every other month starting in January 2024
- Lead Paint Certified Renovator Technical Available every month in two of four alternating locations starting in February 2024
- OSHA 10 Technical Available every month in two of four alternating locations starting February 2024
- Lead Paint Certified Renovator CE Renewal Technical Available every month in two of four alternating locations starting February 2024
- NEAT/MHEA Technical Available every month in two of four alternating locations starting February 2024
- Combustion Appliance Zone (CAZ) Testing Technical Available February 2024, and then quarterly in two of four alternating locations starting December 2024.

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- 1501E Basic Refrigeration & HVAC Operations Technical Available February 2024 and December 2024
- 1502E Basic HVAC Electrical Operations Technical Available February 2024 and December 2024
- Retrofit Installer Technician Technical April, May, July, August, October, November, January, and February 2024 at multiple locations.
- Crew Leader Technical April, May, July, August, October, November, January, and February 2024 at multiple locations.
- Leadership, Communication, and Effective Team Building Administrative/Programmatic April and August 2024
- Effective Communication and Public Relations Workshop Administrative/Programmatic May 2024
- Energy Auditor Technical June, September, December 2024, and March 2025 in two of four alternating locations
- Quality Control Inspector Technical June, September, December 2024, and March 2025 in two of four alternating locations
- Duct & Envelope Testing and Zone Pressure Diagnostics Technical June, September, December 2024, and March 2025 in two of four alternating locations
- ASHRAE 62.2 Ventilation Technical June, September, December 2024, and March 2025 in two of four alternating locations
- 1802 Residential Load Calculations Technical June, September, December 2024, and March 2025 in two of four alternating locations.
- Train the Trainer: Effective On-the-Job Training June and October 2024

All NREL-aligned, IREC-accredited curriculum will be performed by certified trainers.

All requirements of the Quality Work Plan and other program guidance as outlined in Weatherization Program Notice 22-4 must be followed.

There are five (5) individuals in the state who have QCI certification in the WAP network. While not all Subrecipient staff will be able to sit for the test, the QCI training will be available for Subrecipient weatherization staff.

Subrecipients will be allowed to provide T&TA funds for contractors within the WAP. This will be beneficial for contractors performing weatherization work to remain up to date on current methods, rules, and regulations. T&TA funds will be made available for contractors who currently work in the Alabama WAP network with the stipulation that they will have to cover their costs initially but can then be reimbursed once the training is completed. Reimbursement will be limited to registration fees and lodging based on the location of the conference; if extensive travel is required, travel costs may also be reimbursed. Contractors will also be required to sign a retention agreement stating they will continue to provide weatherization services to the Alabama WAP network for a minimum of six months.

Client Education

During assessment of a home, the assessor reviews the specific measures to be performed on the home and answers any questions the client may have. Both the Recipient and the Subrecipient are available to answer questions if an issue arises. Clients are also provided with booklets and pamphlets to aid in their understanding of energy saving and potential dangers. The following client education materials are provided to each client:

Energy Savers Tips on Saving Energy and Money

Carbon Monoxide - The "Invisible" KILLER

The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right

A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture, and Your Home

A Citizen's Guide to Radon - The Guide To Protecting Yourself And Your Family From Radon

Percent of overall trainings

| G 1 . T |
|-------------------------------|
| Comprehensive Trainings: 50.0 |
| Specific Trainings: 50.0 |

Breakdown of T&TA training budget

| Percent of budget allocated to Auditor/QCI trainings: 25.0 | , |
|---|---|
| Percent of budget allocated to Crew/Installer trainings: 25.0 | , |
| Percent of budget allocated to Management/Financial trainings: 50.0 | , |

V.9 Energy Crisis and Disaster Plan

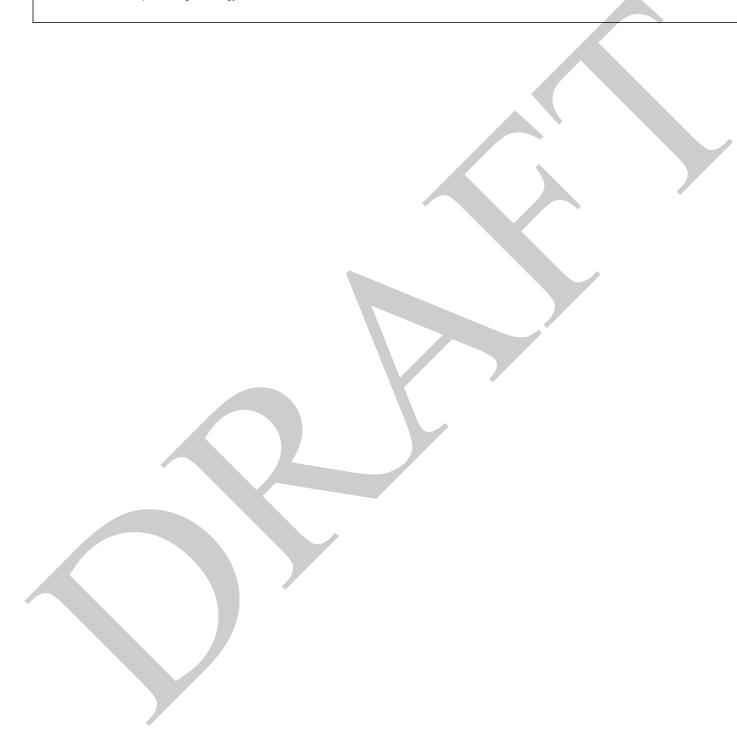
U.S. Department of Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)
STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009885, State: AL, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Alabama

The State will not be implementing an Energy Crisis Plan.



Alabama Weatherization Health and Safety Plan 2023 Program Year

☑ Policy Submitted with Plan

1.0 — GENERAL INFORMATION

Recipients are encouraged to enter additional information here that does not fit neatly in one of the other sections of this document.

This Health and Safety Policy is part of the 2023 Alabama Weatherization Assistance Program.

Effective April 1, 2024 through March 31, 2025

2.0 - BUDGETING

Recipients are encouraged to budget Health & Safety (H&S) costs as a separate category and, thereby, exclude such costs from the average cost per unit cost (ACPU) limitation. This separate category also allows these costs to be isolated from energy efficiency costs in program evaluations. Recipients are reminded that, if H&S costs are budgeted and reported under the program operations category rather than the H&S category, the related H&S costs must be included in the calculation of the ACPU and cost-justified through the approved energy audit.

| Select which option is used below. | Select which | option | is used | below. |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------|
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------|

Separate Health and Safety Budget ☑

Contained in Program Operations

3.0 — HEALTH AND SAFETY EXPENDITURE LIMITS

Pursuant to 10 CFR 440.16(h), Recipients must set H&S expenditure limits for their Program, providing justification by explaining the basis for setting these limits and providing related historical experience.

Low percentages should include a statement of what other funding is being used to support H&S costs, while larger percentages will require greater justification and relevant historical support. It is possible that these limits may vary depending upon conditions found in different geographical areas. These limits must be expressed as a percentage of the ACPU. For example, if the ACPU is \$5,000, then an average expenditure of \$750 per dwelling would equal 15 percent expenditures for H&S.

15 percent is not a limit on H&S expenditures but exceeding this amount will require ample justification. These funds are to be expended by the Program in direct weatherization activities. While required as a percentage of the ACPU, if budgeted separately, the H&S costs are not calculated into the per-house limitation. DOE strongly encourages using the table below in developing justification for the requested H&S budget amount. Each H&S measure the Recipient anticipates addressing with H&S funds should be listed along with an associated cost for each measure, and by using historical data the estimated frequency that each measure is installed over the total production for the year.

It is also recommend reviewing recent budget requests, versus expenditures to see if previous budget estimates have been accurate. The resulting "Total Average H&S Cost per Unit" multiplied by the Recipient's production estimate in the Annual File <u>should</u> correlate to the H&S budget amount listed in the Recipient's state plan.

Should a Recipient request to have more than 15 percent of Program Operations used for health and safety purposes, DOE will conduct a secondary level of review. DOE strongly encourages use of this H&S template and matrix to help expedite this process

| H&S Measure Matrix - Optional | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|----------|--|--|--|
| Double Click To Open For Editing | | | | | | |
| Cells this shade auto calculate | | | | | | |
| <u>Enter</u> Measure ↓ | Enter Cost ↓ Enter Frequency % ↓ Auto Calculates | | | | | |
| CO Alarm | \$73.00 | 99.0% | \$72.27 | | | |
| Smoke Alarm | \$75.00 | 95.0% | \$71.25 | | | |
| ASHRAE 62.2-2016 | \$640.00 | 65.0% | \$416.00 | | | |
| Install Direct-Vent Space Heater | \$3,326.00 | 6.0% | \$199.56 | | | |
| Repair Roof Leak | \$300.00 | 5.0% | \$15.00 | | | |
| Clean Gas Stove | \$50.00 | 1.0% | \$0.50 | | | |
| DWH Drip Line | \$48.00 | 17.0% | \$8.16 | | | |
| Remove UVSH | \$61.00 | 11.0% | \$6.71 | | | |
| Replace Dryer vent | \$106.00 | 35.0% | \$37.10 | | | |
| Correct Electrical Issue | \$300.00 | 5.0% | \$15.00 | | | |
| LSW | \$350.00 | 5.0% | \$17.50 | | | |
| Repair/Upgrade Venting | \$257.00 | 18.0% | \$46.26 | | | |
| Hazardous Material Disposal | \$300.00 | 1.0% | \$3.00 | | | |
| Furnace Replacement | \$6,336.00 | 7.0% | \$443.52 | | | |
| Furnace Repair/Tune | \$392.00 | 6.0% | \$23.52 | | | |
| Mold/Moisture | \$300.00 | 9.0% | \$27.00 | | | |
| Repair Gas Leak | \$70.00 | 1.0% | \$0.70 | | | |
| Fire Extinguisher | \$50.00 | 10.0% | \$5.00 | | | |
| Pest Removal | \$300.00 | 1.0% | \$3.00 | | | |
| Drainage Issue | \$150.00 | 1.0% | \$1.50 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Average H&S Cost Per Unit \$1,412.55 | | | | | | |
| Enter Estimated Production (Annual File: IV.2 WAP Production Schedule) → | | | 300 | | | |
| Enter Estimated Program Operations Budget → | | | | | | |
| H&S Budget (Total Average H&S Cost Per Unit * Estimated Production) \$423,765.00 | | | | | | |
| Requested H&S Percentage Per Unit (H&S Budget/Program Operations) 23.2% | | | | | | |

4.0 - INCIDENTAL REPAIR MEASURES

If Recipients choose to identify any H&S measures as incidental repair measures (IRMs), they must be implemented as such under the Recipient's weatherization program in all cases – meaning, they can never be applied to the H&S budget category. In order to be considered IRMs, the measure must fit the following definition and be cost justified along with the associated efficiency measure;

Incidental Repairs means those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials. Such repairs include, but are not limited to, framing or repairing windows and doors which could not otherwise be caulked or weather-stripped and providing protective materials, such as paint, used to seal materials installed under this program. (10 CFR 440 "Definitions")

Incidental repairs are repairs that are necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials.

Incidental repairs must be coupled with a weatherization measure – either an energy-saving measure or a health and safety measure. Therefore, such costs should be billed together with the measure for which the incidental repair is needed.

For example, when correcting knob-and-tube wiring in an attic, itself an incidental repair, the costs involved to correct the knob-and-tube wiring should be billed together with attic insulation, an energy efficient measure. Consequently, the cost of this incidental repair is to be billed to Program Operations – not Health and Safety. Conversely, when incidental repair costs are incurred in the installation of a health and safety measure; e.g., moving a gas line to install a direct vent space heater, then the cost of moving the gas line should be billed together with the installation of the direct vent space heater. Thus, the cost of moving the gas line is to be billed to Health and Safety – not Program Operations.

Roof Repair is a measure that depending on circumstances could be considered an incidental to attic insulation by protecting the attic insulation or a Health and Safety measure because it reduced the chance of mold/moisture issued in the home.

To properly classify this measure across the network the two options will be defined as follows:

In units that receive attic insulation as a weatherization measure any roof repair will be considered a measure incidental to the insulation.

In units that do not receive attic insulation roof repair will be considered a health and safety measure which reduces the chance of mold/moisture.

An incidental repair that has no direct link to a specific weatherization measure is not an allowable expenditure. Priming or painting, for instance, is not allowable if its use does not directly seal and/or protect the weatherization materials.

Costs involved with incidental repairs may not be trivial. Cases in which the cost of an incidental repair exceeds the actual cost of the weatherization measure it is coupled with may make the weatherization measure unallowable by having a SIR of less than 1.0.

Finally, when the costs of essential weatherization measures such as infiltration and insulation are compromised by the costs of their related incidental repairs, then deferring weatherization may be in order. Alabama caps incidental costs to \$500.00 for ECMs, if incidental costs are grater that \$500.00 the unit must be evaluated with an energy audit and the cost of the incidental repair must be included in the cost of the measure in which it is associated.

5.0 - DEFERRAL/REFERRAL POLICY

Deferral of services may be necessary if H&S issues cannot be adequately addressed according to WPN 17-06 guidance. The decision to defer work in a dwelling is difficult but necessary in some cases. This does not mean that assistance will never be available, but that work must be postponed until the problems can be resolved and/or alternative sources of help are found. If, in the judgment of the auditor, any conditions exist which may endanger the health and/or safety of the workers or occupants, the unit should be deferred until the conditions are corrected. Deferral may also be necessary where occupants are uncooperative, abusive, or threatening. Recipients must be specific in their approach and provide the process for clients to be notified in writing of the deferral and what conditions must be met for weatherization to continue. Recipients must also provide a process for the client to appeal the deferral decision to a higher level in the organization.

| organization. |
|--|
| Recipient has developed a comprehensive written deferral/referral policy that covers both H&S, and other |
| deferral reasons? |
| |
| Yes ☑ No □ |
| Weatherization Deferral Policy |
| |

Deferral may be necessary if issues cannot be adequately addressed. The decision to defer work in a dwelling is difficult but necessary in some cases. This does not necessarily mean that assistance will never be provided, but that weatherization work must be postponed until the problematic conditions causing deferral can be resolved with alternative sources of help and/or funding. In the judgment of the assessor, any conditions that exist which may endanger the health and/or safety of the occupants or workers should necessitate that weatherization be deferred until the conditions are corrected. Deferral may also be necessary where occupants are uncooperative, abusive, or threatening. Such insolent behavior on the part of the occupants will not be tolerated and may consequently result in weatherization assistance never being provided.

A dwelling unit should not be weatherized where there is a major code violation or where there is a potentially harmful situation that may adversely affect the occupants, subrecipient staff, or weatherization contract workers. Only after the unit owner corrects the problems shall weatherization work begin. It is not necessarily the responsibility of the Subrecipient to correct such problems. The Subrecipient's Weatherization Coordinator, assessor, or contract assessor must declare his/her intent to defer weatherization on an eligible unit on the *Home Energy Assessment Checklist* and/or the *Health and Safety Inspection Checklist*. Either checklist should include the client's name and address, dates of the audit/assessment and when the client was informed in writing, and a clear description of the problematic condition(s).

The United States Department of Energy (USDOE), however, requires that <u>additional documentation</u> be maintained in the client file whenever deferral is deemed necessary. The *Weatherization Deferral Form* serves to clearly inform the client of the reason(s) to defer weatherization assistance on his/her home and what actions the client or his/her landlord must undertake to rescind the deferral to permit weatherization assistance to ensue. It is expected in nearly all cases of deferral that the client signs the *Weatherization Deferral Form* to acknowledge that he/she understands the reasoning for the deferral and what actions must be undertaken to rescind the deferral.

Few circumstances may arise where deferral is a result of insolent behavior or illegal activity. Requiring a client to acknowledge such conditions or activity exist in his/her home by signing the *Weatherization Deferral Form* may very likely place the party initiating the deferral in a precarious situation. Under absolutely no circumstances does the State of Alabama expect weatherization personnel to place themselves in such risky situations. In cases where weatherization personnel's safety is compromised, completing the *Weatherization Deferral Form* should be postponed until the weatherization assessor has time to discuss the case with the weatherization coordinator away from the potentially dangerous environment of the client's home. In accordance with USDOE's expectations, though, the client must still be notified for the reason(s) for the deferral. Therefore, the weatherization Subrecipient, in these rare but dangerous circumstances, must mail the *Weatherization Deferral Form* to the client certified mail with return receipt via the United State Postal Service. A copy of the *Weatherization Deferral Form* and the return receipt must be maintained in the client file to verify due diligence on the part of the weatherization Subrecipient was taken to notify the client of the reason(s) for deferral.

Should a client request a second opinion on a deferral, the Subrecipient is encouraged to contact its local county health, building, electrical, or other county inspector to request an inspection of the site. Should the client refuse to have a county inspector inspect the dwelling, the weatherization coordinator will note the refusal in the client file, and no weatherization work shall be performed on the dwelling. If the inspector deems that work pending deferral can or should be performed, the weatherization coordinator, assessor, and weatherization contractor are encouraged to work with the inspector's suggestions to make the improvements. However, the inspector does not make the final determination on the amount, cost of work, or measures applied to the unit. Consequently, the weatherization coordinator may deem the suggested measures to be financially or programmatically out of the scope of Weatherization Assistance Program and may still defer the weatherization work.

A weatherization contractor, too, may encounter a unit to be unfit for weatherization by the time of his/her arrival to perform weatherization work. If this so happens to be the case, the weatherization contractor should not begin work, but instead contact the weatherization coordinator to explain the problematic condition(s). The weatherization coordinator should then follow the same procedures in documenting the deferral as required when a problematic condition necessitating a deferral is discovered during the assessment. The State of Alabama does not require, expect, or encourage weatherization contractors to work in unsafe or unhealthy conditions.

Deferral conditions may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. The client, or other household member, has <u>known</u> health conditions that prohibit the installation of insulation materials or other weatherization materials.
- 2. The building structure or its mechanical systems, including electrical and plumbing, are in such a state of disrepair that failure is imminent and the conditions cannot be resolved cost effectively or within the scope of the Weatherization Assistance Program guidance.
- 3. The house has raw sewage, excessive animal feces, or other sanitation problems that would further endanger the client and weatherization contractors if the weatherization work were performed.
- 4. The house has been condemned or electrical, heating, plumbing, or other equipment has been "red tagged" by local, county, or state building officials or utilities due to safety or code issues.
- 5. Moisture problems that are so severe they cannot be resolved under existing health and safety measures or as minor incidental repairs.
- 6. Dangerous conditions exist due to high carbon monoxide levels associated with combustion appliances which cannot be resolved under existing health and safety measures and guidance.
- 7. The client is uncooperative, abusive, hostile, or threatening to the assessors, weatherization contractors, inspectors, or others who must work on or visit the home.
- 8. The extent and condition of lead-based paint in the house would potentially create increased health and safety hazards for both the occupants and crew members.
- 9. In the judgment of the assessor, if any condition exists which may endanger the health and/or safety of the work crew or subcontractor, then the work should not proceed until the identified condition(s) is satisfactorily corrected.
- 10. If a mold condition is discovered during the assessment of the home by an assessor and cannot be adequately addressed by the weatherization contractor, the unit will be referred to the appropriate public or non-profit agency for remedial action. Alabama weatherization Subrecipients shall defer work on the home until the owner completes mold remediation or another funding source funds and completes the mold remediation. Alabama weatherization Subrecipients shall distribute the pamphlet from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Indoor Environment Division, (IED): "A Brief guide to Mold, Moisture, and Your Home" to all clients whether or not mold is found. The pamphlet can be found at http://www.epa.gov/mold/pdfs/moldguide.pdf
- 11. Client cannot be reached at telephone number on file due to the service being disconnected or due to client unavailability.
- 12. Client refuses to allow assessors access to all areas of the home necessary to conduct the comprehensive weatherization assessment.
- 13. Presence of animals which pose a risk to assessors, weatherization contractors, and/or inspectors. The work may be deferred until such animal threats have been secured adequately so that they no longer pose a threat.
- 14. Unable to gain access to the area to perform work. The work may be deferred until the blocked access is cleared to allow the necessary access to perform the work.

- 15. The unit is of such filth and squalor or where the presence of excessive hoarding hampers the ability of the assessor or contractor to carry out their weatherization duties.
- 16. The presence of illicit activity on the premises including but not limited to: illegal drug use; distribution, possession, and/or sale of illegal drugs; prostitution; domestic violence; child abuse; and cruelty to animals. In cases where unlawful activity is witnessed, local authorities are to be notified promptly by the weatherization coordinator. Written documentation explaining the unlawful activity should be maintained in the client file and if possible, without jeopardizing one's safety, the weatherization personnel may try to obtain photographic documentation of the illicit activity to provide to authorities.

6.0 — Hazard Identification and Notification Form(s)

Documentation forms must be developed that include at a minimum: the client's name and address, dates of the audit/assessment and when the client was informed of a potential H&S issue, a clear description of the problem, a statement indicating if, or when weatherization could continue, and the client(s) signature(s) indicating that they understand and have been informed of their rights and options.

| Documentation Form(s) have been develop | ped and | comply with | guidance? | • |
|---|---------|-------------|-----------|---|
| Yes ☑ N | 0 🗆 | | | |

7.0 – HEALTH AND SAFETY CATEGORIES

For each of the following H&S categories identified by DOE:

- Explain whether you concur with existing guidance from WPN 17-06 and how that guidance will be implemented in your Program, if you are proposing an alternative action/allowability, or if the identified category will not be addressed and will always result in deferral. Alternatives must be comprehensively explained and meet the intent of DOE guidance.
- Where an Action/Allowability or Testing is "required" or "not allowed" through WPN 17-06, Recipients must concur, or choose to defer all units where the specific category is encountered.
- "Allowable" items under WPN 17-06 leave room for Recipients to determine if the category, or testing, will be addressed and
 in what circumstances.
- Declare whether DOE funds or alternate funding source(s) will be used to address the particular category.
- Describe the explicit methods to remedy the specific category.
- Describe what testing protocols (if any) will be used.
- Define minimum thresholds that determine minor and major repairs
- Identify minimum documentation requirements for at-risk occupants
- Discuss what explicit steps will be taken to educate the client, if any, on the specific category if this is not explained elsewhere in the Plan. Some categories, like mold and moisture, require client education.
- Discuss how training and certification requirements will be provided for the specific category. Some categories, like Lead Based Paint, require training.
- Describe how occupant health and safety concerns and conditions will be solicited and documented

Recipients may include additional H&S categories for their particular Programs. Additional categories must include, at a minimum, all of the same data fields as the DOE-provided categories. Two additional tables have been created to utilize.

| 7.1 – Air Conditioning and Heating Sys | tems |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ F | Results in Deferral |
| Air Conditioning Unallowable Measure ☐ Heating Unallow | able Measure |
| The replacement of Air Conditioning and/or Heating Systems must alway | s be evaluated as an Energy |
| Conservation Measure (ECM) first. If evaluation indicates the measure to | have Savings to Investment |
| Ratio (SIR) ≥ 1.0 it must be it must be completed as an ECM and charged | to Program Operations. |
| When a space conditioning system does not qualify as an ECM, the follow | ving conditions must be met |
| before the unit can be replaced or repaired with Health and Safety funds | |
| • Alabama does permit the installation and repair of heating systems and c | ooling systems (if "at-risk") as a |
| health and safety measure if it is not cost-prohibitive. Weatherization Sub | precipients are afforded the |
| discretion to determine whether the measure is cost-prohibitive based or | n the health and safety funds |
| available in their budgets. When the measure is cost-prohibitive, the wea | |
| deferred until alternative resources can be obtained to correct the heating | - · |
| client should always be made aware of any dangers caused by the heating | |
| "Red tagged," inoperable, or nonexistent primary heating system may be | replaced, repaired, or installed |
| where climate conditions warrant, consistent with this guidance. | |
| Primary air conditioning system replacement, repair, or installation is allo | • |
| current occupants are considered "at-risk" AND climate conditions warra | • |
| unit or several individually operating units; however, when a central unit | is in place, it shall be considered |
| the primary unit, and all other units are to be considered secondary. | |
| Use proper sizing protocols (Manual J, State Approved sizing protocols, N | • • • |
| on post-weatherization housing characteristics, including installed mecha | inical ventilation, when installing |
| or replacing a heating or cooling appliance. | |
| Alabama requires all HVAC system installation to follow local and state co | |
| a licensed HVAC professional. Weatherization Subrecipients must require | |
| are not licensed HVAC companies/individuals subcontract licensed HVAC | companies/individuals to |
| perform heating system installations and repairs. Heating Degree Days (HDD) range from 2,913 HDD in North Alabama to 1,339 | NUDD in South Alahama |
| Cooling Degree Days (CDD) range from 2,129 CDD in North Alabama to 3,061 | |
| Funding | CDD III SOutii Alabaiiia. |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ | Other 🗆 |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | other D |
| How do you address unsafe or non-functioning primary heating | ng/cooling systems? |
| Unsafe or non-functioning primary heating units must be repaired, replaced | |
| inoperable, or deferral is required. | |
| Non-functioning cooling units may be repaired, or replaced in homes with "a | at-risk" occupants. |

| How do you address unsafe or non-functioning secondary heating systems, Including unvented secondary space heaters? |
|---|
| Replacement or installation of secondary units is not allowed. |
| Unsafe secondary units, including space heaters, must be repaired, removed, or rendered inoperable, or deferral is required. |
| Any heating and cooling systems removed in the course of weatherization work shall be disposed of according to all local laws, regulations and/or Federal guidelines, as applicable. |
| See Hazardous Materials Disposal section for more information |
| |
| |
| |
| Indicate Documentation Required for At-Risk Occupants An individual who is "At-Risk" as it pertains to this category is any member of the household whose heath or |
| well-being would likely be endangered as a result of extreme temperatures. |
| To document and individual's status as "At-Risk" and therefore eligible to receive this service he/she must supply the Agency with an At-Risk Physician/Nurse Medical Statement. |
| The At-Risk Physician/Nurse Medical Statement is a form completed by the client's Physician/Nurse verifying that this individual does have a medical condition which can be affected as a result of extreme temperatures. |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Testing Protocols |

Make sure primary systems are present, operable, and performing correctly.

When replacing a system an audit must be used to determine if the system can be installed as an energy conservation measure (ECM) prior to replacement as an H&S measure.

If the measure is cost effective by returning an SIR of 1 or greater then it must be replaced and billed as an ECM, if it is not cost effective it should be replaced and billed as a Health and Safety Measure.

Determine and document presence of "at-risk" current occupants when installing air-conditioning as a Health and Safety (H&S) measure.

On combustion equipment, inspect chimney and flue and test for Combustion Appliance Zone (CAZ) depressurization.

For solid fuel appliances look for visual evidence of soot on the walls, mantel or ceiling or creosote staining near the flue pipe

Minimal standards for remedy include, but are not limited to the following:

Ducts:

Ducts testing <1pascal (pa) are considered to be in good condition or within the pressure boundary. Visual inspection of the ducts in site-built houses is required because supplies within the pressure boundary may be leaking into undesirable locations. Return systems should always be sealed as well as possible. Supply leaks nearest the air handler should be addressed in preference to more distant equivalent leaks.

Clean ducts prior to sealing to ensure that sealing materials adhere and remain effective.

When sealing ducts with mastic, use fiberglass wrap for the first 3 feet next to the plenum to reinforce the mastic seal.

Replace crushed registers.

The return ducts must always be sealed. Return ducts should never be open to a combustion zone. (A worst-case depressurization test should be performed.)

When working on manufactured mobile homes, ensure that ducts are attached and sealed properly to ensure heat is going into the home and not onto the ground beneath the home.

Controls:

Check anticipator settings on gas furnace thermostats and adjust to actual amperage draw.

Replace thermostats that do not have an anticipator. This does not apply to millivolt systems.

Install a setback thermostat whenever the client is capable of understanding the technology and is willing to learn how to use it correctly. Install the setback thermostat early in the weatherization process and review its use with the client. Consider making a specific appointment to install the thermostat and instruct the client on its proper use. Follow local and state codes and regulations when installing thermostats.

Share, with the client, evaluation data that shows the savings potential of using setback behavior even if client does not choose to have a setback thermostat installed.

Furnaces (heating systems):

Check for Gas Leaks

Check the heat exchange for cracks. This should be part of the energy audit process.

Draft Testing, Pre and Post Weatherization

Check Ambient and System CO

Verify combustion air source

Check venting system to insure it is functioning properly

Clean the fan, motor, and exterior of the furnace. Oil the motor.

Clean or replace filters. Talk with the client about continuing and ongoing maintenance, taking into account the client's understanding, willingness, and convenience.

High flow filters are recommended when replacing filters.

The supply temperature and heat rise should not exceed the appliance rating.

Limit switches must work properly.

The goal of all testing shall be to make sure heating systems are present, operable, and performing safely. Additionally, we want to determine the presence of occupants who may have been exposed to a hazard or danger relating to the system.

Air Conditioners (cooling systems):

Check wiring for burned or frayed wires at unit and disconnect.

Ensure unit has independent outdoor disconnect within sight or 12ft of unit

Check that filter is present and clean.

Ensure safety switches on heat pump wired properly and in working order.

Client Education

When deferral is necessary, provide information to the client, in writing, describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. A copy of this notification must also be placed in the client file.

Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.

Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.

Discuss and provide information on proper disposal of bulk fuel tanks when not removed as part of the weatherization work.

Where combustion equipment is present, provide safety information including how to recognize depressurization.

Training

WAP H&S policy training on allowable activities.

Licensing and/or certification for HVAC installers as required by authority having jurisdiction (AHJ).

CAZ depressurization test and inspection training.

7.2 - Asbestos - All

What is the blower door testing policy when suspected Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) is identified?

Blower Door Testing when possible Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) is a major concern which can affect the Health and Safety of the workers and clients. To reduce the likely hood of exposure the general guidelines listed below must be followed.

Pressurized Blower Door testing will be conducted when solid ACM are present in the attic, walls, or on duct work.

If suspected ACM's are air born no blower door testing will be conducted.

If Suspected ACM's are in siding on the outside of the home depressurized blower door testing may be conducted as usual.

| 7.2a – Asbestos - in siding, walls, ceilings, etc. | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------|-----|
| | | Concurrence, Alteri | native, or Deferra | ıl | | |
| Concurrence | with Guidance 🗹 | Alternative Gui | idance 🗆 | Results i | n Deferral 🗖 | |
| Take all reas | onable and necessary | precautions to pre | vent asbestos co | ntaminatio | n in the hom | ie. |
| | Funding | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗖 | State □ | Utility 🗆 | O1 | ther 🗆 | |
| DOE funds m | ay be used to address t | this category | | | | |
| How do you address suspected ACM's in siding, walls, or ceilings that will be disturbed through the course | | | | | | |
| of weatherization work? | | | | | | |
| Congral achastas removal is not approved as a health and safety weatherization cost | | | | | | |

The existence of asbestos siding that is in good condition does not prevent installing dense-pack insulation from the exterior.

Siding may be removed and reinstalled in order to perform the ECM, and the associated costs may be charged as part of the ECM.

All precautions must be taken not to damage the siding. Asbestos siding should never be cut or drilled.

Recommended, where possible, to insulate through home interior walls.

General abatement of asbestos siding or replacement with new siding is not an allowable H&S cost.

Major asbestos problems should be referred to the appropriate state agency and/or EPA.

Testing Protocols

Visually inspect exterior wall surface and subsurface, floors, walls, and ceilings for suspected ACM prior to drilling or cutting.

Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act of 1986 (AHERA) sample collection and testing must be conducted by a certified tester.

It is difficult to tell whether a material contains asbestos simply by looking at it, unless it is labeled. If in doubt, treat the material as if it contains asbestos.

Inspect exterior wall surfaces and sub-surfaces for asbestos siding prior to drilling or cutting. Typically, asbestos appears as a whitish, fibrous material which may release fibers that range in texture from coarse to

Do not permanently or temporarily replace or remove asbestos siding.

Keep activities to a minimum in any areas having damaged material that may contain asbestos. Document and inform the client regarding the damaged material and suspected asbestos. Do not further disturb the material. If necessary, weatherization work to that area may have to be deferred.

Do not dust, sweep, or vacuum debris that may contain asbestos.

Never saw, sand, scrape, or drill holes in asbestos materials. Asbestos siding should never be cut or drilled. Do not track material that could contain asbestos through the house.

Follow EPA and OSHA regulations regarding the safe handling of asbestos to ensure worker and client safety.

Client Education

Inform the client in writing that suspected ACMs are present and what precautions will be taken to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization. Formally notify client in writing of results if testing was performed.

Training and Certification Requirements

Safe practices for siding removal and replacement.

How to identify suspected ACM.

Licensing/certification for removal and reinstallation of asbestos siding if required by AHJ.

| | 7.2b – Asbestos | - in vermiculit | e | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Concurrence, Alter | native, or Deferra | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance 🗹 | Alternative Gu | idance 🗆 | Results in Deferral | |
| Take all reasonable and necessary | y precautions to pre | event asbestos cor | ntamination in the home. | |
| | Fund | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State \square | Utility 🗆 | Other | |
| DOE funds may be used to address | this category | | | |
| How do you address suspect | | | sturbed through the course of | |
| | weatheriza | | | |
| When vermiculite is present, assun | ne it contains asbest | os unless testing d | etermines otherwise. | |
| Do not perform a blower door test | if it will disturb the | vermiculite. | | |
| If testing determines asbestos is no | ot present blower do | or testing may be | conducted as usual. | |
| Use proper respiratory protection | while in areas contai | ning vermiculite. | | |
| Encapsulation by an appropriately trained asbestos control professional is allowed. | | | | |
| Removal is not allowed. | | | | |
| When deferral is necessary due to | asbestos, occupant r | nust provide docui | mentation that a certified | |
| professional performed the remed | iation before work co | ontinues. | | |
| | Testing P | Protocols | | |
| AHERA sample collection and testing | ng must be conducte | ed by a certified tes | ter. | |
| Baseline environmental asbestos sa | ampling is an allowal | ble cost. | | |
| Do not open any walls to check for vermiculite. Only check for vermiculite in the attic, and if found, leave it | | | | |
| undisturbed, when possible. | | | | |

If it is necessary to go into the attic containing vermiculite insulation, limit the number of trips and the shorten the length of those trips in order to limit any potential exposure and to avoid disturbing the product as any disturbance could potentially release asbestos fibers into the air.

Wear protective equipment when entering an attic area that may contain vermiculite insulation.

Do not track vermiculite insulation or associated dust into the living spaces of the home.

Follow EPA and OSHA regulations regarding the safe handling of asbestos to ensure worker and client safety.

Client Education

Instruct clients in writing not to disturb suspected ACM.

Provide asbestos safety information to the client.

Formally notify client in writing of results if testing was performed.

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Training and Certification Requirements

Assessors should be able to recognize vermiculite.

AHERA or state certification to conduct testing.

AHERA or other appropriate asbestos control professional certification/training for encapsulation.

| 7.20 | – Asbestos - o | n pipes, furnac | es, other sma | II covered surfaces |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | C | Concurrence, Altern | ative, or Deferra | |
| Concurrence with | n Guidance 🗹 | Alternative Gui | dance 🗆 | Results in Deferral □ |
| Take all reasonal | ble and necessary p | precautions to prev | ent asbestos cor | ntamination in the home. |
| | | Fundi | ing | |
| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗆 | State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other 🗆 |
| | e used to address th | | | |
| How do you ad | | | | all surfaces) that will be disturbed |
| | | ugh the course of w | | ork? |
| Assume asbestos | is present in suspec | ct covering material | S. | |
| 1 | | ent, take precaution | ary measures as i | f it is asbestos unless testing |
| determines other | wise. | | | |
| | | | rol professional is | s allowed and should be conducted |
| prior to blower de | oor testing if the ma | iterials are friable. | | |
| Recipient may all | ow removal by an a | ppropriately trained | d professional on | a case-by-case basis. |
| | | | | h removal, if the cost is deemed |
| unreasonable the | e home may have to | be deferred until the | ne issue can be ac | ldressed. |
| Charge only those | e costs directly asso | ciated with the test | ing, encapsulation | n, or removal to the H&S budget |
| category. | | | | |
| | • | | | mentation that a certified |
| professional perfe | ormed the remediat | tion before work co | ntinues. | |
| | | Testing Pr | otocols | |
| | uspected ACMs are | | | |
| AHERA sample co | ollection and testing | | | y a certified tester. |
| | | Client Edu | ucation | |
| | writing not to distu | | | |
| Provide asbestos | safety information | to the client. | | |
| Formally notify cl | lient in writing of res | sults if testing was p | erformed. | |
| When deferral is | necessary, provide i | nformation in writi | ng describing con | ditions that must be met in order |
| for weatherizatio | n to commence. | | | |
| | | aining and Certifica | tion Requiremen | ts |
| Auditors should b | oe able to recognize | suspected ACM. | | |
| AHERA or other a | ppropriate asbesto | s control profession | al certification/tr | aining is required to abate the ACM. |

| 7.5 – B | iologicals and Unsanitary C | Conditions |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| (odors, mustiness, | bacteria, viruses, raw sewa | ge, rotting wood, etc.) |
| | Concurrence, Alternative, or Defe | rral |
| Concurrence with Guidance | Alternative Guidance □ | Results in Deferral |
| | Unallowable Measure | |
| | Funding | |

| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗆 | State □ | Utility 🛘 | Other 🗆 | |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| DOE funds may | be used to address t | his category | | | |
| What guidanc | e do you provide Su | brecipients for dea | aling with biological | and/or unsanitary conditions in | |
| | | homes slated for | weatherization? | | |
| Remediation of | conditions that may | lead to or promote | e biological concerns | and unsanitary conditions is | |
| allowed. | | | | | |
| Addressing bact | eria and viruses is no | ot an allowable cos | t. | | |
| Deferral may be | necessary in cases v | where conditions in | the home pose a he | ealth risk to occupants and/or | |
| weatherization | workers. | | | | |
| See Mold and M | loisture section for n | nore information. | | | |
| | | Testing F | Protocols | | |
| Sensory inspect | ion | | | | |
| | | Client Ed | ducation | | |
| Inform client in | writing of observed o | conditions. | | | |
| Provide informa | tion on how to main | tain a sanitary hon | ne. | | |
| When deferral is | s necessary, provide | information in writ | ting describing condi | tions that must be met in order | |
| for weatherizati | on to commence. | | | | |
| | | Trai | ning | | |
| How to recogniz | e unsafe conditions | and when to defer | | | |
| Safe work practi | ices when encounter | ring such condition | S. | | |
| | | | | | |

| 7.6 – Building Structure and Roofing | | |
|--|--|--|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ✓ Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral ☐ | | |
| Weatherization is not a Rehabilitation Program, if the unit to be weatherized has structural issues beyond the | | |
| scope of weatherization it must be deferred until the issue is addressed by either other funding or the | | |
| homeowner. | | |
| Funding | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | |
| What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with structural issues (e.g., roofing, wall, | | |
| foundation) in homes slated for weatherization? | | |
| Site conditions that poses a safety hazard to agency staff or subcontractors which cannot be corrected within | | |
| the scope of the program may result in a deferral. | | |
| Building structure & roofing should be evaluated visually so that no existing conditions are disturbed. | | |
| Structural problems with dwellings often lead to deferral because the scope is beyond the means of the | | |
| program to treat. Beyond simple incidental repairs, such as roof patching, there is no feasible means to | | |
| address severe structural defects. | | |
| Roof repairs are allowable as a H&S measure if: | | |
| It resolves and bulk water intrusion issue that is the cause of visible biological growth and; | | |
| The H&S roof repair is well documented with written explanation and photos of the biological growth in the | | |
| client file. | | |
| How do you define "minor" or allowable structure and roofing repairs, and at what point are repairs | | |

considered beyond the scope of weatherization?

The incidental repair cost is attributed to the cost of the measure and becomes part of the SIR.

If the cost of the repair causes the measures SIR to drop below 1.0 then the measure cannot be completed and the unit may need to be deferred.

If priority lists are used, and these repairs are designated as Incidental Repairs, at what point is a site-specific audit required?

No priority lists are in use.

Client Education

Notify client in writing of structurally compromised areas.

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Training

Assessors are able to identify structural and roofing issues.

| 7.7 – Code Compliance |
|--|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral |
| Concurrence with Guidance ✓ Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral ☐ |
| Funding |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category |
| What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with code compliance issues in homes receiving |
| weatherization measures? |
| Correction of preexisting code compliance issues is not an allowable cost unless triggered by weatherization |
| measures being installed in a specific room or area of the home. |
| When correction of preexisting code compliance issues is triggered and paid for with WAP funds, cite specifi |
| code requirements with reference to the weatherization measure(s) that triggered the code compliance issu |
| in the client file. |
| Follow State and local or AHJ codes while installing weatherization measures, including H&S measures. |
| Condemned properties and properties where "red tagged" H&S conditions exist that cannot be corrected |
| under this guidance must be deferred. |
| What specific situations commonly trigger code compliance work requirements for your network? How are |
| they addressed? |
| Some AHJ require all code issues be addressed regardless of whether or not the issue is related to |
| weatherization; for example, one AHJ requires all smoke detectors be hard wired, and while we have a |
| variance which does not require that for our program this AHJ still requires this be done. Also, when repairing |
| combustion appliance venting this AHJ requires that the entire vent be replaced not just one section or area |
| repaired. While sometimes there are additional funds that can address these issues that is not always the case. When additional funds are not available homes may be deferred until other funds are available. |
| Client Education |
| Inform client in writing of observed code compliance issues when it results in a deferral. |
| |
| When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. |
| |
| Training |
| Assessors should determine what code compliance may be required. |

Sub-Recipients must ensure that weatherization-related work complies with all applicable codes.

7.8 – Combustion Gases

Sub-Recipients must be aware of code compliance.

| | | oncurrence, Alterr | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Concurrence with | | Alternative Gui | | Results in Deferral | |
| | | | s, including gas dry | ers and refrigerators, furnaces, | |
| • | ters and water heate | • | | A | |
| Correct venting w | hen testing indicate | s a problem. | | | |
| | | • | | ation cannot be remedied by repair | |
| or tuning, replace | ment is an allowable | e H&S measure un | ess prevented by o | other guidance herein. | |
| Maintain docume | ntation justifying the | e replacement wit | n a cost compariso | n between replacement and repair | |
| in the client file. | | | | | |
| Replacement unit | s must meet safety | guidelines as deter | mined in the Recip | pient Plan or technical Field Guide. | |
| See Air-Condition | ing and Heating Syst | tems section and A | ttachment A for m | ore information. | |
| | | | | | |
| | | F | | | |
| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗆 | Fund State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other | |
| | e used to address th | | Othity Li | Other L | |
| DOE TUTIOS ITIAY DE | s used to address th | Testing Pi | rotocols | | |
| Combustion safet | y testing is required | | | ecent | |
| | | | | rization testing pre- and post- | |
| • | • | | • | | |
| | ne home, adding exh | | WHEII WOLK HAS DE | een done that could affect draft | |
| | • | | daguata alaaranaa | | |
| | combustion appliar | | | * | |
| | ved audit to determ | ine if the appliance | e can be justified as | s an ECM prior to replacement as | |
| an H&S measure. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| How are cros | we instructed to har | adla problems disc | overed during tool | ting, and what are the specific | |
| now are trev | | • | t require an imme | - | |

Combustion Safety Test Action Levels

| CO Test Result* | And/ OR | Spillage and Draft | |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | | Test Results | Retrofit Action |
| 0-25 ppm | And | Passes | Proceed with work |
| 26-100 ppm | And | Passes | Recommend that the CO problem be fixed |
| 26-100 ppm | And | Fails a worst case only | Recommend a service call for the appliance and/or repairs to the home to correct the problem |
| 100- 4 00 ppm | Or | Fails under natural conditions | STOP WORK: Work may not proceed until the system is serviced and the problem is corrected |
| >400 ppm | And | Passes | STOP WORK: Work may not proceed until the system is serviced and the problem is corrected |
| >400 ppm | And | Fails under any condition | EMERGENCY: Shut off fuel to the appliance and call for service immediately |

| Client Education |
|---|
| Provide client with combustion safety and hazards information. |
| Training |
| How to perform appropriate testing, determine when a building is excessively depressurized, and the |
| difference between air free and as-measured CO. |
| CO action levels. |

| | 7.9 - Electrical | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Funding | | | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ | Utility 🛘 | Other 🗆 | | | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | | | | | | |
| What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with electrical hazards, including knob & tube | | | | | | | |
| wiring, in homes slated for weatherization? | | | | | | | |

Wires are inspected to ensure they are in good condition and not bare or frayed.

Service boxes and junction boxes are inspected to ensure they have secure covers.

Live knob and tube in the attic will not be covered or surrounded.

A dam that does not cover the top will be created to separate insulation from the wire path.

If the wiring is above the joists, an un-faced fiberglass batt must be installed below the wiring.

The balance of the attic may be blown to required insulation depth without covering any knob & tube. If the knob and tube wiring goes through the joists, do not insulate below the wiring, just create the dam. The additional cost of damming K&T wiring will be considered an incidental repair and billed along with the ECM (i.e. insulation).

If the additional cost causes the ECM (i.e. insulation) to no longer be cost effective the home should be deferred until additional funding can be secured to address the K&T wiring issue.

Sidewalls with active knob and tube wiring will not be insulated.

How do you define "minor" or allowable electrical repairs, and at what point are repairs considered beyond the scope of weatherization?

The incidental repair cost is attributed to the cost of the measure and becomes part of the SIR.

If the cost of the repair causes the measures SIR to drop below 1.0 then the measure cannot be completed and the unit may need to be deferred.

If priority lists are used, and these repairs are designated as Incidental Repairs, at what point is a sitespecific audit required?

No priority lists are in use.

for weatherization to commence.

Client Education

When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.

Training

Auditors must be able to identify electrical hazards.

Auditors should be aware of local (or AHJ) code compliance.

| 7.10 – Formaldehyde, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Flamma | able Liquids, and oth | er Air Po | llutants | | | |
| | Concurrence, Alternative, | or Deferra | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance | Alternative Guidance | | Results in Deferral | | | |
| | Funding | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ l | Jtility 🗆 | Other \square | | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address t | his category | | | | | |
| What guidance do you provide Sub | recipients for dealing with | n formalde | hyde, VOCs, flammable l | iquids, and | | |
| other air pollut | tants identified in homes | lated for w | reatherization? | | | |
| Removal of pollutants is allowed and | d is required if they pose a | risk to wor | kers. | | | |
| If pollutants pose a risk to workers a | If pollutants pose a risk to workers and removal cannot be performed or is not allowed by the client, the unit | | | | | |
| must be deferred. | | | | | | |
| Refer to Hazardous Materials Disposal section for more information. | | | | | | |
| Testing Protocols | | | | | | |
| Sensory inspection. | | | | | | |
| Client Education | | | | | | |
| Inform client in writing of observed hazardous condition and associated risks. | | | | | | |
| Provide client written materials on safety issues and proper disposal of household pollutants. | | | | | | |

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order

| Training |
|---|
| Transing |
| Auditors should be able to recognize potential hazards and when removal is necessary. |

| 7.11 – Fuel Leaks |
|---|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ |
| Funding |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category |
| Remediation Protocols |
| When a minor gas leak is found on the utility side of service, the utility service must be contacted before |
| work may proceed. |
| Fuel leaks that are the responsibility of the client (vs. the utility) must be repaired before weatherizing a unit. |
| Notify utilities and temporarily halt work when leaks are discovered that are the responsibility of the utility to |
| address. |
| Test exposed gas lines for fuel leaks from utility coupling into, and throughout, the home. |
| Conduct sensory inspection on bulk fuels to determine if leaks exist. |
| How do you define allowable fuel leak repairs, and at what point are repairs considered beyond the scope |
| of weatherization? |
| Fuel leak repairs are allowable when the leak is not severe enough to pose a hazard to the worker or |
| occupant. A leak would be considered beyond the scope of weatherization if it is severe enough to pose a |
| hazard to the worker or occupant. |
| Client Education |
| Inform clients in writing if fuel leaks are detected. |
| Training |
| Auditors are trained to conduct fuel leak testing. |
| 7.12 – Gas Ovens / Stovetops / Ranges |
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ |
| |
| Funding |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category |
| What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for addressing unsafe gas ovens/stoves/ranges in homes |
| slated for weatherization? |
| When testing indicates a problem, entities may perform standard maintenance on or repair gas cooktops and |
| ovens. |
| Replacement is not allowed. |
| Testing Protocols |
| Test gas ovens for CO. |
| Inspect cooking burners and ovens for operability and flame quality. |
| Client Education |
| Inform clients of the importance of using exhaust ventilation when cooking and the importance of keeping |
| burners clean to limit the production of CO. |
| Training |

| Auditors are trained on proper testing techniques. | |
|--|--|
| Auditors are aware of CO action levels listed in Section 7.8 above | |

| 7.13 – Hazardous Materials Disposal | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| [Lead, Refrigerant, Asbestos, Mercury (including CFLs/fluorescents), etc.] | | | | | |
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ | | | | | |
| Hazardous Waste Materials generated in the course of weatherization work shall be disposed of according to | | | | | |
| all local laws, regulations and/or Federal guidelines, as applicable. | | | | | |
| Document proper disposal requirements in contract language with responsible party. | | | | | |
| Refer to <i>Lead</i> and <i>Asbestos</i> sections for more information on those topics. | | | | | |
| Funding | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ | | | | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | | | | |
| Client Education | | | | | |
| Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazardous waste materials being generated/handled in the home. | | | | | |
| Training | | | | | |
| Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for working with hazardous waste materials. | | | | | |
| Disposal requirements and locations. | | | | | |
| Health and environmental risks related to hazardous materials. | | | | | |
| Disposal Procedures and Documentation Requirements | | | | | |
| Hazardous Waste Materials generated during weatherization work shall be disposed of according to all local | | | | | |
| laws, regulations and/or Federal guidelines, as applicable. | | | | | |
| Documentation of proper disposal should be included in client file | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| 7.14 – Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| (Measures suc | h as repairing s | tairs and repla | acing handrails) | | |
| | Concurrence, Alter | native, or Deferra | 1 | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance 🗹 | Alternative Gu | iidance 🗆 | Results in Deferral □ | | |
| | Fund | ding | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address t | his category | | | | |
| What guidance do you pr | ovide Subrecipient | ts regarding allowa | able injury-related repairs | | |
| (e.g., stairs, handrails, porch deck board)? | | | | | |
| Workers must take all reasonable precautions against work on homes that will subject workers or | | | | | |
| occupant(s) to health and safety risks. Minor repairs and installation may be conducted only when necessary | | | | | |
| to effectively weatherize the home; otherwise these types of measures are not allowed. The auditors and | | | | | |
| workers on a job are to observe if dangers are present that may prevent completion of the weatherization | | | | | |
| work. Clients must be informed by auditors and/or workers of observed hazards and associated risks. | | | | | |
| How do you define "minor" or allowable injury prevention measures, and at what point are repairs | | | | | |
| considered beyond the scope of weatherization? Quantify "minor" or allowable injury prevention | | | | | |
| measures. | | | | | |

Minor allowable injury prevention measures are measures that are small in scope but provide additional protection for workers and occupants from potential hazards.

Injury prevention measures that cost over \$500.00 are not considered minor and are not allowable.

Examples of minor allowable injury prevention may include but are not limited to repair/replacing a stair tread, repair/replacing a hand rail, securing attic ladder, etc.

This does not allow for installing wheelchair ramps or items that do not relate directly to weatherization work.

| work. | | |
|--|----------|---|
| | Training | _ |
| Auditors are trained in hazard identification. | | |

| 7.15 – Lead Based Paint | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | | | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ | | | | | | | | |
| Funding | | | | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗖 | State \square | Utility □ | Other | | | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | | | | | | | |
| Safe Work Protocols | | | | | | | | |

Crews must follow EPA's Lead; Renovation, Repair and Painting Program (RRP) when working in pre-1978 housing unless testing confirms the work area to be lead free.

Deferral is required when the extent and condition of lead-based paint in the house would potentially create further H&S hazards.

Only those costs directly associated with the testing and lead safe practices for surfaces directly disturbed during weatherization activities are allowable.

Minor Repair or Maintenance Activities: Activities that will disturb less than the following square feet of paint surfaces in 30 calendar days (counting all paint surface areas of a removed component):

- i. 6 square feet per room for interior activities; or
- ii. 20 square feet for exterior activities.

But this exemption does **NOT** apply to the following:

- i. Window replacement.
- ii. Demolition of painted surface areas.
- iii. Using any of the following:
- Open-flame burning or torching;
- Machines to remove paint through high-speed operation without HEPA exhaust control; or
- Operating a heat gun at temperatures at or above 1100 degrees Fahrenheit

Mobile Homes. Often, interiors of mobile homes were not painted but rather, paneling was applied to the surfaces. Therefore, pre-1978 mobile homes that were not painted by the manufacturer, occupant, landlord, or past owner of the unit before 1978, may be exempt from LSW. However, Weatherization Programs must verify the areas receiving weatherization services have never been painted or were painted for the first time after 1978. If this is not verifiable, then LSW protocols must be followed. Painted exterior surfaces on pre-1978 units should not be drilled, scraped, sanded, or receive any other work that disturbs the paint.

Testing Protocols

Testing to determine the presence of lead in paint that will be disturbed by WAP measure installation is allowed with EPA-approved testing methods.

LSW must be applied to all pre-1978 housing unless there is existing evidence that the home has been certified as being lead-free or below the lead threshold limit (e.g., for paint containing lead below the regulated level, 1.0 mg/cm2 or 0.5% by weight). One of the following methods must be used to determine the paint to be disturbed is not lead-based paint:

- Written determination by certified lead inspector or risk assessor; or

- Proper use of EPA-recognized test kit provided agencies (documenting manufacturer and model of test kit used, description and location of components tested, and test kit results)
- -A State-approved lead-based paint test protocol

Testing methods must be economically feasible and justified.

Job site set up and cleaning verification by a Certified Renovator is required.

Recipients must verify that crews are using lead safe work practices during monitoring.

Client Education

Follow pre-renovation education provisions for RRP.

Weatherization Subrecipients must provide a copy of the pamphlet, "The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right", to owners and occupants of a dwelling built before 1978 to inform the household of the potential risk of the lead hazard exposure. Also, Subrecipients are required to have the client sign a form confirming receipt of the lead pamphlet and store that form in the client's file.

If the Weatherization service provider cannot get a client signed acknowledgement, then the form will be signed by agency personnel signifying delivery of that pamphlet.

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Training and Certification Requirements

All employees and contractors working on pre-1978 homes must receive training to install measures in a lead-safe manner in accordance with the SWS and EPA protocols, and installation must be overseen by an EPA Certified Renovator.

In 2010, the Alabama Lead Contractor Certification Program received approval from the Alabama State Committee on Public Health to seek EPA authorization to administer and enforce the lead-based paint RRP rules for the State of Alabama in lieu of the EPA. The Renovation Contractor Certification, Chapter 420-3-29, establish requirements for certifying renovators, dust sampling technicians, and renovation firms. Further, these rules establish requirements for renovation project notifications, pre-renovation education requirements, renovation work practices, and for record keeping. Individuals seeking to become Certified Renovators and/or Dust Sampling Technicians in Alabama must apply through Alabama's Safe State Environmental Program for accreditation.

Recipient Monitors and Inspectors will receive the certified Renovator Certification

Documentation Requirements

Documentation in the client file must include Certified Renovator certification; any training provided on-site; description of specific actions taken; lead testing and assessment documentation; and, photos of site and containment set up. Include the location of photos referenced if not in file.

Each client file also must contain Lead Safe Weatherization Exemption Worksheet which identifies units which will need to conduct Lead-Safe Work Practices.

7.16 – Mold and Moisture (Including but not limited to: drainage, gutters, down spouts, extensions, flashing, sump pumps, dehumidifiers, landscape, vapor retarders, moisture barriers, etc.) Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ Funding DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ DOE funds may be used to address this category

What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with moisture related issues (e.g., drainage, gutters, down spouts, moisture barriers, dehumidifiers, vapor barrier on bare earth floors) in homes slated for weatherization?

Limited water damage repairs that can be addressed by weatherization workers are allowed when necessary in order to weatherize the home and to ensure the long-term stability and durability of the measures.

Source control (i.e. correction of moisture and mold creating conditions) is allowed when necessary in order to weatherize the home and to ensure the long-term stability and durability of the measures. Source control is independent of latent damage and related repairs.

Where severe Mold and Moisture issues cannot be addressed, deferral is required.

Extensive mold removal/cleanup is not an allowable H&S cost.

Surface preparation where weatherization measures are being installed (e.g., cleaning mold off window trim in order to apply caulk) must be charged as part of the ECM, not to the H&S budget category.

Visual assessment including exterior drainage. Mold testing is not an allowable cost.

Diagnostics such as moisture meters are recommended pre-weatherization and at the final inspection.

How do you define "minor" or allowable moisture-related measures, and at what point is work considered beyond the scope of weatherization?

Minor allowable moisture related measures may include the repair of small plumbing leaks and or structural leaks which are contributing to mold/moisture issues.

While generally mold removal/clean-up is not allowed areas smaller than 2 sq. ft. inside the unit and areas up to 10 sq. ft. outside may be addressed

Issues beyond these parameters may result in the deferral of the unit until the issues can be addressed by either the homeowner or other funds.

Client Education

Provide client written notification and disclaimer on mold and moisture awareness.

Provide information on importance of cleaning and maintaining drainage systems.

Provide information on proper landscape design and how this impacts site drainage and moisture control.

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Training

Assessors should be able to identify potential or existing mold and/or moisture issues.

| How to recognize drainage issues. | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | 7.17 – P | ests | | | |
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ | Alternative Guida | ance \square | Results in Deferral | | |
| | | | | | |
| Funding | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ | Utility 🛘 | Other \square | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | | | | |
| What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with pests and pest intrusion prevention in homes | | | | | |
| slated for weatherization? | | | | | |
| Pest removal is allowed only where infestation would prevent weatherization. | | | | | |
| Infestation of pests may be cause for deferral where it cannot be reasonably removed or poses H&S concern | | | | | |
| for workers. | | | | | |
| Screening of windows and points of access, and incorporating pest exclusion into air sealing practices to prevent intrusion is allowed. | | | | | |

Define Pest Infestation Thresholds, Beyond Which Weatherization Is Deferred

The threshold for pest infestation is set at \$500.00.

If the pest infestation cannot be addressed at or below this threshold it is considered beyond the scope of weatherization and the home must be deferred.

Testing Protocols

Auditors assess the degree of infestation and risk to worker.

Client Education

Inform client in writing of observed condition and associated risks.

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Training

Auditors are trained to assess the presence and degree of infestation, associated risks, and deferral policy.

| | | 7.18 – Ra | don | 1 | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | (| Concurrence, Alternat | tive, or Deferral | | |
| Concurrence with | Guidance ☑ | Alternative Guida | ince 🗆 | Results in Deferral | |
| | | Fundin | g | | |
| DOE ☑ | LIHEAP 🗆 | State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other | |
| DOE funds may be | used to address th | nis category | | | |
| | What guidar | ice do you provide Su | ubrecipients aro | und radon? | |
| Required: | | | | | |
| Cover exposed dir | t floors within the | pressure/thermal bou | undary with a se | aled soil gas retarder | r |
| Cover sump well/p | oits with airtight co | vers | | | |
| Implement ventila | tion as required by | ASHRAE 62.2-2016 | | | |
| Allowable: | | | | | |
| In homes where radon may be present, work scope should include precautionary measures based on EPA | | | | | |
| | | Is for Home Energy U | • | • | |
| issues worse. Othe | er precautions may | include, but are not | limited to, sealir | ng any observed floor | r and/or |
| foundation penetr | ations, isolating th | e basement from the | conditioned spa | ace, and ensuring cra | ıwl space |
| venting is installed | l and operable. | | | | |
| | | 110.6 | | | |

Radon mitigation is not an allowable H&S cost.

Testing Protocols

The weatherization program in Alabama will not test for Radon.

Client Education

Provide all clients EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks.

Informed consent form must include:

Information from the results of the IAQ Study that there is a small risk of increasing radon levels when building tightness is improved;

A list of precautionary measures WAP will install based on EPA Healthy Indoor Environment Protocols; Some of the benefits of Weatherization including energy savings, energy cost savings, improved home comfort, and increased safety; and confirmation that EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon was received and radon related risks discussed with the client.

Training and Certification Requirements

Auditors, assessors and inspectors must have knowledge of radon, what it is and how it occurs, including what factors may make radon worse, and precautionary measures that may be helpful.

Workers must be trained in proper vapor retarder installation.

A zonal map can be located at http://www.epa.gov/radon/pdfs/zonemapcolor.pdf

Documentation Requirements

Clients must sign a Radon Informed Consent Form prior to receiving weatherization services. This form must be kept in the client file.

| 7.19 – Safety Devices: Smo | ke and Carbon | Monoxide <i>A</i> | Alarms, Fire Extinguishers | | |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Co | oncurrence, Alterna | ative, or Deferra | I | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance 🗹 | Alternative Guid | lance 🗆 | Results in Deferral | | |
| Funding | | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address thi | | | | | |
| | cy for installation of | or replacement of | of the following: | | |
| Smoke Alarms: | | | | | |
| Should be installed on each floor outs | | | s are not present. | | |
| Should be installed according to the m | nanufacturer's instr | uctions. | | | |
| Carbon Monoxide Alarms: | | | | | |
| Must be installed in every home if ope | | | | | |
| Should be installed according to manu | <u>ıfacturer's instructi</u> | ons. | | | |
| Fire Extinguishers: | | | | | |
| May be installed when solid fuel is pre | | | | | |
| Should be installed according to manu | | | | | |
| | Testing Pro | otocols | | | |
| Check existing alarms for operation. | | | | | |
| Verify operation of installed alarms. | | | | | |
| | Client Edu | | | | |
| Provide client with verbal and written | | | illed. | | |
| | Trainir | ng | | | |
| Auditors are trained on where to insta | | | | | |
| Auditors should be aware of local (or A | AHJ) code complian | ice. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 7.20 – Occupant | Health and Saf | ety Concerns | and Conditions | | |
| | oncurrence, Alterna | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ | Alternative Guid | • | Results in Deferral | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Fundir | ng | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ | State □ | Utility 🗆 | Other 🗆 | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address thi | s category | | | | |
| What guidance do you provide Su | brecipients for soli | citing the occup | ants' health and safety concerns | | |
| rela | ated to component | s of their home | s? | | |
| All clients are required to sign a Health | n and Allergy Conce | erns Form which | provides them with information | | |
| about materials used in weatherizatio | n and instructs the | m to make arran | gements so that they are not | | |
| present during work which may aggray | vate health issues t | hev may have. | | | |

What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for determining whether occupants suffer from health conditions that may be negatively affected by the act of weatherizing their home?

An important aspect of any inspection is client education. Once a clear understanding has been reached between the auditor and the client(s), work that will not aggravate any client pre-existing health condition shall begin. In some rare instances, a deferral may be required.

What guidance do you provide Subrecipients for dealing with potential health concerns when they are identified?

When a person's health may be at risk and/or the work activities could create a H&S hazard, the at-risk occupant will be required to take appropriate action based on the severity of the risk. Temporary relocation of at-risk occupants may be necessary. Failure or inability to take appropriate actions will result in a deferral.

Client Education

Inform client in writing of any known risks.

located at www.residentialenergydynamics.com

for weatherization to commence.

Provide client with Subrecipient point of contact information in writing so client can inform of any issues. When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order

Documentation Form(s) have been developed and comply with guidance? Yes ☑ No □

| 7.21 – Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | | | | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☐ Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral ☐ | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Funding | | | | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ | | | | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | | | | |
| Identify the Most Recent Version of ASHRAE 62.2 Implemented (optional: identify Addenda used) | | | | |
| The Alabama Weatherization Assistance Program uses ASHRAE 62.2-2016 | | | | |
| Testing and Final Verification Protocols | | | | |
| ASHRAE 62.2 evaluation to determine required ventilation. | | | | |
| Measure fan flow of existing fans and of installed equipment to verify performance. | | | | |
| Testing to determine ventilation requirements prior to weatherization. | | | | |
| Follow up testing to ensure ventilation requirements were met. | | | | |
| Subrecipients are instructed to use the Residential Energy Dynamics (RED) ASHRAE 62.2-2016 calculator | | | | |
| located at <u>www.residentialenergydynamics.com</u> | | | | |
| The use of balanced ventilation systems is encouraged. | | | | |
| Client Education | | | | |
| Provide client with information on function, use, and maintenance (including location of service switch and | | | | |
| cleaning instructions) of ventilation system and components. | | | | |
| Provide client with equipment manuals for installed equipment. | | | | |
| Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for high polluting sources or guarantee indoor air | | | | |
| quality. | | | | |
| Training | | | | |
| ASHRAE 62.2 training, including proper sizing, evaluation of existing and new systems. | | | | |
| Subrecipients are instructed to use the Residential Energy Dynamics (RED) ASHRAE 62.2-2016 calculator | | | | |

| 7.22 – Window and Door Repair and Replacement, Window Guards | |
|--|--------------|
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral □ | |
| Funding | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | |
| What guidance do you provide to Subrecipients regarding window and door repair and replacement ar | nd |
| window guards? | |
| Repair using H&S funds is allowed if: | |
| It resolves a bulk water intrusion issue that is the cause of visible biological growth and; | |
| Is well documented with written explanation ands photos of the biological growth in the client file. | |
| Replacement of doors and widows is not allowed with H&S funds. | |
| Window and door replacements shall not be included in the air sealing ECM | \checkmark |
| How do you define "minor" or allowable window and door repairs, and at what point are repairs | |
| considered beyond the scope of weatherization? | |
| When using the Priority Measures Lists incidental repairs are capped at \$500.00; if incidental repairs exceed | ∌d |
| \$500.00 then the use of a NEAT/MHEA is required. When using the audit, the incidental repair cost is | |
| attributed to the cost of the measure and becomes part of the SIR. | |
| If the cost of the repair causes the measures SIR to drop below 1.0 then the measure cannot be completed | ı, |
| and the unit may need to be deferred. | |
| Testing Protocols | |
| N/A | |
| Client Education | |
| Provide written information on lead risks and mold wherever issues are identified. | |
| Training | |
| Awareness of guidance. | |
| | |
| 7.23 – Worker Safety (OSHA, etc.) | |
| Concurrence, Alternative, or Deferral | |
| Concurrence with Guidance ☐ Alternative Guidance ☐ Results in Deferral ☐ | |
| Workers must follow OSHA standards where required and take precautions to ensure the H&S of themselves | /es |
| and other workers. | |
| All Subrecipients and contractors must maintain compliance with the current OSHA Hazard Communicatio | n |
| Standard, including on-site organized Safety Data Sheets (SDS) (formerly called MSDS). | |
| Funding | |
| DOE ☑ LIHEAP □ State □ Utility □ Other □ | |
| DOE funds may be used to address this category | |
| How do you verify safe work practices? What is your policy for in-progress monitoring? | |
| Recipients must verify that Subrecipients, crews and contractors follow safe work practices. | |
| Training and Certification Requirements | |
| Use and importance of PPE. | |
| Safety training appropriate for job requirements. | |
| OSHA 10-hour training meets this requirement and is an allowable use of T&TA funds for Subrecipient Staf | f |
| and Contractors working in the program | |
| Ongoing training as required in Hazard Communication Program. | |