## **State of Alabama**

# Program Year 2022

# Consolidated Annual Performance

# Evaluation Report

# (CAPER)

**CDBG,**

**HOME,**

**ESG, HOPWA, HTF, and**

**CARES ACT CDBG-CV,**

**ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs**

Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs

## **State of Alabama**

# Program Year 2022

# Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report

# (CAPER)

## **for**

## **CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, HTF, and CARES Act CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs**

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS

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### APRIL 1, 2022 – March 31, 2023

### due June 30, 2023

**STATE OF ALABAMA**

**PY2022 (April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023)**

**Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER)**

**for CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, HTF, and**

**CARES Act CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs**

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Page

Setup: 5

CR-00 Administration 5

Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report: 6 CR-05 Goals and Outcomes 6  
 CR-10 Racial and Ethnic Composition of (person/households/families) assisted 75 CR-15 Resources and Investments 77  
 CR-20 Affordable Housing 100 CR-25 Homeless and Other Special Needs 111

CR-30 Public Housing 117

CR-35 Other Actions 131

CR-40 Monitoring 166

CR-45 CDBG 181

CR-50 HOME 182

CR-55 HOPWA 196

CR-56 HTF 199

CR-58 Section 3 200

ESG: 202

CR-60 Subrecipient Information - ESG Recipients Only 202

CR-65 Persons Assisted - ESG Recipients Only 211

CR-70 Assistance Provided and Outcomes - ESG Recipients Only 213

CR-75 Expenditures - ESG Recipients Only 214

Charts:

Chart 1 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2016 8

Chart 2 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2017 9

Chart 3 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2018 10

Chart 4 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2019 11

Chart 5 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2020 12

Chart 6 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2021 14

Chart 7 - CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2022 17

Chart 8 - Program Year 2016 through Program Year 2022 CDBG Grants 20

Closed During the Reporting Period of

April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**continued**

Page

Chart 9 - CDBG Disaster Grants in Program Year 2012 25

Chart 10 - CDBG Disaster Grants in Program Year 2013 25

Chart 11 - CDBG-CV CARES Act Grants in Program Years 2020-2022 26

Chart 12 - Number of Beneficiaries (Persons and Households) 58

Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants Open During

April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period

Chart 13 - Racial Composition of Beneficiaries (Persons and Households) 62

Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants Open During

April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period

Chart 14 - Number of Moderate-Income, Low-Income, and Very-Low Income 66 Beneficiaries (Persons and Households) Assisted in CDBG

Closed Grants Open During April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023

Reporting Period

Chart 15 - HOME Program and HTF Program - Summary of Housing 109

Accomplishments - Number of Extremely Low-Income,

Low-Income, and Moderate-Income Persons Served

Chart 16 - HOME Program and HTF Program - Summary of Housing 110

Accomplishments - Total Housing - Racial/Ethnic Composition

Tables:

Table 1 - Accomplishments - Program Year 2022 (April 1, 2022 through 39

March 31, 2023 One-Year Plan)

Table 2 - Accomplishments - Strategic Plan to Date (2020-2024 Five-Year Plan) 45

Attachments in HUD IDIS online system:

Attachment 1: PY2022 (April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023) State of Alabama

Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER)

for CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, HTF, and CARES Act

CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs –

June 2023 Submission (in Word format)

Attachment 2: PY2022 Alabama CAPER – ESG Program Sage Report

Attachment 3: HOME Partnerships Program’s PY2022 Performance Evaluation Report

from the Alabama Housing Finance Authority: 17 Attachments

Attachment 4: Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program

*Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)*

*(in HUD Workbook Form)*

Attachment 5: CDBG Program’s PY2022 HUD PR-28 IDIS Forms for Activity and

Financial Summary Reports

**SETUP**

**CR-00 Administration**

Program Year: 2022

Title: State of Alabama 2022 Consolidated Performance Evaluation Report (due June 30, 2023)

Version: #1 - Original

Programs Included: 🗹 Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG)

🗹 HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME)

🗹 Emergency Solutions Grants Program (ESG)

🗹 Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS Program (HOPWA)

🗹 Housing Trust Fund (HTF)

🗹 CDBG-CV Program (CARES Act)

🗹 ESG-CV Program (CARES Act)

🗹 HOPWA-CV Program (CARES Act)

🗹 HOME-ARP Program (American Recovery Act) (this is only a

separate attachment in HUD IDIS, and is not included/reported as

a part of this CAPER)

Attachments in HUD IDIS online system:

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Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER)

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**CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION REPORT**

**CR-05 Goals and Outcomes [see 24 CFR 91.520(a)]**

**Progress the State has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan [24 CFR 91.520(a)]:** [This could be an overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the program year.]

Alabama's objectives are stated (1) in the State's original “2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs” (that also contained the individual "PY2020 One-Year Annual Action Plans for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs”) that was submitted to HUD on April 6, 2020 and approved by HUD on May 19, 2020; (2) in the State's “First Substantial Amendment to the PY2020-PY2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, HTF, CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs” that was submitted to HUD on December 2, 2020 and approved by HUD on May 3, 2021; (3) in the State's individual "PY2021 One-Year Annual Action Plans for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs" that was submitted to HUD on April 20, 2021 (and subsequently submitted again on May 24, 2021 and September 7, 2021) and approved by HUD on August 20, 2021 (and again on November 9, 2021); and (4) in the State’s individual “PY2022 One-Year Annual Action Plans for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs” that was submitted to HUD on July 11, 2022 and approved by HUD on November 10, 2022. [NOTE: The State’s individual “PY2023 One-Year Annual Action Plans for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs” was submitted to HUD on April 28, 2023.] These objectives are designed to serve the housing and community development needs of Alabama’s residents through professional and efficient management of the HUD Programs’ funds allocated via the individual CDBG, ESG, HOME, HOPWA, and HTF Programs plans, as well as to serve COVID-19 pandemic needs of Alabama’s entitlement and non-entitlement communities via the 2020 CARES Act's CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs in order to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic and other infectious diseases.

Alabama’s mission (both annually and long-term) is to distribute these Programs' funds and utilize / expend additional resources (allocated personnel, staff work time, travel, equipment, office space, grant administration / record-keeping / technical assistance work efforts, etc.) in a manner that is compliant with the applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations, and program guidelines, so that these HUD programs are implemented within Alabama in a legal, accurate, and timely manner. As is stated in the Plans identified herein above, Alabama's long-term and short-term program objectives include:

Long-Term (2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan) Objectives are to:

1. provide important community facilities that address all aspects of community development (CDBG);

2. promote economic development that creates new jobs, retains existing employment, and expands the local tax base (CDBG);

3. meet the affordable housing needs of low- and moderate-income Alabamians (HOME and CDBG);

4. provide assistance to homeless persons and victims of domestic abuse (ESG);

5. prevent homelessness (ESG);

6. provide housing and supportive services for persons with HIV/AIDS (HOPWA);

7. meet affordable housing needs of ELI and VLI Alabamians (HTF); and

8. provide assistance to address local community emergency needs (the Disaster Funds; and the CDBG-CV, ESG-CV and HOPWA-CV funds to particularly prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus/COVID 19 pandemic and other infectious diseases).

Short-Term (PY2022 One-Year Annual Action Plan) Objectives are to:

1. allow communities to address the community development needs perceived to be the most important at the local level (CDBG);

2. encourage communities to develop and implement infrastructure plans for the near future (CDBG);

3. assist communities in responding to economic and development needs in a timely manner primarily through infrastructure assistance (CDBG);

4. provide a mechanism for managing health hazards and urgent needs so that communities can readily respond to crises (CDBG);

5. provide a mechanism for addressing a wide variety of community development needs including housing rehabilitation (CDBG);

6. utilize a combination of HOME funds, Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, and conventional lending sources (HOME);

7. fund the greatest number of grant assistance requests while maximizing the number of affordable rental units which will be made available to Alabama citizens (HOME);

8. upgrade existing homeless facilities and domestic abuse shelters (ESG);

9. meet the operating costs of homeless facilities and domestic abuse shelters (ESG);

10. provide essential services to homeless persons and victims of domestic abuse (ESG);

11. support and expand a statewide rental assistance program through qualified AIDS Service agencies to prevent homelessness and increase housing stability through project and tenant-based rental assistance and Short-Term Rent, Mortgage and Utility Assistance funds statewide (HOPWA);

12. provide supportive services statewide to those living with HIV/AIDS to prevent homelessness and increase housing stability (HOPWA);

13. support existing AIDS housing programs, continued operating costs, and continued supportive housing through existing programs in the state (HOPWA);

14. support housing information and outreach to low-income HIV-infected persons statewide (HOPWA);

15. provide technical assistance and support master leasing services statewide for AIDS Service Organizations to meet local needs and increase local housing options (HOPWA);

16. provide possible acquisition and new construction support as part of collaborative partnerships statewide to expand HIV/AIDS housing to meet increasing needs (HOPWA);

17. provide forgivable grants to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for ELI and VLI households, including homeless and disabled populations, with a preference for military veterans, or persons with physical or mental disabilities (HTF); and

18. provide assistance to address local community emergency needs (the Disaster Funds; and the CDBG-CV, ESG-CV and HOPWA-CV funds to particularly prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus/COVID 19 pandemic and other infectious diseases).

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s progress achieved in implementing the plan during the period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 includes the following:

The Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) is the state agency responsible for the expenditure of HUD's CDBG funds for Alabama's non-entitlement communities. During the period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, Alabama's non-entitlement communities were those cities and counties that did not include the cities of Anniston, Auburn, Bessemer, Birmingham, Decatur, Dothan, Florence, Gadsden, Huntsville, Mobile, Montgomery, Opelika, and Tuscaloosa, and Jefferson County and Mobile County. [NOTE: Effective as of PY2020, Fairhope was removed from Alabama’s list of entitlement communities and became a non-entitlement community for CDBG funds awarded in PY2020 and beyond]. ADECA administered active grants from the CDBG Program’s unexpended funds allocated to Alabama in Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022, which are the program years that had open grants / unexpended funds during this reporting period and that remained open after March 31, 2023. However, after several grants closed out during the reporting period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, as of March 31, 2023 the open CDBG grants to the identified communities are identified in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 1**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2016**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $21,904,212.00** | | | | |
| **Number of Open**  **Grants: 3** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| Total CDBG | | $0 | | |
| 1 | Alexander City | $115,194.46 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer  for  Wicker Point Golf Club |
| 2 | Scottsboro | $13,099.95 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer /  Traffic Signal  for  Shops of Scottsboro |
| 3 | Tuskegee | $300,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer  for  SA&J Group / Ark Tuskegee Hospitality |
| Total Economic Development | | $428,294.41 | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | $428,294.41  ($0.00 + $428,294.41 = $428,294.41) | | |

Thus, for these 3 open grants expending PY2016 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 1*, the priority (primary) activities for these grants are as follows:

3 involved the sewer activity, and

1 involved the traffic signal activity.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 2**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2017**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $21,398,440.00** | | | | |
| **Number of Open**  **Grants: 6** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | Clarke County | $350,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 2 | St. Clair County | $350,000 | CDBG | Railroad Crossing |
| 3 | Wetumpka | $171,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| Total CDBG | | $871,000 | | |
| 4 | Brewton | $290,005.91 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water  for  Provalus |
| 5 | Carbon Hill | $180,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Lighting  for  Rolling T Truck Stop |
| 6 | Valley | $374,211.59 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer / Water  for  John Soules Foods |
| Total Economic Development | | $844,217.50 | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | $1,715,217.50  ($871,000 + $844,217.50 = $1,715,217.50) | | |

Thus, for these 6 open grants expending PY2017 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 2*, the priority (primary) activities for these grants are as follows:

1 involved the roads activity,

1 involved the railroad crossing activity,

1 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

2 involved the water activity,

1 involved the sewer activity, and

1 involved the traffic lighting activity.

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| **Chart 3**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2018**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $23,158,500.00** | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 7** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | Autaugaville | $418,968 | CDBG | Senior Center |
| 2 | Baldwin County | $350,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 3 | Midway | $250,000 | CDBG | Community Center |
| 4 | Oak Grove | $200,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 5 | Tuskegee | $450,000 | CDBG | Water / Roads |
| Total CDBG | | $1,668,968 | | |
| 6 | Henry County | $850,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Rail Spurs / Railroad Crossing Signal  for  Abbeville Fiber, LLC |
| 7 | Valley | $525,788.41 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer / Water  for  John Soules Foods |
| Total Economic Development | | $1,375,788.41 | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | $3,044,756.41  ($1,668,968 + $1,375,788.41 = $3,044,756.41) | | |

Thus, for these 7 open grants expending PY2018 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 3*, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

2 involved the sewer activity,

3 involved the water activity,

1 involved the roads activity,

1 involved the construction of a railroad spur / railroad crossing signal activity,

1 involved the construction of a senior center activity, and

1 involved the construction of a community center activity.

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| **Chart 4**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2019**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $22,938,818.00** | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 13** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | Abbeville | $350,000 | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation |
| 2 | Dallas County | $350,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 3 | Marengo County | $350,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 4 | Marion | $450,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 5 | Robertsdale | $450,000 | CDBG | Sewer / Drainage |
| 6 | Sylacauga | $250,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| 7 | Tallassee | $250,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| 8 | Valley | $450,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 9 | Weaver | $122,628 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| Total CDBG | | $3,022,628 | | |
| 10 | Coffee County | $157,897.01 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Ben E. Keith Co. |
| 11 | Oxford | $150,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Roads  for  Big Time Entertainment / Mangos Cantina & Grill /  Planet Fitness |
| 12 | Sumter County | $750,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Enviva |
| 13 | Vernon | $350,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Business Incubator  for  Bama-Bio Tech Corporation |
| Total Economic Development | | $1,407,897.01 | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | $4,430,525.01  ($3,022,628 + $1,407,897.01 = $4,430,525.01) | | |

Thus, for these 13 open grants expending PY2019 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 4*, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

5 involved the sewer activity,

3 involved the water activity,

1 involved the drainage activity,

2 involved the roads activity,

3 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved the residential rehabilitation activity, and

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 5**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2020**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $23,862,879.00** | | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 30** | | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | | **Type of Grant** | | **Activity** | |
| 1 | | Ardmore | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 2 | | Beatrice | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 3 | | Blountsville | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 4 | | Brantley | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 5 | | Brantley | | $32,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 6 | | Choctaw County | | $334,270 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 7 | | Cleburne County | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 8 | | Cottonwood | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 9 | | Elberta | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| 10 | | Eufaula | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Residential Rehabilitation | |
| 11 | | Fort Payne | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 12 | | Glencoe | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 13 | | Greene County | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 14 | | Hartford | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 15 | | Livingston | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 16 | | Phenix City | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 17 | | Sheffield | | $204,950 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 18 | | Sumter County | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | E-911 Center | |
| 19 | | Troy | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Community Center | |
| 20 | | Tuscumbia | | $365,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 21 | | Uniontown | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 22 | | Vina | | $348,650 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 23 | | Winston County | | $200,000 | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage (Urgent Need) | |
| 24 | | Woodland | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| Total CDBG | | | | $7,684,870 | | | | | |
| 25 | | Athens | | $500,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer  for  Buc-ee's Travel Center | |
| 26 | | Coffee County | | $662,102.99 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Water / Sewer  for  Ben E. Keith Co. | |
| 27 | | Cullman | | $350,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Roads  for  REHAU, Inc. | |
| 28 | | Good Hope | | $300,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Roads  for  The Stash House / HHH Investments, LLC | |
| 29 | | Red Bay | | $200,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer / Roads  for  Southeast Sales, Inc. | |
| 30 | | Scottsboro | | $486,900.05 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer / Traffic Signal  for  Shops of Scottsboro | |
| Total Economic Development | | | | $2,499,003.04 | | | | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | | | $10,183,873.04  ($7,684,870 + $2,499,003.04 = $10,183,873.04) | | | | | |
| 1 | Morgan County | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Community Center | | **Terminated**  **on 10/7/2022** |
| 2 | Sulligent | | $500,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Building Renovation | | **Terminated**  **on 12/1/2022** |
| Total **Terminated** | | | $750,000 | | | | | | |

Thus, for these 30 open grants expending PY2020 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 5*, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

10 involved the sewer activity,

5 involved the water activity,

2 involved the drainage activity,

7 involved the roads activity,

5 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

1 involved the construction of a community center activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity,

1 involved the planning activity, and

1 involved the traffic signal installation activity.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 6**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2021**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $24,256,102** | | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 50** | | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | | **Type of Grant** | | **Activity** | |
| 1 | | Alexander City | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 2 | | Altoona | | $293,024 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 3 | | Altoona | | $25,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 4 | | Andalusia | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 5 | | Athens | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| 6 | | Attalla | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 7 | | Brilliant | | $349,900 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 8 | | Bullock County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 9 | | Camden | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 10 | | Chatom | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 11 | | Choctaw County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 12 | | Crossville | | $40,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 13 | | Dadeville | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 14 | | Douglas | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 15 | | Eclectic | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Parks and Recreation | |
| 16 | | Enterprise | | $272,900 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 17 | | Epes | | $343,773 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 18 | | Evergreen | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 19 | | Falkville | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| 20 | | Faunsdale | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Sidewalk Improvements | |
| 21 | | Flomaton | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 22 | | Fruithurst | | $217,006 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 23 | | Fruithurst | | $12,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 24 | | Georgiana | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 25 | | Goodwater | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 26 | | Gurley | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 27 | | Heflin | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 28 | | Hillsboro | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| 29 | | Jasper | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 30 | | LaFayette | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 31 | | Littleville | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 32 | | Macon County | | $396,040 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 33 | | Midland City | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Residential Rehabilitation | |
| 34 | | New Hope | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 35 | | Newville | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 36 | | Owens Cross Roads | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 37 | | Perry County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 38 | | Powell | | $148,000 | | CDBG | | Parks and Recreation | |
| 39 | | Russellville | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Demolition and Clearance | |
| 40 | | Samson | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Senior Center | |
| 41 | | Sylvania | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 42 | | Walker County | | $260,000 | | CDBG | | Courthouse Renovations for ADA Accessibility | |
| 43 | | Wedowee | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 44 | | Wilcox County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| Total CDBG | | | | $15,107,643 | | | | | |
| 45 | | Alexander City | | $384,805.54 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer  for  Wicker Point Golf Club | |
| 46 | | Coosa County | | $1,000,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer  for  Alabama Graphite Products | |
| 47 | | Hanceville | | $100,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Sewer  for  D B Technologies | |
| 48 | | Heflin | | $950,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Water / Sewer  for  Great American Superstore and Great American RV Resort | |
| 49 | | Jasper | | $300,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Rail Spur  for  Jasper Lumber Company | |
| 50 | | South Vinemont | | $300,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Roads  for  Jack's Restaurant | |
| Total Economic Development | | | | $3,034,805.54 | | | | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | | | $18,142,448.54  ($15,107,643 + $3,034,805.54 = $18,142,448.54) | | | | | |
| 1 | Thomasville | | $150,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Water | | **Terminated**  **on 12/15/2022** |
| Total **Terminated** | | | $150,000 | | | | | | |

Thus, for these 50 open grants/loans expending PY2021 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 6*, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

18 involved the sewer activity,

9 involved the water activity,

4 involved the drainage activity,

6 involved the roads activity,

4 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the planning activity,

2 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity, and

1 involved the construction of a railspur activity.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 7**  **CDBG Open Grants from Program Year 2022**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $23,556,938** | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 58** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | Ashford | $234,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 2 | Barbour County | $400,000 | CDBG | Senior Center |
| 3 | Belk | $400,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 4 | Berry | $400,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 5 | Brent | $500,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 6 | Butler | $222,750 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 7 | Castleberry | $400,000 | CDBG | Water / Roads |
| 8 | Cherokee | $362,422 | CDBG | Drainage |
| 9 | Clayhatchee | $202,366 | CDBG | Parks & Recreation |
| 10 | Coffeeville | $400,000 | CDBG | Community Center |
| 11 | Colony | $399,827 | CDBG | Roads |
| 12 | Coosa County | $135,801 | CDBG | Roads |
| 13 | Coosada | $350,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| 14 | Courtland | $400,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 15 | Crenshaw County | $500,000 | CDBG | Water / Roads |
| 16 | Elba | $500,000 | CDBG | Roads / Drainage |
| 17 | Florala | $375,655 | CDBG | Gymnasium Building Renovation |
| 18 | Florala | $32,000 | CDBG | Planning |
| 19 | Forkland | $400,000 | CDBG | Water / Roads |
| 20 | Garden City | $389,800 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 21 | Geneva | $500,000 | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation / Demolition & Clearance |
| 22 | Geneva County | $474,667 | CDBG | Roads |
| 23 | Gordon | $400,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 24 | Guin | $304,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 25 | Hale County | $500,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 26 | Hodges | $329,000 | CDBG | Demolition / Roads / Drainage |
| 27 | Jackson | $500,000 | CDBG | Drainage |
| 28 | Jacksonville | $500,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 29 | Lexington | $394,907 | CDBG | Water |
| 30 | Louisville | $400,000 | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation / Demolition & Clearance |
| 31 | Luverne | $400,000 | CDBG | Sewer / Roads |
| 32 | Madrid | $229,200 | CDBG | Roads |
| 33 | Monroe County | $500,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 34 | Mosses | $400,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 35 | New Brockton | $392,900 | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation |
| 36 | Notasulga | $32,000 | CDBG | Planning |
| 37 | Opp | $400,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 38 | Oxford | $500,000 | CDBG | Drainage / Demolition & Clearance |
| 39 | Pell City | $500,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 40 | Pinkard | $342,177 | CDBG | Roads |
| 41 | Rainsville | $500,000 | CDBG | Sewer |
| 42 | Ranburne | $400,000 | CDBG | Senior Center |
| 43 | Randolph County | $500,000 | CDBG | Roads / Drainage |
| 44 | Roanoke | $500,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 45 | Scottsboro | $400,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| 46 | Steele | $400,000 | CDBG | Water |
| 47 | Valley Head | $400,000 | CDBG | Roads / Drainage |
| 48 | Vredenburgh | $337,125 | CDBG | Parks & Recreation |
| 49 | Washington County | $500,000 | CDBG | Roads |
| 50 | Winfield | $342,000 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance |
| Total CDBG | | $19,282,597 | | |
| 51 | Hartselle | $300,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Roads  for  Mapco Gas Station |
| 52 | Luverne | $500,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Pepsi-Cola Bottling Company of Luverne, Inc. |
| 53 | Good Hope | $250,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer  for  Love's Travel Stop |
| 54 | Guin | $272,650 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  KJS Forest Products |
| 55 | Limestone County | $1,000,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Sewer  for  Pryor Regional Airfield |
| 56 | Bay Minette | $2,500,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Novelis, Inc. Alumnium Rolling & Recycling Plant |
| 57 | Coffee County | $350,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Water  for  Command Sergeant Major Bennie G. Adkins State Veterans Home |
| 58 | Cullman | $150,000 | CDBG – Economic Development | Roads  for  Cobblestone Hotel & Suites |
| Total Economic Development | | $5,322,650 | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | $24,605,247  ($19,282,597 + $5,322,650 = $24,605,247) | | |

Thus, for these 58 open grants/loans expending PY2022 funds identified hereinabove in *Chart 7*, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

13 involved the sewer activity,

14 involved the water activity,

7 involved the drainage activity,

21 involved the roads activity,

7 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

3 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

2 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

2 involved the planning activity,

2 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the community center activity, and

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

Thus, ADECA administered a total of 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period - but which grants remained open beyond the March 31, 2023 closeout date. These 167 grants are identified hereinabove in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7*. They include 3 grants that were open with Program Year 2016 funds (see *Chart 1*), 6 grants that were open with Program Year 2017 funds (see *Chart 2*), 7 grants that were open with Program Year 2018 funds (see *Chart 3*), 13 grants that were open with Program Year 2019 funds (see *Chart 4*), 30 grants that were open with Program Year 2020 funds (see *Chart 5*), 50 grants that were open with Program Year 2021 funds (see *Chart 6*), and 58 grants that were open with Program Year 2022 funds (see *Chart 7*). As stated previously herein above, of these years' 167 open CDBG grants, their primary activities are as follows:

52 involved the sewer activity,

36 involved the water activity,

38 involved the roads activity,

14 involved the drainage activity,

20 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

4 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the construction of a community center activity,

6 involved the planning activity,

6 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

4 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

3 involved the construction of a railroad crossing/rail spur activity,

3 involved the traffic signal activity,

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity, and

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity.

During the period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 (for Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022), there were 59 grants that were closed-out by ADECA as of March 31, 2023, and three grants were terminated. These grants were to the communities identified in *Chart 8* as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 8**  **Program Year 2016 through Program Year 2022 CDBG Grants**  **Closed During the Reporting Period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023** | | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of Grants Closed: 59** | | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | | **Type of Grant** | | **Activity** | |
| 1 | | Demopolis | | $450,000  (Final expenditure:  $334,805.54) | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 2 | | Lanett | | $250,000  (Final expenditure:  $242,469.31) | | CDBG | | Downtown Revitalization | |
| 3 | | Heflin | | $40,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 4 | | Linden | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $322,241.28) | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 5 | | Silas | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $337,471.69) | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 6 | | Clanton | | $239,400 | | CDBG | | Demolition & Clearance | |
| 7 | | Ashland | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | |
| 8 | | Colbert County | | $182,876  (Final expenditure:  $138,934) | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage | |
| 9 | | North Courtland | | $347,300  (Final expenditure:  $346,390) | | CDBG | | Drainage | |
| 10 | | Pine Hill | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 11 | | Limestone County | | $301,000 | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage | |
| 12 | | Detroit | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 13 | | York | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $238,549.11) | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 14 | | Lisman | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $338,786) | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 15 | | Camp Hill | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 16 | | Butler County | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Architectural Barrier Removal | |
| 17 | | Columbiana | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 18 | | Oneonta | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $340,528.02) | | CDBG | | Roads  (Urgent Need) | |
| 19 | | Guntersville | | $450,000  (Final expenditure:  $398,483.78) | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage | |
| 20 | | White Hall | | $550,000 | | CDBG | | Sewer / Hookups | |
| 21 | | McKenzie | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water / Roads | |
| 22 | | Red Bay | | $445,000  (Final expenditure:  $362,562.86) | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 23 | | Pike County | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 24 | | Blount County | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 25 | | Millbrook | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Senior Center | |
| 26 | | Walker County | | $273,000 | | CDBG | | Water  (Urgent Need) | |
| 27 | | Fulton | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 28 | | Cullman County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 29 | | Parrish | | $300,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 30 | | Talladega | | $250,000  (Final expenditure:  $204,878.33) | | CDBG | | Demolition & Clearance | |
| 31 | | Daleville | | $292,500 | | CDBG | | Water / Roads | |
| 32 | | Ariton | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 33 | | Headland | | $450,000  (Final expenditure:  $449,901) | | CDBG | | Residential Rehabilitation | |
| 34 | | Tuscaloosa County | | $209,854.45 | | CDBG | | Water / Hookups | |
| 35 | | Escambia County | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Water | |
| 36 | | Selma | | $40,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 37 | | Lockhart | | $300,000  (Final expenditure:  $298,437.50) | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 38 | | Franklin | | $28,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| 39 | | Goshen | | $100,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 40 | | Lowndes County | | $400,000 | | CDBG | | Roads | |
| 41 | | Hartselle | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Water / Sewer / Drainage | |
| 42 | | Selma | | $450,000  (Final expenditure:  $418,952.42) | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage | |
| 43 | | Level Plains | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Roads / Drainage | |
| 44 | | Loxley | | $350,000  (Final expenditure:  $244,255.34) | | CDBG | | Sewer | |
| 45 | | Kinston | | $350,000 | | CDBG | | Residential Rehabilitation | |
| 46 | | Cullman | | $500,000 | | CDBG | | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | |
| 47 | | Union Springs | | $450,000 | | CDBG | | Water / Sewer / Drainage | |
| 48 | | Ariton | | $30,000 | | CDBG | | Planning | |
| Total CDBG | | | | $15,178,930.45  (Final expenditure: $14,521,400.63) | | | | | |
| 49 | | Elmore County | | $150,000 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Water / Sewer /  Roads / Drainage  for  Ivy Creek Healthcare | |
| 50 | | Lincoln | | $300,000 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Water / Sewer  for  Lohr North America | |
| 51 | | West Blocton | | $514,606 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Sewer  for  Mercedes Benz US | |
| 52 | | Atmore | | $300,000  (Final expenditure:  $180,000) | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Water / Sewer  for  Brown Precision, Inc. | |
| 53 | | Cullman | | $100,000 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Traffic Signal  for  Reliance Worldwide Corporation | |
| 54 | | Moody | | $140,000  (Final expenditure:  $117,765.00) | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Fire Protection  for  Processors Choice and  J & M Exotic Foods | |
| 55 | | Fort Deposit | | $600,000  (Final expenditure:  $73,164.10) | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Loan  for  Chowel USA, Inc. | |
| 56 | | Bibb County | | $352,368.06 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Water  for  Mercedes Benz US | |
| 57 | | Attalla | | $200,000  (Final expenditure:  $189,952.50) | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Water  for  Koch Foods of Gadsden, LLC | |
| 58 | | Cullman County | | $200,000 | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Roads  for  AGCO/GSI | |
| 59 | | Eufaula | | $279,984  (Final expenditure:  $218,974.68) | | CDBG - Economic Development | | Roads  for  Elm Machining and  Keystone Foods | |
| Total Economic Development | | | | $3,136,958.06  **(F**inal expenditure: $2,396,830.34) | | | | | |
| Total CDBG + Economic Development | | | | $18,315,888.51  ($15,178,930.45 + $3,136,958.06 = $18,315,888.51)  (Final expenditure: $16,918,230.97  ($14,521,400.63 + $2,396,830.34 = $16,918,230.97) | | | | | |
| 1 | Morgan County | | $250,000 | | CDBG | | Community Center | | **Terminated**  **on 10/7/2022** |
| 2 | Sulligent | | $500,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Building Renovation | | **Terminated**  **on 12/1/2022** |
| 3 | Thomasville | | $150,000 | | CDBG – Economic Development | | Water | | **Terminated**  **on 12/15/2022** |
| Total **Terminated** | | | $900,000 | | | | | | |

Thus, for these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

15 involved the sewer activity,

1 involved the sewer hookup activity (52 units hooked-up),

15 involved the water activity,

1 involved the water hookup activity (24 units hooked-up),

26 involved the roads activity,

11 involved the drainage activity,

4 involved a local planning grant,

2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved a construction of a senior center,

1 involved downtown revitalization,

1 involved architectural barrier removal,

2 involved a residential rehabilitation (40 units rehabbed),

1 involved a traffic signal for a business,

1 involved fire protection for a business, and

1 involved a loan for a business.

For these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, a total of 12 businesses were assisted that created 473 jobs through grants for economic development, of which 371 jobs were made available to persons of low and moderate income (145 moderate income, 113 low income, and 113 very low income).

Also during the period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, ADECA administered **2012 and 2013 CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grant funds**, which were distributed to the following local communities destroyed/affected by the tornadoes that struck Alabama in April 2011, identified in *Chart 9* and *Chart 10* as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 9**  **CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grants in Program Year 2012**  **State Disaster Grant Award Total Amount: $24,697,966.00** | | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 1** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1. | | Tuscaloosa County | $2,069,477.23 | CDBG-DR | Sewer |
|  | | State of Alabama: | $1,234,898 | CDBG-DR | Disaster Program Administration |
| **TOTAL** | |  | **$3,304,375.23** |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 10**  **CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grants in Program Year 2013**  **State Disaster Grant Award Total Amount: $49,157,000.00** | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 3** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | Tuscaloosa County | $8,168,230 | CDBG-DR | Sewer |
| 2. | Habitat for Humanity of  Greater Birmingham  (in Birmingham, AL) | Funds are drawn as needed | CDBG-DR | Disaster Program  Administration /  Implementation  Services by  Local Contractor |
| 3. | Habitat for Humanity of Tuscaloosa, Inc.  (in Tuscaloosa, AL) | Funds are drawn as needed | CDBG-DR | Disaster Program  Administration /  Implementation  Services by  Local Contractor |
|  | State of Alabama: | $3,495,300  Admin: $2,457,850  Agencies: $1,037,450 | CDBG-DR | Disaster Program Administration / Implementation Services by  Local Contractor |
| **TOTAL** |  | **$11,663,530** |  |  |

Also during the period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, ADECA awarded and administered **2020 CDBG-CV funds** in the amount of $37,695,209 which were distributed to the following local communities in ADECA’s two rounds of funding, for the CARES Act's purpose of preventing, preparing for, and responding to the coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic and other infectious diseases, identified in *Chart 11* as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 11**  **CDBG-CV CARES Act Grants in Program Years 2020-2022**  **Round 1 Amount $14,011,858 + Round 2 Amount $15,068,316 + Round 3 Amount $11,379,612 =**  **State Grant Award Total Amount: $40,459,786.00** | | | | | | | | |
| **Number of Open Grants: 72** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | | | | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** |
| 1 | | | City of Alexander City | | $191,550.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase one of two ambulances |
| 2 | | | City of Auburn | | $750,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing rental assistance, utility assistance, public service assistance, food bank equipment and food distribution |
| 3 | | | Autauga County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Constructing a storage facility for pandemic supplies |
| 4 | | | Barbour County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing hospital equipment, food distribution and utility assistance |
| 5 | | | City of Birmingham | | $1,500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing food distribution, health services, updates to virtual schooling, and services to the homeless |
| 6 | | | Blount County | | $1,000,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construction of Blount County multipurpose facility to serve as pandemic response hub |
| 7 | | | Bullock County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating an existing building to relocate the EMA and constructing handicap accessibility to a medical facility |
| 8 | | | City of Butler | | $250,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construct a fire suppression system |
| 9 | | | Butler County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating EMA building; constructing drive-thru testing and vaccination structure; and providing food distribution, medical and first responder equipment |
| 10 | | | Calhoun County | | $600,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing 3 mobile medical units for testing/vaccinations |
| 11 | | | Town of Carrollton | | $598,582.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $498,582.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Construct addition to fire department for testing and vaccination site |
| 12 | | | Chambers County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating, staffing and marketing a health center, and purchasing health equipment and supplies |
| 13 | | | Clarke County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rental and utility assistance, personal protective equipment purchase |
| 14 | | | Clay County | | $450,000.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $400,000.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating an existing Farmers Market into a facility for testing, vaccinating, and distributing food and emergency medical supplies |
| 15 | | | Colbert County | | $1,000,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing and staffing mobile clinic  Round 2 - rehabilitating a building to house the Emergency Operations Center and 911 Center located in Muscle Shoals |
| 16 | | | Conecuh County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing mobile clinic |
| 17 | | | Coosa County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing rental assistance, utility assistance, and food distribution; purchasing health equipment; expanding broadband services to a youth center; and rehabilitating a community center |
| 18 | | | Cullman County | | $803,861.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construct pandemic response center |
| 19 | | | Dale County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing personal protective equipment and health equipment |
| 20 | | | Dallas County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Constructing isolation cells in Dallas County Jail |
| 21 | | | City of Decatur | | $750,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing fire and rescue equipment, rental assistance, utility assistance, and small business loans |
| 22 | | | DeKalb County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Constructing weatherproof emergency response centers |
| 23 | | | City of Dothan | | $484,625.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase two 20-bed isolation facilities |
| 24 | | | Elmore County | | $600,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Constructing a storage facility for pandemic supplies |
| 25 | | | Escambia County | | $550,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing sewer hookup to homes in Brewton |
| 26 | | | Etowah County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing small business relief grants, rental assistance, and utility assistance |
| 27 | | | Fayette County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construction of medical clinic |
| 28 | | | City of Florence | | $1,250,000.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $1,000,000.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Purchase medical equipment  Round 2 - purchasing equipment for the North Alabama Medical Center located in Florence |
| 29 | | | Franklin County | | $435,894 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $400,000 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Purchase and staffing of mobile clinic |
| 30 | | | Gadsden | | $400.000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Demo/clearance for senior COVID resource center |
| 31 | | | Geneva County | | $785,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing personal protective equipment and constructing a Volunteer Rescue Squad facility to sanitize ambulances  Round 2 - purchasing health equipment for the Wiregrass Medical Center located in Geneva |
| 32 | | | Hale County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase of ambulance equipped for infectious disease |
| 33 | | | Henry County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing personal protective equipment for fire/rescue and computers/laptops for students; rehabilitating recreational space and a centralized location for dispatch services |
| 34 | | | Houston County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing a mobile testing/vaccination unit and constructing a personal protective equipment storage warehouse |
| 35 | | | City of Huntsville | | $2,000,000.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $1,500,000.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Pandemic response services for Huntsville Homeless Services Center |
| 36 | | | City of Jackson | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construct health clinic |
| 37 | | | Jackson County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Small business grant program, public safety equipment and food insecurity assistance |
| 38 | | | Jefferson County | | $1,036,800.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing rental assistance, utility assistance, and food distribution |
| 39 | | | Lauderdale County | | $956,243.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase and staffing of mobile clinic  Round 2 - purchasing health equipment for the North Alabama Medical Center located in Florence |
| 40 | | | Lawrence County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Mobile vaccination unit purchase, fire department equipment purchase, overtime staffing from healthcare professionals |
| 41 | | | Lee County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing rental assistance, utility assistance, and food distribution |
| 42 | | | Limestone County | | $600,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing broadband internet service for Safer From Home |
| 43 | | | Lowndes County | | $200,000.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $142,603.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Resurfacing an access road to a testing/vaccination facility and purchasing public safety software equipment |
| 44 | | | City of Luverne | | $250,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase one of two ambulances |
| 45 | | | Macon County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing rental assistance, utility assistance, business assistance, food distribution, and health equipment |
| 46 | | | Madison County | | $700,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase mobile telehealth unit, assisting emergency response units, addressing food insecurity and broadening vaccination efforts |
| 47 | | | Marengo County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Developing empty incubator building into temporary pandemic response center |
| 48 | | | Marion County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing pandemic response equipment and funding health staff services |
| 49 | | | Marshall County | | $600,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Expansion of healthcare transportation services, food distribution services, assisting community based social service providers |
| 50 | | | City of Millbrook | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construct a food pantry |
| 51 | | | City of Mobile | | $1,500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Acquiring 3 properties to rehabilitate as food banks and providing fire protection equipment, health services to seniors, and legal services regarding fair housing to tenants |
| 52 | | | Mobile County | | $700,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Countywide food bank assistance and personal protective equipment purchase for frontline first responders |
| 53 | | | Monroe County | | $306,500.00 revised award amount  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  $300,000.00 original award amount | | CDBG-CV | Personal protective equipment purchase |
| 54 | | | Montgomery County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing food distribution |
| 55 | | | Morgan County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Fire department equipment purchase and vaccination assistance |
| 56 | | | City of Opelika | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating a senior center and providing equipment for public facilities to improve social distancing |
| 57 | | | City of Opp | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase personal protective equipment for EMS responders and renovating fire department |
| 58 | | | Perry County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construction of isolation cells in Perry County Jail |
| 59 | | | Pickens County | | $610,382.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construction of Pickens County EMA climate-controlled storage structures  Round 2 - purchasing specialized cardiac-related emergency equipment for fire and police departments |
| 60 | | | Pike County | | $614,693.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase 2 ambulances for fire department  Round 2 - purchasing equipment for the Troy Fire Department ambulances |
| 61 | | | City of Roanoke | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Expand nutrition center to include pandemic response room |
| 62 | | | Russell County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing a mobile health clinic, health services/equipment, food distribution, rental assistance, and utility assistance |
| 63 | | | Shelby County | | $367,064.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing a mobile testing and vaccination clinic |
| 64 | | | St. Clair County | | $1,000,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Renovating and expanding an existing arena into a testing/vaccination facility |
| 65 | | | Sumter County | | $200,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitation of centrally located Sumter County Health Services, headquarters of Sumter EMA and pandemic response |
| 66 | | | Tallapoosa County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Providing small business grants and emergency response trailer |
| 67 | | | City of Thomasville | | $67,606.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchase ICU equipment for hospital |
| 68 | | | City of Tuscaloosa | | $750,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitating existing classrooms in an under-utilized elementary school to serve as a community resource center |
| 69 | | | Walker County | | $288,200.00 | | CDBG-CV | Equipment purchase for Walker County Coroner's Office |
| 70 | | | Washington County | | $528,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Construction of an expansion of Washington County Hospital  Round 2 - purchasing a 3-D mammography machine for the Washington County Hospital |
| 71 | | | Wilcox County | | $450,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Rehabilitation of Camden Armory improvements for pandemic response  Round 2 - renovating the Camden Armory for the EMA and E-911 headquarters |
| 72 | | | Winston County | | $300,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | Purchasing and staffing inflatable healthcare center |
| **TOTAL Adminsitered** | | | | | **$38,144,052** | | | |
| 1 | | City of Bessemer | | $70,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | | **Terminated** |
| 2 | | Chilton County | | $400,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | | **Terminated** |
| 3 | | Coffee County | | $500,000.00 | | CDBG-CV | | **Terminated** |
| **Total Terminated** | | | | | **$970,000** | | | |

Thus, as exhibited in *Chart 1* through *Chart 11*, ADECA achieved CDBG Program progress via implementing the Program's plans (over the Program's years of funding that were open and expending funds) through infrastructure grants, community enhancement grants, planning grants, and economic development grants of federal funds to localities designed to:

(i) improve their communities' and citizen beneficiaries' health and living conditions via increased access to clean water, sewer, drainage, paved roads, and improved sidewalks;

(ii) increase their citizen beneficiaries’ quality of life and safety via development of downtown and community revitalization plans, senior centers, parks and recreation areas, community centers, emergency 911 services, and increased fire protection;

(iii) improve their communities through the removal of slum and blight via demolition and clearance, and residential rehabilitation to develop affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income (LMI) residents;

(iv) improve their communities that were in urgent need situations by providing water, roads, and drainage activities; and

(v) improve their residents’ employment opportunities via economic development grants for water, sewer, road construction, drainage improvement, and traffic signal installation for new/start-up, expanding, and/or relocating businesses.

With regard to disaster recovery, ADECA achieved the CDBG Disaster Program’s progress via implementing the Disaster portion of the plan through grants of 2012 and 2013 Disaster Funds to Alabama's tornado-affected localities for purposes of:

(i) constructing new sewer facilities; and

(ii) performing disaster grant administration in the tornado-impacted areas.

And with regard to the CARES Act's CDBG-CV funds, ADECA achieved program progress via implementing the Program's plans through grants awarded and administered in 2020, 2021,and 2022 from ADECA to Alabama's communities on a statewide basis for purposes of preventing, preparing for, and responding to the coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic and other infectious diseases. This was accomplished through grants for personal protective equipment (PPE), rehabilitating existing buildings into new uses such as vaccine centers/social distancing locations/storage facilities to house COVID testing supplies and equipment, food bank development or expansion, grants for small businesses to reopen, rental and utility assistance payments for persons facing housing disruptions, purchase of vehicles to use as mobile testing facilities, and a host of other activities to serve the urban and rural locations throughout the State.

**HOME**: The PY2022 HOME Action Plan indicates the following priorities for the use of HOME funds:

* Projects that add to the affordable housing stock;
* Projects, which, without HOME funds, would not likely set aside units for lower income tenants; inclusive of tenants with disabilities and/or those who are homeless;
* Projects which use additional assistance through federal, state, or local subsidies;
* Projects which promote healthy living and tenant quality of life by providing tenant services such as blood pressure screening, CPR and first aid training, promoting nutrition and healthy eating, budget counseling and various other quality of life services, and
* Balanced distribution of HOME funds throughout the state in terms of geographical regions, counties, and urban/rural areas.

Since 2019, local, national, and global economies have been adversely affected by the worldwide pandemic arising from the virus commonly known as COVID-19. During the COVID-19 pandemic, developers of affordable housing faced rising costs and shortages for both materials and labor. They also faced supply chain disruptions for essential components, such as appliances. Throughout the affordable housing industry, these conditions produced unpredictable cost overruns, funding shortfalls and construction delays. In Alabama, these conditions had the biggest impact on projects that received HOME allocations during AHFA’s 2018, 2019 or 2020 application cycles and were under construction and/or working to be placed-in-service during the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, AHFA included an addendum to the 2022 HOME Action Plan (Addendum E). The purpose of Addendum E was to help mitigate the challenges for affordable housing development in Alabama by allowing projects that received 2018, 2019 or 2020 HOME allocations to request an additional HOME allocation. Because AHFA is permitted to allocate only the resources necessary to make a project financially feasible, AHFA cannot and should not be expected to fund the full amount requested by the applicant, especially in those cases where an applicant proposes to complete a higher than normal cost development, which far exceeds AHFA minimum Design Quality Standards and Construction Manual. Addendum E applies only to the 2022 HOME Action Plan and does not modify AHFA’s HOME Action Plan for any prior year. To the extent any provision of Addendum E applies only to a specified period of time, that provision affects the HOME Action Plan only for the period specified. Except to the extent expressly modified by the Addendum, all provisions of the 2022 HOME Action Plan remain in full force effect.

Addendum E established the following priorities:

Additional HOME Allocations In the current application cycle, this HOME Action Plan will prioritize the completion and financial feasibility of Projects that (i) received an allocation of HOME funds in 2018, 2019 or 2020, (ii) have not been Placed in Service more than 6 months prior to the application submission, (iii) demonstrate the need for an additional HOME allocation to offset cost overruns, and (iv) are awarded an additional allocation of 2022 HOME funds. This priority may result in materially fewer 2022 HOME funds being available for new applicants in the current application cycle. Any such allocation shall be subject to the applicant’s satisfaction of the following requirements:

* Ownership Entities for the projects listed above may be required to submit a complete Application Package and be subject to AHFA’s threshold items, underwriting and cost requirements, in order to be considered for an additional HOME allocation.
* Each applicant must pay to AHFA, at the time of application, an application fee of $2,500 for each project that applies for an additional HOME allocation. This fee will not be refunded in whole or in part, regardless of whether the applicant receives an additional HOME allocation.
* Each applicant will be required to specify the dollar amount of additional HOME allocation requested for each project, describe how that dollar amount relates to specific cost overruns, funding shortfalls or construction delays incurred by the project, and demonstrate that such overruns, shortfalls or delays were caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and not otherwise reasonably foreseeable or avoidable by the Development Team Members.
* Each applicant must detail the efforts it has made (or will make) to increase or restructure existing loans or equity commitments and to secure additional sources of funding in order to address or offset the cost overruns, funding shortfalls or construction delays that are the basis for the application. Any adjustments, increases or new sources of funding, and any planned or pending requests therefor, must be disclosed to AHFA in any application for an additional HOME allocation. Failure to disclose any of the foregoing information to AHFA in an application, or failure to notify AHFA in writing of any adjustments, increases or new sources of funding that are received or requested by the applicant after the date of application to AHFA, may result in termination of any or all prior allocations or awards of funding for that project from AHFA.
* AHFA will prioritize applications for additional HOME allocations that include evidence satisfactory to AHFA that some or all of the following steps have been taken by the applicant to move forward with the project:
  + The applicant has secured additional sources of funding, not included in the initial application for HOME Funds, to offset cost overruns, funding shortfalls or construction delays incurred by the project as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
  + The applicant has secured increased amounts of funding from sources for which the applicant received points in the initial application for HOME Funds to offset cost overruns, funding shortfalls or construction delays incurred by the project as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
  + For projects that received an allocation of HOME funds from AHFA in 2018, 2019 or 2020, the applicant completed a pre-construction conference with AHFA as of December 2, 2021.
  + The applicant closed the construction loan for the project as of December 2, 2021.
* If AHFA elects to allocate additional HOME funds to a project, the amount of 2022 HOME funds allocated to a project will be exempt from the HOME Cap; provided, however, that AHFA will not allocate additional HOME funds in excess of the amount determined by AHFA to be necessary, taking into consideration the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, to make a project financially feasible within the meaning of this HOME Action Plan. 2022 HOME Action Plan – Addendum E – COVID-19 Pandemic Response E-3.
* If a project receives a written agreement from AHFA for an additional HOME allocation, the applicant must, within fifteen (15) days after the date of the written agreement, execute and return the written agreement.
* The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on the affordable housing industry are unprecedented events, and in its evaluation of applications for an additional HOME allocation, AHFA will likely be required to consider evolving impacts and circumstances not yet fully understood. Therefore, AHFA reserves the right to determine in its sole and absolute discretion (i) whether to allocate additional HOME Funds to a project that received a HOME allocation in 2018, 2019 or 2020, and (ii) if any additional allocation is made, the amount of the allocation.
* On or before the initial due date for applications for 2022 HOME funds, AHFA will announce the dates for submitting requests for additional HOME funds for projects that received 2018, 2019 or 2020 HOME allocations. AHFA will make available to prospective applicants the form of request and other supporting documents that must be completed in order to apply.”

To address the priorities, set forth in the HOME Action Plan AHFA used each of the annual HOME allocations (PY2020-PY2024) to produce multi-family rental housing for low-income households. All the selected projects are new construction. Efforts are made to restrict duplication of HOME awards in cities and/or counties within a given Program Year to afford maximum geographical distribution HOME funds in the state. However, due to the increasing number of previously awarded HOME-funded projects applying for rehabilitation awards, AHFA will award a new construction and a rehabilitation project within the same county providing the market supports the need for the addition of the new units.

AHFA utilizes a Point Scoring System when evaluating HOME applications. The allocation selection process is as follows:

1. The highest scoring project per county with ownership by an AHFA-Approved CHDO will be funded until the regulatory 15% CHDO set-aside has been met.
2. The highest scoring Housing Credit project and/or HOME project combined with Housing Credits will be allocated per county until all available 2022 Housing Credits and HOME Funds have been allocated, subject to the following exception. AHFA will allocate Housing Credits to 2 projects in the same county or city only if both projects score high enough to be funded, are otherwise eligible to be funded under this HOME Action Plan, and one of the projects being considered has all of the following attributes at the time of application: (i) has received a HOME Loan from AHFA, (ii) has at least 85% occupancy, and (iii) has either (a) repaid the HOME Loan in full, or (b) has closed a 15-year extension of the debt evidenced by the outstanding HOME loan.
3. If all available 2022 Housing Credits have been allocated and there still remains available HOME Funds, the highest scoring HOME project combined with Housing Credits may be allocated per county, subject to a future-year Housing Credit allocation.

Beyond these preferences, the projects are awarded points toward ranking as follows:

(1) Project Characteristics:

* extra amenities
* use of energy efficient / conservation / healthy living materials / appliances
* use of low maintenance building materials
* rent affordability / rental and operating subsidies
* set-asides for elderly
* targeting low-income families (individuals with children)
* set-asides for tenants with disabilities or homeless
* targeting households on the public housing waiting list
* percentage of units designed and constructed to be readily accessible for tenants with mobility or sensory impairments.
* Preservation of multifamily housing
* project proximity to neighborhood services
* census tract location

(2) Applicant Characteristics:

* minorities or women with ownership in the project or applicant guarantees at least 10% of total building cost is awarded to minority- or women-owned businesses
* successful experience in the development of multifamily housing
* sound experience as managing agents of low-income multifamily housing

Points can also be lost due to:

(1) Negative Neighborhood Services

(2) Poor Accessibility from surrounding area

(3) Changes to AHFA-funded projects without AHFA consent

(4) Uncorrected negative findings from compliance monitoring

While these lists are not all-inclusive, they are generally representative of the process for scoring competitive applications.

All projects must comply with Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s Design Quality Standards & Construction Manual which is included in the 2022 HOME Action Plan as Addendum C and can be found at [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). All projects must be designed and constructed in accordance with the applicable requirements of the 2010 Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Fair Housing Act, state and local disaster mitigation standards, 2009 or 2012 International Building Code- International Residential Code, 2009 International Energy Conservation Code for single-family homes, 2007American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-conditioning Engineers 90.2 for multifamily buildings and any more restrictive local building code requirements.

The anticipated usage of HOME funds by the Alabama Housing Finance Authority is as follows:

Loans: 75%

CHDO's: 15%

Administration: 10%

In 2022, three (3) projects were awarded HOME funds (see table below). The projects awarded in 2022 will be monitored by AHFA during the construction process and HOME funds will be disbursed upon completion of construction.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **2022 HOME Awards** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Award Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HOME Assisted Units** |
| Live Oak Trace | 2022003 | Mobile | 2,454,478 | Elderly | 56 |
| Freedom Village | 2022007 | Montgomery | 1,300,000 | Elderly | 56 |
| Wyatt Lee Meadows | 2022011 | Etowah | 917,745 | Elderly | 56 |

In 2022, two (2) projects with prior year awards received an increase in HOME funds in accordance with Addendum E to the 2022 HOME Action Plan (see table below). The projects that received increased award amounts will be monitored by AHFA during the construction process and HOME funds will be disbursed upon completion of construction:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Awards of Additional HOME funds** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Recommended Additional HOME Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HOME Assisted Units** |
| The Pines at Harwick | 2019038 | Houston | 169,940 | Multifamily | 56 |
| Bluegrass Apartments | 2018012 | Shelby | 147,668 | Multifamily | 46 |

**ESG**: For PY2022, Alabama received an allocation of $2,755,076 in ESG funds. The ESG Program’s goals are to assist homeless persons and victims of domestic violence, to upgrade facilities for the homeless, and to provide essential services to homeless persons. During April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, the ESG program assisted 5,731 homeless persons in the State of Alabama. Assistance was provided to 1,789 persons fleeing domestic violence.

**HOPWA**: For PY2022, AIDS Alabama received an allocation of $3,681,993 in HOPWA funds. A total of 226 qualified consumers living with HIV and 104 other household members received direct housing assistance through this funding. 20,062 legs of transportation were provided statwide to those qualified households, which is more than the proposed goal of 20,000 legs of client transports. HOPWA funding also provided 10,853 supportive service activities for HOPWA eligible households throughout the State. Contracts with seven additional AIDS Service Organizations (ASOs) assisted AIDS Alabama in meeting this goal. Efforts to disseminate HIV-specific housing and resource information were successful during this program year;4,751 households were reached. HOPWA funds were used to supplement the operational cost of 92 units of housing statewide, which includes the operations of a 14-bed community facility in Birmingham, 14 transitional housing beds and 78 permanent housing units scattered throughout the State of Alabama. This support also includes salaries for 1 FTE Housing Director to ensure that AIDS Alabama is providing safe, affordable, and decent housing.

AIDS Alabama is dedicated to a statewide system of responding to the needs of low-income, HIV-positive Alabamians. The AIDS Service Organization Network of Alabama (ASONA), a unique body comprised of leadership from each of the nine AIDS Service Organizations, allows for complete coverage of the entire state. As the lead agency for HIV-specific housing, AIDS Alabama coordinates a collaborative effort to provide housing assistance and supportive services to each of the 67 counties. Statewide funding is allocated through a competitive process between ASOs each grant period with the commitment to provide equitable resources to all eligible HIV-positive persons.

Waiting List: Through its network of partner organizations across the State, AIDS Alabama maintains a waiting list for each of its housing programs. Through a referral system, ASOs connect eligible clients with existing housing programs. If there are no current vacancies, the client is added to a waiting list until that unit, or a comparable unit, is available. AIDS Alabama also maintains a statewide waiting list for HOPWA Tenant-Based Rental Assistance. With an increase in HOPWA funding, AIDS Alabama and its partners have been able to extend additional TBRA and STRMU assistance to eligible households throughout the state as the demand for safe and affordable housing continues to grow. The TBRA waiting list, as well as all HOPWA funding, will continue to be monitored monthly.

**HTF**: The PY2022 AHFA National Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan lists the following priorities for the use of HTF funds:

1. Geographic Diversity - AHFA anticipates allocating available HTF funds to expand the overall rental housing supply located throughout the state in metropolitan and/or rural areas (or nonmetropolitan areas) as defined by HUD.
2. Applicant Capacity – AHFA will evaluate each applicant’s ability to undertake and complete construction of the proposed HTF housing in a timely manner. Each applicant will be required to demonstrate in its application the human and financial capacity to complete the proposed Project and will be required to provide a list of the proposed Project’s development team members (e.g., general contractor, architect, legal counsel, etc.).
3. Rental Assistance - A funding priority will be given to applicants with projects that have secured federal, state, or local project-based and/or voucher(s) for rental assistance so that rents are affordable to ELI families.
4. Duration of HTF Affordability Period - A funding priority will be given for projectsthat demonstrate the ability to remain financially feasible five (5) years beyond the required 30-year period.
5. Leveraging – A funding priority will be given to applicants that have a commitment from other non-federal sources needed to develop and operate the proposed housing. Sources may include, but are not limited to, value of donated land, funds for purchase of land, construction financing, permanent financing, furnishings and operating subsidies. To qualify for points for receiving additional subsidies, the funds may be loaned (required repayment) or granted.
6. Limitation on Beneficiaries or Preferences – A funding priority (25 points) will be given for targeting the rental housing needs of ELI veterans, ELI persons with physical or mental disabilities or other ELI underserved populations. The applicant must identify each specific ELI population needing assistance in the targeted service area and provide evidence in the form of a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with a service provider or provide a written Beneficiary Plan detailing efforts to coordinate and integrate the proposed HTF units with other support service programs and other mainstream resources targeted to ELI populations. Applicants must specifically address the housing and service needs of ELI veterans, ELI persons with physical or mental disabilities, and/or other ELI underserved populations in the targeted service area. Quantifiable data, specific to their service area, must be detailed to the fullest extent possible. To qualify for points, the applicant must provide a MOU or Beneficiary Plan.

During the reporting period of April 1, 2022, through March 31, 2023, one (1) application for funds was received (see Table below).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **2022 HTF Applications** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Requested Award Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HTF Assisted Units** |
| Trinity Ridge | 2021010 | Lee | $802,000 | Elderly | 3 |
| **Total Requested** | | | **$802,000** | **Total Units** | **3** |

**Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives [24 CFR 91.520(g)]** Categories, priority levels, funding sources and amounts, outcomes/objectives, goal outcome indicators, units of measure, targets, actual outcomes/outputs, and percentage completed for each of the grantee's program year goals.

**Table 1 - Accomplishments - Program Year 2022 (April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023**

**One-Year Plan)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | | | |
| **Alabama's CDBG Program** | **Non-Housing Community Development** | **Source: CDBG**  **Amount: PY2022 = $23,556,938**  **(plus funds awarded from PY2016, PY2017,**  **PY2018,**  **PY2019,**  **PY2020,**  **and PY2021** | **Indicator** | | **Expected** | **Actual** | | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
| **CDBG Grants (59) Closed by 3/31/2023 involving the following activities:**  15 involved the sewer activity,  1 involved the sewer hookup activity (52 units hooked-up),  15 involved the water activity,  1 involved the water hookup activity (24 units hooked-up),  26 involved the roads activity,  11 involved the drainage activity,  4 involved a local planning grant,  2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,  1 involved a construction of a senior center,  1 involved downtown revitalization,  1 involved architectural barrier removal,  2 involved a residential rehabilitation (40 units rehabbed),  1 involved a traffic signal for a business,  1 involved fire protection for a business, and  1 involved a loan for a business. | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 60,000 | | 27,786 | Persons Assisted | | 46.3% |
|  | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate  Income Housing Benefit | 45 | | 76  (76 units  hooked-up / households assisted) | Households Assisted | | 168.8% |
|  | | | Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated | 20 | | 40 | Household Housing Unit | | 200% |
|  | | | Jobs created / retained | 1,000 | | 622 | Jobs | | 62.2% |
|  | | | Businesses  Assisted | 10 | | 12 | Businesses Assisted | | 120% |
|  | | | Buildings Demolished | 100 | | 60 | Buildings | | 60% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's CDBG-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act**  **CDBG-CV Program Activities** | **Source: Other (CARES Act, CDBG-CV)**  **Amount: PY2020 = $40,459,786\*** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
| . | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 578,123 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate  Income Housing Benefit | 644,414 | 13,546 | Households Assisted | 2.1% |
|  | | | Public Service Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 393,304 | 64,175 | Persons Assisted | 16.32% |
|  | | | Public Service Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 286,468 | 7,327 | Households Assisted | 2.56% |
|  | | | Tenant-based Rental Assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 1,128 | 0 | Households Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 561 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Jobs created / retained | 910 | 0 | Jobs | 0% |
|  | | | Businesses assisted | 260 | 0 | Businesses  Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Other | 1 | 0 | Other | 0% |

\* The State of Alabama’s PY2020 CARES Act Coronavirus CDBG-CV grant funds were not awarded until after March 31, 2021. No results were reported for PY2020 nor PY2021.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's ESG Program** | **Homeless** | **Source: ESG**  **Amount: PY2022 = $2,755,076**  **(plus funds awarded from**  **PY2020, and PY2021)** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 100 | 446 | Households Assisted | 446% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 3,500 | 4431 | Persons Assisted | 126% |
|  | | | Overnight / Emergency Shelter / Transitional Housing Beds added | 0 | 0 | Beds | n/a |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 200 | 589 | Persons Assisted | 294% |
|  | | | Housing for Homeless added | 0 | 0 | Household Housing Unit | n/a |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's ESG-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act**  **ESG-CV Program Activities** | **PY2020 =**  **$23,237,004** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 400 | 1,382 | Households Assisted | 345% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 1200 | 4,948 | Persons Assisted | 412% |
|  | | | Overnight / Emergency Shelter / Transitional Housing Beds added | 0 | 0 | Beds | n/a |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 800 | 1,395 | Persons Assisted | 174% |
|  | | | Other | 0 | 0 | Other | 0% |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** |  |  |  |  |
| **Alabama's HOME Program** | **Affordable Housing** | **HOME Funds Disbursed**  **PY2022**  PY2017 PI  $111,525.81  PY2017 EN  $2,201,090  PY2018 EN  $5,333,146.98  PY2018 CR  $2,144,320  PY2019 EN  $320,717.21 | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual:** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  | **$10,110,800** | Rental units constructed | 200 | 280 | Household Housing Unit | 120% |

**HOME**: In PY2022, construction was completed, and HOME Loans closed on five (5) HOME Projects (totaling 280 units) utilizing $10,110,800 of HOME funds from PY2017 – PY2019 (See ConPlan Goals and Accomplishments IDIS Report and PR05-Drawdown Report by Project and Activity). These projects were issued HOME Commitments in the 2018 and 2019 Application Cycles:

1. **Providence Place II** (AHFA #2019012) in Tuscaloosa County: a newly constructed 56-unit, multifamily and special needs apartment community. Funded with $2,085,020 of PY18-EN funds.
2. **Cottages at Indian Creek** (AHFA #2018022) in Madison County: a newly constructed 56-unit elderly and special needs apartment community. Funded with $2,144,320 of PY18-CR funds.
3. **The Legacy at St. Andrews** (AHFA #2018035) in Etowah County: a newly constructed 56-unit multifamily and special needs apartment community. Funded with $111,525.81 of PY17-PI and $2,225,874.19 of PY18-EN funds.
4. **Providence Park** (AHFA #2019017) in Lee County: a newly constructed 56-unit elderly and special needs apartment community. Funded with $1,022,252.79 of PY18-EN and $320,717.21 PY19-EN funds.
5. **The Cove at New Haven** (AHFA #2018038) in Marshall County: a newly constructed 56-unit multifamily and special needs apartment community. Funded with $2,201,090 of PY17-EN funds.

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| **Detailed Plan Progress in HOME Program – Reporting Period April 1, 2022 – March 31, 2023 (PY2022)** | | | | | |
| Program Year Awarded | Project Name | **Program Funding Closed in PY2022** | Project County | Units | Type |
| 2019 | Providence Place II | $2,085,020 | Tuscaloosa | 56 | Multifamily |
| 2018 | Cottages at Indian Creek | $2,144,320 | Madison | 56 | Elderly |
| 2018 | The Legacy at St. Andrews | $2,337,400 | Etowah | 56 | Multifamily |
| 2017 | Providence Park | $1,342,970 | Lee | 56 | Elderly |
| 2018 | The Cove at New Haven | $2,201,090 | Marshall | 56 | Multifamily |
|  |  | $10,110,800 |  | 280 |  |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HOPWA Program** | **Homeless** | **Source: HOPWA**  **Amount: PY2022 = $3,860,817** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  |  | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 100 | 68 | Households Assisted | 68% |
|  |  |  | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 30 | 14 | Persons Assisted | 46% |
|  |  |  | HIV/AIDS Housing Operations | 100 | 78 | Household Housing Unit | 78% |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HOPWA-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act**  **HOPWA-CV Program Activities** | **Source:**  **Other (CARES Act, HOPWA-CV)**  **Amount: PY2020 =**  **$365,910** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers | 2 | 2 | Housholds Assisted | 1000% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 12 | 2 | Persons Assisted | 16% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 2 | 16 | Persons Assisted | 125% |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HTF Program** | **Affordable Housing** | **Source:**  **HTF** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  | PY2016  $348,332 | Rental Units Constructed | 15 | 3 | Household Housing Unit | 20% |

**HTF**: In PY2022, construction was completed, and the HTF Loan closed on one (1) HTF Project, totaling 3 units and utilized $348,332 of HTF funds from PY2016. (See ConPlan Goals and Accomplishments IDIS Report and PR05-Drawdown Report by Project and Activity). This project was issued an HTF Commitment in the 2018 Application Cycle:

1. **Village at Bridge Creek** (AHFA #2018006) in Cullman County: newly constructed 56-unit, elderly apartment community with 3 HTF units. Funded with $348,322 of PY16-EN funds.

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| **Detailed Plan Progress in HTF Program – Reporting Period April 1, 2022 – March 31, 2023 (PY2022)** | | | | | |
| Program Year Awarded | Project Name | **Program Funding Closed in PY2021** | Project County | Units | Type |
| 2018 | Village at Bridge Creek | $348,332 | Cullman | 3 | Elderly |
|  |  | $348,332 |  | 3 |  |

**Table 2 - Accomplishments - Strategic Plan to Date (2020-2024 Five-Year Plan)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's CDBG Program** | **Non-Housing Community Development** | **Source: CDBG**  **Amount: PY2022 =**  **$23,556,938**  **(plus funds awarded from PY2016, PY2017,**  **PY2018,**  **PY2019,**  **PY2020, and PY2021)** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
| **CDBG Grants (59) Closed by 3/31/2023 involving the following activities:**  15 involved the sewer activity,  1 involved the sewer hookup activity  (52 units hooked-up),  15 involved the water activity,  1 involved the water hookup activity  (24 units hooked-up),  26 involved the roads activity,  11 involved the drainage activity,  4 involved a local planning grant,  2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,  1 involved a construction of a senior center,  1 involved downtown revitalization,  1 involved architectural barrier removal,  2 involved a residential rehabilitation  (40 units rehabbed),  1 involved a traffic signal for a business,  1 involved fire protection for a business, and  1 involved a loan for a business. | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 180,000  (60,000 in PY2020  +  60,000 in PY2021  +  60,000 in PY2022 = 180,000) | 87,442  (31,615 persons assisted in PY2020  +  28,041 persons assisted in PY2021  +  27,786 persons assisted in PY2022  = 87,442) | Persons Assisted | 48.57% |
|  | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 135  (45 in PY2020  +  45 in PY2021  +  45 in PY2022 = = 135) | 151  (63 households assisted in PY2020  +  12 units / households  hooked-up / assisted in  PY2021  +  76 units / households  hooked-up / assisted in  PY2022  = 151) | Households Assisted | 111.85% |
|  | | | Public service activities for Low / Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 300  (100 in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  100 in PY2022 = = 300) | 38,819  (13,946 households assisted in PY2020  +  13,954 households  assisted in PY2021  +  10,919 households assisted in PY2022  = 38,819) | Households Assisted | 12,939% |
|  | | | Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated | 60  (20 in PY2020  +  20 in PY2021  +  20 in PY2022 = = 60) | 103  (63 housing units in PY2020  +  0 households assisted in PY2021  +  40 households assisted in PY2022  = 103) | Household Housing Unit | 171.66% |
|  | | | Jobs created /  retained | 2,000  (1,000 in PY2020  +  1,000 in PY2021  +  1,000 in PY2022  = 3,000) | 3,265  (833 jobs in PY2020 +  1,810 jobs in PY2021 +  622 jobs  in PY2022  = 3,265) | Jobs | 163.25% |
|  | | | Businesses Assisted | 30  (10 in PY2020  +  10 in PY2021  +  10 in PY2022  = 30) | 52  (21 businesses assisted in PY2020  +  19 businesses assisted in PY2021  +  12 businesses assisted in PY2022  = 52) | Businesses Assisted | 173.3% |
|  | | | Buildings Demolished | 300  (100 in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  100 in PY2022  = 300) | 214  (108  buidlings demolished in PY2020 +  46 buidlings demolished in PY2021 +  60 buildings demolished in PY2022 = 214) | Buildings | 71.3% |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's**  **CDBG-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act CDBG-CV Program Activities** | **Source: Other (CARES Act, CDBG-CV)**  **Amount:**  **PY2020 = $40,459,786\*** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 578,123 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Public Facility or Infrastructure Activities for Low/Moderate  Income Housing Benefit | 644,414 | 13,546 | Households Assisted | 2.1% |
|  | | | Public Service Activities other than Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 393,304 | 64,175 | Persons Assisted | 16.32% |
|  | | | Public Service Activities for Low/Moderate Income Housing Benefit | 286,468 | 7,327 | Households Assisted | 2.56% |
|  | | | Tenant-based Rental Assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 1,128 | 0 | Households Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 561 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Jobs created / retained | 910 | 0 | Jobs | 0% |
|  | | | Businesses assisted | 260 | 0 | Businesses  Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Other | 1 | 0 | Other | 0% |

\* The State of Alabama’s PY2020 CARES Act Coronavirus CDBG-CV grant funds were not awarded until after March 31, 2021. No results were reported for PY2020 nor PY2021.

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's ESG Program** | **Homeless** | **Source: ESG**  **Amount:**  **PY2022 = $2,755,076** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 300  (100 in PY2020  +  100 in  PY 2021  +  100 in PY2022 = 300) | 830  (100 in PY2020  +  284 in PY2021 +  446 in PY2022 = 830) | Households Assisted | 276% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 9,500  (2,500  in PY2020  +  3,500 in PY2021  +  3,500 in PY2022 = 9,500) | 9,361  (1,170  in PY2020  +  3,760 in PY2021  +  4,431 in PY2022 = 9,361) | Persons Assisted | 98% |
|  | | | Overnight / Emergency Shelter / Transitional Housing Beds added | 3,510  (10  in PY2020  +  3,500 in PY2021  +  0 in PY2022 = 3,510) | 0  (0  in PY2020  +  0 in PY2021 +  0 in PY2022 = 0) | Beds | 0% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 600  (200  in PY2020  +  200 in PY2021  +  200 in PY2022 = 600) | 1,399  (464  in PY2020  +  346 in PY2021  +  589 in PY2022 = 1,399) | Persons Assisted | 233% |
|  | | | Housing for Homeless added | 300  (100  in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  100 in PY2022 = 300) | 0  (0  in PY2020  +  0 in PY2021  +  0 in PY2022 = 0) | Household Housing Unit | n/a |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's ESG-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act**  **ESG-CV Program Activities** | **Source: Other (CARES Act, ESG-CV)**  **Amount:**  **PY2020 = $23,237,004** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 400 | 1,382 | Households Assisted | 345% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 1,200 | 4,948 | Persons Assisted | 412% |
|  | | | Overnight / Emergency Shelter / Transitional Housing Beds added | 0 | 0 | Beds | 0% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 800 | 1,395 | Persons Assisted | 174% |
|  | | | Other (See activities below) | 0 | 0 | Other (See activities below) | 0% |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HOME Program** | **Affordable Housing** | **Source:**  **HOME**  **PY2020 – PY2024** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  | Total to Date  $54,715,829  PY2024  PY2023  PY2022  $12,419,271  $8,371,173  PY2021  $11,227,286  $5,852,130  PY2020  $11,386,030  $5,459,939 | Rental Units Constructed | 1,000 Total  PY2024  200  PY2023  200  PY2022  200  PY2021  200  PY2020  200 | 1,033  To Date  PY2022  168  PY2021432  PY2020  433 | Household Housing Unit | 103% |

**HOME** Please see IDIS Reports PR-27 and PR-23 for data supporting the figures in the table above. In PY2022 AHFA committed $4,463,223 in HOME funds for the new construction of three (3) projects which will yield 168 elderly and special needs units when construction is completed which is expected in 2025. Also, in PY2022 construction was completed and HOME loans closed on five (5) projects awarded HOME funds in PY2017, PY2018, and PY2019. These projects produced 280 units which were occupied in PY2022.

In PY2021 AHFA committed $16,796,255 in HOME funds for the construction of eight (8) projects yielding 432 new HOME-Assisted Units. Due to COVID-19 Pandemic related delays, completion of construction for these projects is expected in 2025. Construction was completed on eight (8) previously awarded HOME-funded projects resulting in the addition of 418 HOME-Assisted Units utilizing $13,359,455 of funds awarded from 2017 and 2018 HOME Allocations.

In PY2020, AHFA made commitments of $26,375,800 in HOME funds to eight (8) projects to produce 433 HOME-Assisted Units. These projects are expected to complete construction by 2023. Additionally, construction was completed, and HOME Loans closed on seven (7) HOME-funded projects utilizing $11,003,300 of HOME funds from PY2015, PY2016, and PY2017 (See ConPlan Goals and Accomplishments IDIS Report and PR05-Drawdown Report by Project and Activity) and creating 392 HOME-Assisted units. These projects were issued HOME Commitments in the 2017 Application Cycle.

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| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HOME Program - PY2022** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2022)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2022)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| PY2022 | Freedom Village | $1,300,000 |  | Montgomery | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2022 | Live Oak Trace | $2,245,478 |  | Mobile | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2022 | Wyatt Lee Meadows | $917,745 |  | Etowah | 56 | Elderly |
|  |  | $4,463,223 |  |  | 168 |  |
| PY2019 | Providence Place II |  | $2,085,020 | Tuscaloosa | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2018 | Cottages at Indian Creek |  | $2,144,320 | Madison | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2018 | The Legacy at St. Andrews |  | $2,337,400 | Etowah | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2017 | Providence Park |  | $1,342,970 | Lee | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2018 | The Cove at New Haven |  | $2,201,090 | Marshall | 56 | Multifamily |
|  |  |  | $10,110,800 |  | 280 |  |

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| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HOME Program - PY2021** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2021)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2021)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| PY2021 | Azalea Landing | $2,232,215 |  |  | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2021 | Magnolia Trace | $2,245,000 |  |  | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2021 | Trinity Ridge | $1,800,000 |  |  | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2021 | Mockingbird Landing | $2,245,450 |  |  | 48 | Multifamily |
| PY2021 | High Point Senior Apartments | $2,245,450 |  |  | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2021 | The Hill at Sand Mountain | $2,245,450 |  |  | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2021 | Seth Davis Gardens | $1,724,760 |  |  | 48 | Multifamily |
| PY2021 | Honeysuckle Place | $2,057,930 |  |  | 56 | Multifamily |
|  |  | $16,796,255 |  |  | 432 |  |
| 2018044 | Appaloosa Run |  | $2,363,535 | Covington | 56 | Multifamily |
| 2018025 | Graceway |  | $244,060 | Baldwin | 48 | Elderly |
| 2018038 | The Cove at Newhaven |  | $2,201,090 | Marshall | 56 | Multifamily |
| 2018018 | Honeysuckle Grove |  | $2,363,535 | Houston | 48 | Multifamily |
| 2018002 | Nathan’s Ridge |  | $2,363,535 | Elmore | 56 | Elderly |
| 2018030 | Southern Villas at Thomasville |  | $2,149,820 | Clarke | 48 | Multifamily |
| 2018006 | Village at Bridge Creek |  | $168,940 | Cullman | 56 | Elderly |
| 2019036 | Atmore Senior Village |  | $1,504,940 | Escambia | 50 | Elderly |
|  |  |  | $13,359,455 |  | 418 |  |

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| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HOME Program - PY2020** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2020)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2020)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| PY2020 | The Timbers at Galloway | $2,368,000.00 |  | Jackson | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2020 | Village at Hixon Pond II | $12,710,400.00 |  | DeKalb | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Meadowood Creek Senior Apartments | $2,018,300.00 |  | Marion | 42 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Legacy Trail | $1,535,000.00 |  | Mobile | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Willow Oak Trace | $1,801,000.00 |  | Montgomery | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Sterling Heights | $1,458,200.00 |  | Autauga | 55 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Cedar Trace | $2,234,900.00 |  | Colbert | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Coal Ridge | $2,250,000.00 |  | Walker | 56 | Multifamily |
|  |  | 26,375,800 |  |  | 433 |  |
| PY2017 | Peyton Ridge Village |  | $1,600,000.00 | Limestone | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2017 | Orchard View Apartments |  | $1,408,000.00 | Jackson | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2017 | The Estates at Kendal |  | $1,595,300.00 | Chilton | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2017 | The Lodges on Lincoln |  | $1,600,000.00 | Dallas | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2017 | Valley Senior Village |  | $1,600,000.00 | Chambers | 56 | Elderly |
| PY2017 | Trinity Lake |  | $1,600,000.00 | Lee | 56 | Multifamily |
| PY2017 | Village at Rock Springs |  | $1,600,000.00 | St. Clair | 56 | Elderly |
|  |  |  | 11,003,300 |  | 392 |  |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HOPWA Program** | **Homeless** | **Source: HOPWA**  **Amount: PY20221 = $3,860,817** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  |  | Tenant-based rental assistance / Rapid Rehousing | 300  (100  in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  100 in PY2022  = 300) | 206  (69  in PY2020  +  69 in PY2021  +  68 in PY2022  = 206) | Households Assisted | 69% |
|  |  |  | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 90  (30  in PY2020  +  30 in PY2021  +  30 in PY2022  = 90) | 67  (26  in PY2020  +  25 in PY2021  +  16 in PY2022  = 67) | Persons Assisted | 74% |
|  |  |  | Housing for People with HIV/AIDS added | 200  (100  in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  0 in PY2022  = 200) | 216  69  in PY2020  +  69 in PY2021  +  78 in PY2022  = 216) | Household Housing Unit | 108% |
|  |  |  | HIV/AIDS Housing Operations | 300  (100  in PY2020  +  100 in PY2021  +  100 in PY2022  = 300) | 266  (103  in PY2020  +  85 in PY2021  +  78 in PY2022  = 266) | Household Housing Unit | 89% |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HOPWA-CV Program** | **Other – CARES Act**  **HOPWA-CV Program Activities** | **Source:**  **Other (CARES Act, HOPWA-CV)**  **Amount: PY2020 =**  **$365,910** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent complete** |
|  | | | Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers | 0 | 0 | Housholds Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Homeless Person Overnight Shelter | 0 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Homelessness Prevention | 0 | 0 | Persons Assisted | 0% |
|  | | | Other | 1 | 4 | Other | 400% |

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| **Goal** | **Category** | **Funding** | **Outcome** | | | | |
| **Alabama's HTF Program** | **Affordable Housing** | **Source:**  **HTF**  **PY2020 – PY2024** | **Indicator** | **Expected** | **Actual** | **Unit of Measure** | **Percent Complete** |
|  |  | $17,266,278Total to Date  PY2024  PY2023  PY2022  $7,451,918  PY2021  $2,704,317  PY2020  $3,123,706 | Rental Units Constructed | 75 Total  PY2024 – 15  PY2023 – 15  PY2022 – 15  PY2021 – 15  PY2020 - 15 | 19 to Date  PY2024  PY2023  PY2022 - 3  PY2021 - 7  PY2020 - 9 | Household Housing Unit | 25% |

**HTF** Please see IDIS Reports PR109 and PR-103 for data supporting the figures in the table above. In PY 2022, AHFA issued one (1) commitment totalling $802,000 of HTF funds to Trinity Ridge in Lee County with 3 new HTF units. Due to delays caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic, this project is expected to complete construction in 2025. No HTF projects were completed during the reporting period for PY2022.

In PY 2021, AHFA issued commitments totalling $8,390,485 of HTF funds to construct ten (10) projects which will contain 84 new HTF units. Due to delays caused by the COVID-19 Pandemic, these projects are expected to complete construction in 2025. During the 2021 Program Year, construction was completed and HTF loans closed on three (3) projects all utilizing 2016 HTF funds:

1. The Cove at Newhaven in Marshall County with 3 HTF units for $407,800.

2. The Village at Bridge Creek in Cullman County with 3 HTF units for $348,332.

3. Appaloosa Run in Covington County with 3 HTF units for $408,332.

In PY2020, AHFA made commitments of $4,332,796 of HTF Funds to six (6) projects totaling 69 HTF units. These projects are expected to complete construction by 2023. Additionally, construction was completed, and HTF Loans closed on two (2) HTF funded projects utilizing $962,490 in HTF funding from PY2017 (See ConPlan Goals and Accomplishments IDIS Report and PR05-Drawdown Report by Project and Activity) and creating 7 HTF units. These projects were issued HTF Commitments in the 2017 Application Cycle.

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| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HTF Program - PY2022** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2021)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2021)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| 2022 | Trinity Ridge | $802,000 |  | Lee | 3 | Elderly |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HTF Program - PY2021** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2021)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2021)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| 2021 | Oakleigh Crossing | $536,166 |  | Tallapoosa | 4 | Multifamily |
| 2021 | Pines at Harwick | $407,833 |  | Houston | 3 | Multifamily |
| 2021 | Willow Oak Trace | $1,026,664 |  | Montgomery | 8 | Elderly |
| 2021 | Maryvale Place | $1,300,000 |  | Mobile | 10 | Multifamily |
| 2021 | Stoneridge Villas Phase II | $573,000 |  | Madison | 7 | Elderly |
| 2021 | Coal Ridge | $902,665 |  | Walker | 8 | Multifamily |
| 2021 | Cedar Trace | $1,026,664 |  | Colbert | 8 | Elderly |
| 2021 | Azalea Landing | $769,998 |  | Mobile | 6 | Elderly |
| 2021 | The Villas at York | $1,347,495 |  | Jefferson | 12 | Elderly |
| 2021 | Sweetwater Ridge II | $500,000 |  | Lauderdale | 18 | Multifamily |
|  |  | $8,390,485 |  |  | 84 |  |
| 2018038 | The Cove at Newhaven |  | $407,800 | Marshall | 3 | Multifamily |
| 2018006 | Village at Bridge Creek |  | $348,332 | Cullman | 3 | Elderly |
| 2018044 | Appaloosa Run |  | $408,332 | Covington | 3 | Multifamily |
|  |  |  | $1,164,464 |  | 9 |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Strategic Plan / Action Plan Progress in HTF Program - PY2020** | | | | | | |
| Award Program Year | Project Name | **ACTION PLAN (Awarded in PY2020)** | **STRATEGIC PLAN (Closed in PY2020)** | Project County | Units | Type |
| PY2020 | Village at Bridge Creek | $348,332.00 |  | Cullman | 4 | Elderly |
| PY2020 | Sweetwater Ridge | $800,000.00 |  | Lauderdale | 14 | Multifamily |
| PY2020 | South Oak Apartments, I | $400,000.00 |  | Baldwin | 4 | Multifamily |
| PY2020 | South Oak Apartments, II | $1,026,664.00 |  | Baldwin | 32 | Multifamily |
| PY2020 | South Oak Apartments, III | $1,350,000.00 |  | Baldwin | 12 | Multifamily |
| PY2020 | The Cove at Newhaven | $407,800.00 |  | Marshall | 3 | Multifamily |
|  |  | $4,332,796 |  |  | 69 |  |
| PY2017 | Trinity Lake |  | $449,160.00 | Lee | 3 | Multifamily |
| PY2017 | Village at Rock Springs |  | $513,330.00 | St. Clair | 4 | Elderly |
|  |  |  | $962,490 |  | 7 |  |

**Assess how the State's use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s priorities are reflected in the objectives stated herein above as well as in the State of Alabama’s PY2020-PY2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan for the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs, more specifically the following:

Long-Term (Five Year 2020-2024) Objectives:

1. To provide important community facilities that address all aspects of community development (CDBG);

2. To promote economic development that creates new jobs, retains existing employment, and expands the local tax base (CDBG); and

3. To meet the affordable housing needs of low- and moderate-income Alabamians (HOME and CDBG).

Short-Term (One Year 2022) Objectives:

1. To allow communities to address the community development needs perceived to be the most important at the local level (CDBG);

2. To encourage communities to develop and implement infrastructure plans for the near-future (CDBG);

3. To assist communities in responding to economic and development needs in a timely manner primarily through infrastructure assistance (CDBG);

4. To provide a mechanism for managing health hazards and urgent needs so that communities can readily respond to crises (CDBG); and

5. To provide a mechanism for addressing a wide variety of community development needs including housing rehabilitation (CDBG).

Alabama's use of its annual allocation of CDBG funds addresses the long-term and short-term objectives through the local communities' annual expenditure of the grant funds within the State's non-entitlement areas. ADECA closed-out 59 grants that were open/active during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, in that all 59 grants were closed-out as of March 31, 2023. These 59 grants had expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016 through 2022 and are identified hereinabove in *Chart 8 - Program Year 2016 through Program Year 2022 CDBG Grants Closed During the Reporting Period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023*. Of these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, the priority (primary) activities for the grants are as follows:

15 involved the sewer activity,

1 involved the sewer hookup activity (52 units hooked-up),

15 involved the water activity,

1 involved the water hookup activity (24 units hooked-up),

26 involved the roads activity,

11 involved the drainage activity,

4 involved a local planning grant,

2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved a construction of a senior center,

1 involved downtown revitalization,

1 involved architectural barrier removal,

2 involved a residential rehabilitation (40 units rehabbed),

1 involved a traffic signal for a business,

1 involved fire protection for a business, and

1 involved a loan for a business.

For these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, a total of 12 businesses were assisted that created 473 jobs through grants for economic development, of which 371 jobs were made available to persons of low and moderate income (145 moderate income, 113 low income, and 113 very low income).

Below in *Chart 12*, these 59 now-closed grants are identified to include the number of beneficiaries (both persons and households) who were reported to ADECA as having been assisted through the expenditure of CDBG funds by these local communities.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 12**  **Number of Beneficiaries (Persons and Households)**  **Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants**  **Open During April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period** | | | | | | |
| **Number**  **Of**  **Grants Closed:**  **59** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Type of Grant** | **Activity** | **Number of Persons Assisted (Beneficiaries)** | **Number of Households Assisted (Beneficiaries)** |
| **BENEFICIARIES:** | | | | | | |
| 1 | Demopolis | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $334,805.54) | CDBG | Roads | 325 Beneficiaries | 152 Households |
| 2 | Lanett | $250,000  (Final expenditure: $242,469.31) | CDBG | Downtown Revitalization | 6,370 Beneficiaries | 2,676 Households |
| 3 | Heflin | $40,000 | CDBG | Planning | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) |
| 4 | Linden | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $322,241.28) | CDBG | Roads | 242 Beneficiaries | 112 Households |
| 5 | Silas | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $337,471.69) | CDBG | Roads | 105 Beneficiaries | 48 Households |
| 6 | Clanton | $239,400 | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance of 26 Structures | Demolition Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Demolition Grant) | 26 units demolished  (Demolition Grant = beneficiaries are counted in number of units) |
| 7 | Ashland | $350,000 | CDBG | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | 426 Beneficiaries | 206 Households |
| 8 | Colbert County | $182,876  (Final expenditure: $138,934) | CDBG | Roads / Drainage | 42 Beneficiaries | 35 Households |
| 9 | North Courtland | $347,300  (Final expenditure: $346,390) | CDBG | Drainage | 97 Beneficiaries | 66 Households |
| 10 | Pine Hill | $350,000 | CDBG | Sewer | 930 Beneficiaries | 190 Households |
| 11 | Limestone County | $301,000 | CDBG | Roads / Drainage | 69 Beneficiaries | 22 Households |
| 12 | Detroit | $350,000 | CDBG | Water | 102 Beneficiaries | 38 Households |
| 13 | York | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $238,549.11) | CDBG | Sewer | 94 Beneficiaries | 48 Households |
| 14 | Lisman | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $338,786) | CDBG | Roads | 106 Beneficiaries | 39 Households |
| 15 | Camp Hill | $350,000 | CDBG | Sewer | 1014 Beneficiaries | 436 Households |
| 16 | Butler County | $250,000 | CDBG | Architectural Barrier Removal | 6635 Beneficiaries | 2272 Households |
| 17 | Columbiana | $450,000 | CDBG | Sewer | 4016 Beneficiaries | 1479 Households |
| 18 | Oneonta | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $340,528.02) | CDBG | Roads | 60 Beneficiaries | 20 Households |
| 19 | Guntersville | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $398,483.78) | CDBG | Roads / Drainage | 182 Beneficiaries | 74 Households |
| 20 | White Hall | $550,000 | CDBG | Sewer  /  Hookups  (52 units hooked up) | 126 Beneficiaries  /  52 Beneficiaries for sewer hookups | 52 units hooked-up |
| 21 | McKenzie | $350,000 | CDBG | Water / Roads | 184 Beneficiaries | 64 Households |
| 22 | Red Bay | $445,000  (Final expenditure: $362,562.86) | CDBG | Sewer | 104 Beneficiaries | 44 Households |
| 23 | Pike County | $350,000 | CDBG | Roads | 98 Beneficiaries | 36 Households |
| 24 | Blount County | $300,000 | CDBG | Roads | 331 Beneficiaries | 118 Households |
| 25 | Millbrook | $250,000 | CDBG | Senior Center | 2082 Beneficiaries | 774 Households |
| 26 | Walker County | $273,000 | CDBG | Water | 945 Beneficiaries | 315 Households |
| 27 | Fulton | $350,000 | CDBG | Roads | 81Beneficiaries | 25 Households |
| 28 | Cullman County | $400,000 | CDBG | Roads | 177 Beneficiaries | 63 Households |
| 29 | Parrish | $300,000 | CDBG | Roads | 58 Beneficiaries | 19 Households |
| 30 | Talladega | $250,000  (Final expenditure: $204,878.33) | CDBG | Demolition & Clearance of 34 Structures | Demolition Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Demolition Grant) | 34 units demolished  (Demolition Grant = beneficiaries are counted in number of units) |
| 31 | Daleville | $292,500 | CDBG | Water / Roads | 118 Beneficiaries | 47 Households |
| 32 | Ariton | $250,000 | CDBG | Roads | 147 Beneficiaries | 51 Households |
| 33 | Headland | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $449,901) | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation of 21 Houses | 69 Beneficiaries | 21 Households |
| 34 | Tuscaloosa County | $209,854.45 | CDBG | Water  /  Hookups  (24 units hooked up) | 63 Beneficiaries  /  24 Beneficiaries for sewer hookups | 24 units hooked-up |
| 35 | Escambia County | $350,000 | CDBG | Water | 368 Beneficiaries | 122 Households |
| 36 | Selma | $40,000 | CDBG | Planning | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) |
| 37 | Lockhart | $300,000  (Final expenditure: $298,437.50) | CDBG | Roads | 108 Beneficiaries | 45 Households |
| 38 | Franklin | $28,000 | CDBG | Planning | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) |
| 39 | Goshen | $100,000 | CDBG | Roads | 30 Beneficiaries | 11 Households |
| 40 | Lowndes County | $400,000 | CDBG | Roads | 270 Beneficiaries | 129 Households |
| 41 | Hartselle | $450,000 | CDBG | Water / Sewer / Drainage | 120 Beneficiaries | 53 Households |
| 42 | Selma | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $418,952.42) | CDBG | Roads / Drainage | 149 Beneficiaries | 64 Households |
| 43 | Level Plains | $250,000 | CDBG | Roads / Drainage | 120 Beneficiaries | 49 Households |
| 44 | Loxley | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $244,255.34) | CDBG | Sewer | 211 Beneficiaries | 81 Households |
| 45 | Kinston | $350,000 | CDBG | Residential Rehabilitation of 19 Houses | 45 Beneficiaries | 19 Households |
| 46 | Cullman | $500,000 | CDBG | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | 224 Beneficiaries | 105 Households |
| 47 | Union Springs | $450,000 | CDBG | Water / Sewer / Drainage | 121 Beneficiaries | 53 Households |
| 48 | Ariton | $30,000 | CDBG | Planning | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) |
| **Total** |  | **$**15,178,930.45  **(Final expenditure: $**14,521,400.63**)** | **CDBG** |  | **27,164 Beneficiaries** | **10,297 Households** |
| **JOBS:** | | | | | | |
| 49 | Elmore County | $150,000 | CDBG - Economic Development | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage  for  Ivy Creek Healthcare | 54 Jobs | 54 Households |
| 50 | Lincoln | $300,000 | CDBG - Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Lohr North America | 95 Jobs | 95 Households |
| 51 | West Blocton | $514,606 | CDBG - Economic Development | Sewer  for  Mercedes Benz US | 173 Jobs | 173 Households |
| 52 | Atmore | $300,000  (Final expenditure: $180,000) | CDBG - Economic Development | Water / Sewer  for  Brown Precision, Inc. | 18 Jobs | 18 Households |
| 53 | Cullman | $100,000 | CDBG - Economic Development | Traffic Signal  for  Reliance Worldwide Corporation | 30 Jobs | 30 Households |
| 54 | Moody | $140,000  (Final expenditure: $117,765) | CDBG - Economic Development | Fire Protection  for  Processors Choice  and  J & M Exotic Foods | 14 Jobs | 14 Households |
| 55 | Fort Deposit | $600,000  (Final expenditure: $73,164.10) | CDBG - Economic Development | Loan  for  Chowel USA, Inc. | 29 Jobs | 29 Households |
| 56 | Bibb County | $352,368.06 | CDBG - Economic Development | Water  for  Mercedes Benz US | 97 Jobs | 97 Households |
| 57 | Attalla | $200,000  (Final expenditure: $189,952.50) | CDBG - Economic Development | Water  for  Koch Foods of Gadsden, LLC | 29 Jobs | 29Households |
| 58 | Cullman County | $200,000 | CDBG - Economic Development | Roads  for  AGCO/GSI | 23 Jobs | 23 Households |
| 59 | Eufaula | $279,984  (Final expenditure: $218,974.68) | CDBG - Economic Development | Roads  for  Elm Machining  and  Keystone Foods | 60 Jobs | 60 Households |
| **Total** | **Jobs** | **$3,136,958.06**  **(Final expenditure: $2,396,830.34)** | **CDBG - Economic Development** |  | **622 Jobs** | **622 Households** |
| **Total** | **Persons + Jobs** | **$18,315,888.51**  **(Final expenditure: $16,918,230.97)** | **CDBG and CDBG - Economic Development** |  | **27,786 Beneficiaries**  **(27,164 Persons +**  **622 Jobs =**  **27,786 Beneficiaries)** | **10,919**  **Households**  **(10,297 Persons + 622 Jobs =**  **10,919**  **Households)** |

Also below, in *Chart 13*, these 59 now-closed grants are identified to include the number of beneficiaries by race (by both persons and households) who were reported to ADECA as having been assisted through the expenditure of CDBG funds by these local communities.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 13**  **Racial Composition of Beneficiaries (Persons and Households)**  **Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants**  **Open During April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period** | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **#** | **Race:** | **White** | **Black** | **Asian** | **Amer. Indian** | **Pacific Islander** | **2 or More Races** | **Other / Multi- racial** | **Hispanic** | **Non-hispanic** | **Total** |
| # | **BENEFICIARIES:** | **Persons /**  **House-holds (hh)** | **Persons / House-holds (hh)** | **Persons / House-holds (hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-holds (hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-holds**  **(hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-holds (hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-holds (hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-holds**  **(hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-**  **holds**  **(hh)** | **Persons**  **/**  **House-**  **holds**  **(hh)** |
| 1 | Demopolis | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **325 /**  **152 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **325 /**  **152 hh** | **325 /**  **152 hh** |
| 2 | Lanett | **2503 /**  **1052 hh** | **3662 /**  **1538 hh** | **6 /**  **3 hh** | **12 /**  **5 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **73 /**  **30 hh** | **113 /**  **47 hh** | **153 /**  **44 hh** | **6217 /**  **2632 hh** | **6370 /**  **2676 hh** |
| 3 | Heflin  Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** |
| 4 | Linden | **13 /**  **4 hh** | **229 /**  **108 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **4 /**  **1 hh** | **238 /**  **111 hh** | **242 /**  **112 hh** |
| 5 | Silas | **75 /**  **31 hh** | **30 /**  **17 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **105 /**  **48 hh** | **105 /**  **48 hh** |
| 6 | Clanton | **6454 /**  **2560 hh** | **1642 /**  **651 hh** | **53 /**  **21 hh** | **25 /**  **10 hh** | **6 /**  **2 hh** | **82 /**  **32 hh** | **357 /**  **141 hh** | **520 /**  **206 hh** | **8099 /**  **3211 hh** | **8619 /**  **3417 hh** |
| 7 | Ashland | **212 /**  **103 hh** | **214 /**  **103 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **426 /**  **206 hh** | **426 /**  **206 hh** |
| 8 | Colbert County | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **42 /**  **35 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **42/**  **35 hh** | **42 /**  **35 hh** |
| 9 | North Courtland | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **96 /**  **65 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **97 /**  **66 hh** | **97 /**  **66 hh** |
| 10 | Pine Hill | **326 /**  **67 hh** | **604 /**  **123 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **930 /**  **190 hh** | **930 /**  **190 hh** |
| 11 | Limestone County | **69 /**  **22 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **69 /**  **22 hh** | **69 /**  **22 hh** |
| 12 | Detroit | **90 /**  **34 hh** | **10 /**  **3 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **2 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **102 /**  **38 hh** | **102 /**  **38 hh** |
| 13 | York | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **94 /**  **48 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **94 /**  **48 hh** | **94 /**  **48 hh** |
| 14 | Lisman | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **106 /**  **39 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **106 /**  **39 hh** | **106 /**  **39 hh** |
| 15 | Camp Hill | **103 /**  **44 hh** | **896 /**  **383 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **12 /**  **6 hh** | **7 /**  **2 hh** | **1007 /**  **434 hh** | **1014 /**  **436 hh** |
| 16 | Butler County | **3610 /**  **1236 hh** | **2879 /**  **986 hh** | **53 /**  **18 hh** | **20 /**  **7 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **53 /**  **18 hh** | **20 /**  **7 hh** | **112 /**  **38 hh** | **6523 /**  **2234 hh** | **6635 /**  **2272 hh** |
| 17 | Columbiana | **3017 /**  **1111 hh** | **937 /**  **345 hh** | **51 /**  **19 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **11 /**  **4 hh** | **62 /**  **23 hh** | **3954 /**  **1456 hh** | **4016 /**  **1479 hh** |
| 18 | Oneonta | **54 /**  **18 hh** | **6 /**  **2 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **3 /**  **1 hh** | **57 /**  **19 hh** | **60 /**  **20 hh** |
| 19 | Guntersville | **138 /**  **56 hh** | **11 /**  **4 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **33 /**  **14 hh** | **26 /**  **11 hh** | **156 /**  **63 hh** | **182 /**  **74 hh** |
| 20 | White Hall | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **126 /**  **52 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **126 /**  **52 hh** | **126 /**  **52 hh** |
| 21 | McKenzie | **56 /**  **21 hh** | **128 /**  **43 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **184 /**  **64 hh** | **184 /**  **64 hh** |
| 22 | Red Bay | **101 /**  **43 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **3 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **2 /**  **1 hh** | **102 /**  **43 hh** | **104 /**  **44 hh** |
| 23 | Pike County | **22 /**  **8 hh** | **76 /**  **28 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **98 /**  **36 hh** | **98 /**  **36 hh** |
| 24 | Blount County | **324 /**  **116 hh** | **5 /**  **1 hh** | **2 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **16 /**  **6 hh** | **315 /**  **112 hh** | **331 /**  **118 hh** |
| 25 | Millbrook | **1546 /**  **574 hh** | **449 /**  **167 hh** | **17 /**  **6 hh** | **7 /**  **3 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **63 /**  **23 hh** | **85 /**  **34 hh** | **1997 /**  **740 hh** | **2082 /**  **774 hh** |
| 26 | Walker County | **879 /**  **293 hh** | **38 /**  **12 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **27 /**  **9 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **945 /**  **315 hh** | **945 /**  **315 hh** |
| 27 | Fulton | **58 /**  **18 hh** | **23 /**  **7 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **81 /**  **25 hh** | **81 /**  **25 hh** |
| 28 | Cullman County | **177 /**  **63 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **177 /**  **63 hh** | **177 /**  **63 hh** |
| 29 | Parrish | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **58 /**  **19 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **58 /**  **19 hh** | **58 /**  **19 hh** |
| 30 | Talladega | **835 /**  **380 hh** | **998 /**  **453 hh** | **2 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **61 /**  **28 hh** | **1774 /**  **806 hh** | **1835 /**  **834 hh** |
| 31 | Daleville | **82 /**  **33 hh** | **36 /**  **14 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **118 /**  **47 hh** | **118 /**  **47 hh** |
| 32 | Ariton | **82 /**  **30 hh** | **61 /**  **20 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **3 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **14 /**  **5 hh** | **133 /**  **46 hh** | **147 /**  **51 hh** |
| 33 | Headland | **5 /**  **1 hh** | **64 /**  **20 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **69 /**  **21 hh** | **69 /**  **21 hh** |
| 34 | Tuscaloosa County | **60 /**  **23 hh** | **3 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **63 /**  **24 hh** | **63 /**  **24 hh** |
| 35 | Escambia County | **99 /**  **30 hh** | **269 /**  **92 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **368 /**  **122 hh** | **368 /**  **122 hh** |
| 36 | Selma  Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** |
| 37 | Lockhart | **108 /**  **45 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **108 /**  **45 hh** | **108 /**  **45 hh** |
| 38 | Franklin  Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** |
| 39 | Goshen | **11 /**  **3 hh** | **19 /**  **8 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **30 /**  **11 hh** | **30 /**  **11 hh** |
| 40 | Lowndes County | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **269 /**  **128 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **270 /**  **129 hh** | **270 /**  **129 hh** |
| 41 | Hartselle | **120 /**  **53 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **3 /**  **1 hh** | **117 /**  **52 hh** | **120 /**  **53 hh** |
| 42 | Selma | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **149 /**  **64 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **149 /**  **64 hh** | **149 /**  **64 hh** |
| 43 | Level Plains | **100 /**  **42 hh** | **15 /**  **5 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **2 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **120 /**  **49 hh** | **120 /**  **49 hh** |
| 44 | Loxley | **13 /**  **6 hh** | **198 /**  **75 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **211 /**  **81 hh** | **211 /**  **81 hh** |
| 45 | Kinston | **45 /**  **19 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **45 /**  **19 hh** | **45 /**  **19 hh** |
| 46 | Cullman | **216 /**  **102 hh** | **8 /**  **3 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **29 /**  **14 hh** | **195 /**  **91 hh** | **224 /**  **105 hh** |
| 47 | Union Springs | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **120 /**  **52 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **121 /**  **53 hh** | **121 /**  **53 hh** |
| 48 | Ariton  Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** |
| **Totals –**  **Persons /**  **Households** | | **21,606 /**  **8,244 hh** | **14,895 /**  **5,716 hh** | **188**  **/**  **71**  **Hh** | **65**  **/**  **26**  **Hh** | **8**  **/**  **4**  **hh** | **212**  **/**  **83**  **hh** | **638**  **/**  **252**  **hh** | **1,097**  **/**  **415**  **hh** | **36,521**  **/**  **14,133**  **Hh** | **37,618**  **/**  **14,548**  **hh** |
| **JOBS:** | | **White** | **Black** | **Asian** | **Amer. Indian** | **Pacific Islander** | **2 or More Races** | **Other / Multi- racial** | **Hispanic** | **Non-hispanic** | **Total** |
| 49 | Elmore County | **47 /**  **47 hh** | **6 /**  **6 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **54 /**  **54 hh** | **54 /**  **54 hh** |
| 50 | Lincoln | **66 /**  **66 hh** | **24 /**  **24 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **3 /**  **3 hh** | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **4 /**  **4 hh** | **91 /**  **91 hh** | **95 /**  **95 hh** |
| 51 | West Blocton | **26 /**  **26 hh** | **137 /**  **137 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **5 /**  **5 hh** | **5 /**  **5 hh** | **3 /**  **3 hh** | **170 /**  **170 hh** | **173 /**  **173 hh** |
| 52 | Atmore | **14 /**  **14 hh** | **3 /**  **3 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **18 /**  **18 hh** | **18 /**  **18 hh** |
| 53 | Cullman | **29 /**  **29 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **5 /**  **5 hh** | **25 /**  **25 hh** | **30 /**  **30 hh** |
| 54 | Moody | **11 /**  **11 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **13 /**  **13 hh** | **14 /**  **14 hh** |
| 55 | Fort Deposit | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **27 /**  **27 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **28 /**  **28 hh** | **29 /**  **29 hh** |
| 56 | Bibb County | **23/**  **23 hh** | **72 /**  **72 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **95 /**  **95 hh** | **97 /**  **97 hh** |
| 57 | Attalla | **27 /**  **27 hh** | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **28 /**  **28 hh** | **29 /**  **29 hh** |
| 58 | Cullman County | **21 /**  **21 hh** | **2 /**  **2 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **22 /**  **22 hh** | **23 /**  **23 hh** |
| 59 | Eufaula | **31 /**  **31 hh** | **29 /**  **29 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **59 /**  **59 hh** | **60 /**  **60 hh** |
| **Totals –**  **Jobs + Households** | | **297 /**  **297 hh** | **303 /**  **303 hh** | **1 /**  **1 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **0 /**  **0 hh** | **11 /**  **11 hh** | **10 /**  **10 hh** | **19 /**  **19 hh** | **603 /**  **603 hh** | **622 /**  **622 hh** |
| **Totals –**  **Persons /**  **Jobs**  **+**  **Households** | | **21,903 /**  **8,541 hh**  **(21,606 /**  **8,244 hh +**  **297 /**  **297 hh =**  **21,903 /**  **8,541 hh)** | **15,198**  **/**  **6,019 hh**  **(14,895 /**  **5,716 hh +**  **303 /**  **303**  **hh =**  **15,198**  **/**  **6,019 hh)** | **189**  **/**  **72**  **hh**  **(188**  **/**  **71**  **hh +**  **1 /**  **1**  **hh =**  **189**  **/**  **72**  **hh)** | **65**  **/**  **26**  **hh**  **(65**  **/**  **26**  **hh +**  **0 /**  **0**  **hh =**  **65**  **/**  **26**  **hh)** | **8**  **/**  **4**  **hh**  **(8**  **/**  **4**  **hh +**  **0 /**  **0**  **hh =**  **8**  **/**  **4**  **hh)** | **223**  **/**  **94**  **hh**  **(212**  **/**  **83**  **hh +**  **11 /**  **11**  **hh =**  **223**  **/**  **94**  **hh)** | **648**  **/**  **262**  **hh**  **(638**  **/**  **252**  **hh +**  **10 /**  **10**  **hh =**  **648**  **/**  **262**  **hh)** | **1,116**  **/**  **434**  **hh**  **(1,097**  **/**  **415**  **hh +**  **19 /**  **19**  **hh =**  **1,116**  **/**  **434**  **hh)** | **37,124**  **/**  **14,736**  **hh**  **(36,521**  **/**  **14,133**  **hh +**  **603 /**  **603**  **hh =**  **37,124**  **/**  **14,736**  **hh)** | **38,240**  **/**  **14,576**  **hh**  **(37,618**  **/**  **14,548**  **hh +**  **622 /**  **622**  **hh =**  **38,240**  **/**  **14,576**  **hh)** |

NOTE: Planning Grant = zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant;

Residential Rehabilitation = zero beneficiaries are counted for this Grant; # of units are counted; and

Demolition Grant = zero beneficiaries are counted for a Demolition Grant; # of units are counted.

And below in *Chart 14*, these 59 now-closed grants are identified to include the number of beneficiaries by moderate, low, and very low income levels (by total number of persons / beneficiaries; by total number of LMI beneficiaries; and by total number of persons as moderate-income, as low-income, and as very-low income beneficiaries) who were reported to ADECA as having been assisted through the expenditure of CDBG funds by these local communities.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 14**  **Number of Moderate-Income, Low-Income, and Very-Low Income Beneficiaries**  **(Persons and Households)**  **Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants**  **Open During April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period** | | | | | | | | |
| **Number**  **Of**  **Grants Closed:**  **59** | **Subrecipient /**  **Local Community Name** | **Grant Award Amount to Subrecipient /**  **Local Community** | **Activity** | **Total Number of Beneficiaries**  **(Persons / Households)** | **Total LMI**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries** | **Moderate**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **Ficiaries** | **Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **Ficiaries** | **Very Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **Ficiaries** |
| 1 | Demopolis | $450,000  (Final expenditure:  $334,805.54) | Roads | 325 /  152 hh | 310 /  144 hh | 65 /  28 hh | 231 /  106 hh | 14 /  10 hh |
| 2 | Lanett | $250,000  (Final expenditure:  $242,469.31) | Downtown Revitalization | 6370 /  2676 hh | 3310 /  1390 hh | 1092 /  458 hh | 861 /  362 hh | 1357 /  570 hh |
| 3 | Heflin | $40,000 | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 4 | Linden | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $322,241.28) | Roads | 242 /  112 hh | 217 /  100 hh | 18 /  9 hh | 73 /  33 hh | 126 /  58 hh |
| 5 | Silas | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $337,471.69) | Roads | 105 /  48 hh | 70 /  34 hh | 17 /  7 hh | 23 /  10 hh | 30 /  17 hh |
| 6 | Clanton | $239,400 | Demolition & Clearance of 26 Structures | Demolition Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Demo-lition Grant) | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh |
| 7 | Ashland | $350,000 | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | 426 /  206 hh | 404 /  194 hh | 213 /  108 hh | 44 /  22 hh | 147 /  64 hh |
| 8 | Colbert County | $182,876  (Final expenditure: $138,934) | Roads / Drainage | 42 /  35 hh | 38 /  19 hh | 8 /  4 hh | 12 /  7 hh | 18 /  8 hh |
| 9 | North Cortland | $347,300  (Final expenditure: $346,390) | Drainage | 97 /  66 hh | 96 /  65 hh | 2 /  2 hh | 23 /  10 hh | 71 /  53 hh |
| 10 | Pine Hill | $350,000 | Sewer | 930 /  190 hh | 565 /  113 hh | 134 /  26 hh | 112 /  26 hh | 319 /  61 hh |
| 11 | Limestone County | $301,000 | Roads / Drainage | 69 /  22 hh | 49 /  16 hh | 3 /  1 hh | 31 /  10 hh | 15 /  5 hh |
| 12 | Detroit | $350,000 | Water | 102 /  38 hh | 78 /  29 hh | 14 /  6 hh | 33 /  12 hh | 31 /  11 hh |
| 13 | York | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $238,549.11) | Sewer | 94 /  48 hh | 90 /  46 hh | 18 /  9 hh | 66 /  33 hh | 6 /  4 hh |
| 14 | Lisman | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $338,786) | Roads | 106 /  39 hh | 104 /  38 hh | 4 /  2 hh | 26 /  8 hh | 74 /  28 hh |
| 15 | Camp Hill | $350,000 | Sewer | 1014 /  436 hh | 859 /  369 hh | 403 /  172 hh | 232 /  100 hh | 224 /  97 hh |
| 16 | Butler County | $250,000 | Architectural Barrier Removal | 6635 /  2272 hh | 6635 /  2272 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 6635 /  2272 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 17 | Columbiana | $450,000 | Sewer | 4016 /  1479 hh | 2120 /  780 hh | 1065 /  392 hh | 473 /  174 hh | 582 /  214 hh |
| 18 | Oneonta | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $340,528.02) | Roads | 60 /  20 hh | 32 /  11 hh | 32 /  11 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 19 | Guntersville | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $398,483.78) | Roads / Drainage | 182 /  74 hh | 175 /  72 hh | 24 /  10 hh | 56 /  23 hh | 95 /  39 hh |
| 20 | White Hall | $550,000 | Sewer  /  Hookups  (52 units hooked up) | 126 /  52 hh | 126 /  52 hh | 29 /  10 hh | 59 /  26 hh | 38 /  16 hh |
| 21 | McKenzie | $350,000 | Water / Roads | 184 /  64 hh | 174 /  60 hh | 31 /  10 hh | 61 /  19 hh | 82 /  31 hh |
| 22 | Red Bay | $445,000  (Final expenditure: $362,562.86) | Sewer | 104 /  44 hh | 79 /  34 hh | 37 /  16 hh | 31 /  13 hh | 11 /  5 hh |
| 23 | Pike County | $350,000 | Roads | 98 /  36 hh | 95 /  34 hh | 29 /  11 hh | 26 /  10 hh | 40 /  13 hh |
| 24 | Blount County | $300,000 | Roads | 331 /  118 hh | 311 /  111 hh | 66 /  24 hh | 115 /  41 hh | 130 /  46 hh |
| 25 | Millbrook | $250,000 | Senior Center | 2082 /  774 hh | 2082 /  774 hh | 2082 /  774 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 26 | Walker County | $273,000 | Water | 945 /  315 hh | 384 /  128 hh | 384 /  128 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 27 | Fulton | $350,000 | Roads | 81 /  25 hh | 81 /  25 hh | 12 /  5 hh | 49 /  14 hh | 20 /  6 hh |
| 28 | Cullman County | $400,000 | Roads | 177 /  63 hh | 118 /  42 hh | 75 /  27 hh | 22 /  8 hh | 21 /  7 hh |
| 29 | Parrish | $300,000 | Roads | 58 /  19 hh | 56 /  18 hh | 47 /  15 hh | 9 /  3 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 30 | Talladega | $250,000  (Final expenditure: $204,878.33) | Demolition & Clearance of 34 structures | Demolition Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Demo-lition Grant) | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh | 0 / 0 hh |
| 31 | Daleville | $292,500 | Water / Roads | 118 /  47 hh | 108 /  43 hh | 69 /  27 hh | 34 /  14 hh | 5 /  2 hh |
| 32 | Ariton | $250,000 | Roads | 147 /  51 hh | 140 /  48 hh | 57 /  19 hh | 65 /  22 hh | 18 /  7 hh |
| 33 | Headland | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $449,901) | Residential Rehabilitation of 21 Houses | 69 /  21 hh | 69 /  21 hh | 12 /  5 hh | 31 /  9 hh | 26 /  7 hh |
| 34 | Tuscaloosa County | $209,854.45 | Water  /  Hookups  (24 units hooked up) | 63 /  24 hh | 48 /  17 hh | 26 /  8 hh | 9 /  4 hh | 13 /  5 hh |
| 35 | Escambia County | $350,000 | Water | 368 /  122 hh | 345 /  114 hh | 81 /  30 hh | 160 /  51 hh | 104 /  33 hh |
| 36 | Selma | $40,000 | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 37 | Lockhart | $300,000  (Final expenditure: $298,437.50) | Roads | 108 /  45 hh | 106 /  44 hh | 5 /  2 hh | 101 /  42 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 38 | Franklin | $28,000 | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 39 | Goshen | $100,000 | Roads | 30 /  11 hh | 21 /  8 hh | 4 /  2 hh | 17 /  6 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| 40 | Lowndes County | $400,000 | Roads | 270 /  129 hh | 251 /  110 hh | 52 /  29 hh | 88 /  36 hh | 111 /  45 hh |
| 41 | Hartselle | $450,000 | Water / Sewer / Drainage | 120 /  53 hh | 63 /  33 hh | 38 /  20 hh | 17 /  8 hh | 8 /  5 hh |
| 42 | Selma | $450,000  (Final expenditure: $418,952.42) | Roads / Drainage | 149 /  64 hh | 149 /  64 hh | 1 /  1 hh | 81 /  33 hh | 67 /  30 hh |
| 43 | Level Plains | $250,000 | Roads / Drainage | 120 /  49 hh | 96 /  39 hh | 46 /  19 hh | 38 /  16 hh | 12 /  4 hh |
| 44 | Loxley | $350,000  (Final expenditure: $244,255.34) | Sewer | 211 /  81 hh | 205 /  78 hh | 46 /  17 hh | 120 /  45 hh | 39 /  16 hh |
| 45 | Kinston | $350,000 | Residential Rehabilitation of 19 Houses | 45 /  19 hh | 45 /  19 hh | 23 /  9 hh | 20 /  8 hh | 2 /  2 hh |
| 46 | Cullman | $500,000 | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage | 224 /  105 hh | 164 /  77 hh | 99 /  46 hh | 49 /  23 hh | 16 /  8 hh |
| 47 | Union Springs | $450,000 | Water / Sewer / Drainage | 121 /  53 hh | 109 /  48 hh | 18 /  7 hh | 61 /  21 hh | 30 /  20 hh |
| 48 | Ariton | $30,000 | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | Planning Grant = 0 (zero beneficiaries are counted for a Planning Grant) | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh | 0 /  0 hh |
| **Total** | **Persons** | **$**15,178,930.45  **(Final expenditure: $**14,521,400.63**)** | **CDBG** | **27,164**  **Total**  **Beneficiaries**  **/ 10,297 hh** | **20,346**  **Total LMI**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/**  **7,733**  **hh** | **6,481**  **Moderate**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/**  **2,506**  **hh** | **10,194**  **Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/**  **3,680**  **Hh** | **3,902**  **Very Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/**  **1,565**  **Hh** |
| **JOBS:** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | Elmore County | $150,000 | Water / Sewer / Roads / Drainage  for  Ivy Creek Healthcare | 54 jobs /  54 hh | 28 jobs /  28 hh | 19 jobs /  19 hh | 8 jobs /  8 hh | 1 job /  1 hh |
| 50 | Lincoln | $300,000 | Water / Sewer  for  Lohr North America | 95 jobs /  95 hh | 62 jobs /  62 hh | 14 jobs /  14 hh | 23 jobs /  23 hh | 25 jobs /  25 hh |
| 51 | West Blocton | $514,606 | Sewer  for  Mercedes Benz US | 173 jobs /  173 hh | 142 jobs /  142 hh | 67 jobs /  67 hh | 42 jobs /  42 hh | 33 jobs /  33 hh |
| 52 | Atmore | $300,000  (Final expenditure: $180,000) | Water / Sewer  for  Brown Precision, Inc. | 18 jobs /  18 hh | 10 jobs /  10 hh | 6 jobs /  6 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh | 1 job /  1 hh |
| 53 | Cullman | $100,000 | Traffic Signal  for  Reliance Worldwide Corporation | 30 jobs /  30 hh | 25 jobs /  25 hh | 6 jobs /  6 hh | 14 jobs /  14 hh | 5 jobs /  5 hh |
| 54 | Moody | $140,000  (Final expenditure: $117,765) | Fire Protection  for  Processors Choice  and  J & M Exotic Foods | 14 jobs /  14 hh | 10 jobs /  10 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh | 4 jobs /  4 hh |
| 55 | Fort Deposit | $600,000  (Final expenditure: $73,164.10) | Loan  for  Chowel USA, Inc. | 29 jobs /  29 hh | 27 jobs /  27 hh | 4 jobs /  4 hh | 7 jobs /  7 hh | 16 jobs /  16 hh |
| 56 | Bibb County | $352,368.06 | Water  for  Mercedes Benz US | 97 jobs /  97 hh | 84 jobs /  84 hh | 17 jobs /  17 hh | 23 jobs /  23 hh | 44 jobs /  44 hh |
| 57 | Attalla | $200,000  (Final expenditure: $189,952.50) | Water  for  Koch Foods of Gadsden, LLC | 29 jobs /  29 hh | 17 jobs /  17 hh | 11 jobs /  11 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh |
| 58 | Cullman County | $200,000 | Roads  for  AGCO/GSI | 23 jobs /  23 hh | 23 jobs /  23 hh | 19 jobs /  19 hh | 3 jobs /  3 hh | 1 job /  1 hh |
| 59 | Eufaula | $279,984  (Final expenditure: $218,974.68) | Roads  for  Elm Machining and  Keystone Foods | 60 jobs /  60 hh | 33 jobs /  33 hh | 12 jobs /  12 hh | 15 jobs /  15 hh | 6 jobs /  6 hh |
| **Total** | **Jobs** | **$3,136,958.06**  **(Final expenditure: $2,396,830.34)** |  | **622**  **Total Number**  **of Beneficiaries**  **(Jobs)**  **/**  **622 hh** | **461**  **Total LMI**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **(Jobs)**  **/**  **461 hh** | **178**  **Moderate**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **(Jobs)**  **/**  **178 hh** | **144**  **Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **(Jobs)**  **/**  **144 hh** | **139**  **Very Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **(Jobs)**  **/**  **139 hh** |
| **Total** | **Persons + Jobs** | **$18,315,888.51**  **(Final expenditure: $16,918,230.97)** |  | **27,786**  **Total Number of Bene-ficiaries**  **/ 10,919**  **hh**  **(Persons + Jobs)**  **(27,164**  **Persons**  **/ 10,297**  **hh +**  **622**  **Jobs /**  **622 hh**  **=**  **27,786**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 10,919**  **hh)**  **(Persons**  **+ Jobs)** | **20,807**  **Total LMI**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 8,194**  **hh**  **(Persons + Jobs)**  **(20,346**  **Persons**  **/ 7,733**  **hh +**  **461**  **Jobs /**  **461 hh**  **=**  **20,807**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 8,194**  **hh)**  **(Persons + Jobs)** | **6,659**  **Moderate**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 2,684**  **hh**  **(Persons + Jobs)**  **(6,481 Persons**  **/ 2,506**  **hh +**  **178**  **Jobs /**  **178 hh**  **=**  **6,659**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 2,684**  **hh)**  **(Persons + Jobs)** | **10,338**  **Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 3,824**  **hh**  **(Persons + Jobs)**  **(10,194 Persons**  **/ 3,680**  **hh +**  **144**  **Jobs /**  **144 hh**  **=**  **10,338**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 3,824**  **hh)**  **(Persons + Jobs)** | **4,041**  **Very Low**  **Income**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 1,704**  **hh**  **(Persons + Jobs)**  **(3,902 Persons**  **/ 1,565**  **hh +**  **139**  **Jobs /**  **139 hh**  **=**  **4,041**  **Bene-**  **ficiaries**  **/ 1,704**  **hh)**  **(Persons + Jobs)** |

ADECA also administered a total of 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period - but which grants remained open beyond the March 31, 2023 closeout date. These 167 grants are identified hereinabove in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7*. They include 3 grants that were open with Program Year 2016 funds (see *Chart 1*), 6 grants that were open with Program Year 2017 funds (see *Chart 2*), 7 grants that were open with Program Year 2018 funds (see *Chart 3*), 13 grants that were open with Program Year 2019 funds (see *Chart 4*), 30 grants that were open with Program Year 2020 funds (see *Chart 5*), 50 grants that were open with Program Year 2021 funds (see *Chart 6*), and 58 grants that were open with Program Year 2022 funds (see *Chart 7*). As stated previously herein above, of these years' 167 open CDBG grants, their primary activities are as follows:

52 involved the sewer activity,

36 involved the water activity,

38 involved the roads activity,

14 involved the drainage activity,

20 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

4 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the construction of a community center activity,

6 involved the planning activity,

6 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

4 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

3 involved the construction of a railroad crossing/rail spur activity,

3 involved the traffic signal activity,

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity, and

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity.

**HOME**: To address the priorities, set forth in the HOME Action Plan, AHFA has used each of the annual HOME allocations (PY1992-PY2022) to produce multi-family rental housing for low-income households. All the selected projects are new construction. Efforts were made to limit the award of HOME funds to duplicate cities and/or counties in the same year in the attempt to spread HOME funds geographically throughout the state. However, due to the increasing number of previously HOME funded projects applying for rehabilitation awards, AHFA will award a new construction and a rehabilitation project within the same county providing the market supports the need for the addition of the new units.

AHFA utilizes a Point Scoring System when evaluating HOME applications. Allocation selection is as follows:

1. The highest scoring project per county with ownership by an AHFA-approved CHDO will be funded until the regulatory 15% CHDO set-aside has been met.
2. The highest scoring Housing Credit project and/or HOME project combined with Housing Credits will be allocated per county until all available 2020 Housing Credits and HOME Funds have been allocated, subject to the following exception. AHFA will allocate Housing Credits to 2 projects in the same county or city only if both projects score high enough to be funded, are otherwise eligible to be funded under this HOME Action Plan, and one of the projects being considered has all of the following attributes at the time of application:
   1. has received a HOME Loan from AHFA,
   2. has at least 85% occupancy, and
   3. has either
      1. repaid the HOME Loan in full, or
      2. has closed a 15-year extension of the debt evidenced by the outstanding HOME loan.
3. If all available 2020 Housing Credits have been allocated and there remain available HOME Funds, the highest scoring HOME project combined with Housing Credits may be allocated per county, subject to a future-year Housing Credit allocation.

Beyond these preferences, the projects are awarded points toward ranking as follows:

1. Project Characteristics:

* extra amenities
* use of energy efficient / conservation / healthy living materials / appliances
* use of low maintenance building materials
* rent affordability / rental and operating subsidies
* set-asides for elderly
* targeting low-income families (individuals with children)
* set-asides for tenants with disabilities or homeless
* targeting households on the public housing waiting list
* percentage of units designed and constructed to be readily accessible for tenants with mobility or sensory impairments.
* Preservation of multifamily housing
* project proximity to neighborhood services
* census tract location

1. Applicant Characteristics:

* minorities or women with ownership in the project or applicant guarantees at least 10% of total building cost is awarded to minority- or women-owned businesses
* successful experience in the development of multifamily housing
* sound experience as managing agents of low-income multifamily housing

Points can also be lost due to:

1. Negative Neighborhood Services
2. Poor Accessibility from surrounding area
3. Changes to AHFA-funded projects without AHFA consent
4. Uncorrected negative findings from compliance monitoring

While these lists are not all-inclusive, they are generally representative of the process for scoring competitive applications.

All projects must comply with Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s Design Quality Standards and Construction Manual which is included in the 2022 HOME Action Plan as Addendum C and can be found at [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). All projects must be designed and constructed in accordance with the applicable requirements of the 2010 Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Fair Housing Act, state and local disaster mitigation standards, 2009 or 2012 International Building Code-International Residential Code, 2009 International Energy Conservation Code for single-family homes, 2007 American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-conditioning Engineers 90.1 for multifamily buildings and any more restrictive local building code requirements.

The anticipated usage of HOME funds by the Alabama Housing Finance Authority is as follows:

Loans: 75%

CHDO's: 15%

Administration: 10%

In 2022, three (3) projects were awarded HOME funds (see table below). The projects awarded in 2022 will be monitored by AHFA during the construction process and HOME funds will be disbursed upon completion of construction.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **2022 HOME Awards** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Award Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HOME Assisted Units** |
| Live Oak Trace | 2022003 | Mobile | 2,454,478 | Elderly | 56 |
| Freedom Village | 2022007 | Montgomery | 1,300,000 | Elderly | 56 |
| Wyatt Lee Meadows | 2022011 | Etowah | 917,745 | Elderly | 56 |

In 2022, two (2) projects with prior year awards received an increase in HOME funds in accordance with Addendum E to the 2022 HOME Action Plan (see table below). The projects that received increased award amounts will be monitored by AHFA during the construction process and HOME funds will be disbursed upon completion of construction:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Awards of Additional HOME funds** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Recommended Additional HOME Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HOME Assisted Units** |
| The Pines at Harwick | 2019038 | Houston | 169,940 | Multifamily | 56 |
| Bluegrass Apartments | 2018012 | Shelby | 147,668 | Multifamily | 46 |

**ESG**: The ESG Program did not establish statewide priorities. Priorities are determined locally by the needs identified in the point-in-time counts conducted by the continuums of care. The use of funds is determined by the needs presented in the applications for funding. During April 1, 2022, through March 31, 2023, $537,459.84 was spent on homelessness prevention activities; $416,910.73 was spent on rapid re-housing activities; $1,435,628.49 was spent on emergency shelter activities; and $153,052.13 was spent on street outreach activities from funding from Program Years 2020, 2021, and 2022. From Program Year 2022 funding, $127,779.51 was spent on homelessness prevention activities; $57,806.72 was spent on rapid re-housing activities; $287,911.70 was spent on emergency shelter activities; and $15,000.50 was spent on street outreach activities.

**HOPWA**: See the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)(in HUD Workbook Form)*

**HTF**: To address the priorities set forth in the HTF Allocation Plan, AHFA is using each of the annual HTF allocations to date (PY2016-PY2022) to produce rental housing for extremely low-income households. All the selected projects are new construction and must meet or exceed the HTF general requirements. AHFA utilizes a Point Scoring System when evaluating HTF applications. AHFA awards funds to the highest-scoring project until all HTF funds are allocated. In the event of a tie between two or more applications; the projects are ranked order of pre-defined tie-breakers. Scoring criterion and tie-breaker details are available in the 2022 AHFA National Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan found at [www.AHFA.com](http://www.AHFA.com).

During the reporting period of April 1, 2022, through March 31, 2023, one (1) application for funds was received (see Table below).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **2022 HTF Applications** | | | | | |
| **Project Name** | **AHFA**  **Project #** | **Project County** | **Requested Award Amount** | **Tenant Type** | **HTF Assisted Units** |
| Trinity Ridge | 2021010 | Lee | $802,000 | Elderly | 3 |
| **Total Requested** | | | **$802,000** | **Total Units** | **3** |

**CR-10 Racial and Ethnic composition of families assisted [see 24 CFR 91.520(a)]**

**Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted [24 CFR 91.520(a)]:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **CDBG** | | **HOME** | | **ESG** | | **HOPWA** | **HTF** |
| **Race:** | | | | | | | | |
| 1. White | | 21,903 persons in 8,541 households | | 79 households | 1,915 persons | 50 persons | | 2 households |
| 2. Black or African  American | | 15,198 persons in 6,019 households | | 85 households | 3,256 persons | 262 persons | | 1 household |
| 3. Asian | | 189 persons in 72 households | | 0 households | 19 persons | 0 persons | | 0 households |
| 4. American Indian or American  Native | | 65 persons in 26 households | | 1 household | 36 persons | 1 person | | 0 households |
| 5. Native Hawaiian  or Other Pacific  Islander | | 8 persons in 4 households | | 0 households | 8 persons | 0 persons | | 0 households |
| **Total:** | | 38,240 persons in 14,576 households | | 168 households | 5,731 persons\*  \*Multiple Races = 195  \*Don’t know = 21  \*Data not collected = 281 | 330 persons  14 persons identified as B/W (Multiracial) | | 3 households |
| **Ethnicity:** | | | | | | | | |
| Hispanic | | 1,116 persons in 434 households | | 0 household | 234 persons | 3 persons | | 0 households |
| Not Hispanic | | 37,124 persons in 14,736 households | | 168 households | 5,039 persons | 327 persons | | 3 households |

**Narrative:**

**CDBG**: Hereinabove in *Chart 13* are the number of beneficiaries by race (for both persons and households) who were reported to ADECA as having been assisted through the expenditure of PY2016 through PY2022 CDBG funds by the local communities that received those 59 now-closed grants (which 59 closed grants are identified in *Chart 8*, *Chart 12*, *Chart 13*, and *Chart 14*). Note that local grant beneficiaries are reported to ADECA by the communities only when the grants are closed-out. Thus, the number of beneficiaries by race for both persons and households reported herein are for those CDBG grants that were open but which had closed-out between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023. These numbers do not include beneficiaries for any open grants that were open during the April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 time period, and which remained open after the March 31, 2023 closeout date.

The CDBG Program's beneficiary count includes a total of 38,240 beneficiaries residing in 14,576 households. These totals are comprised of the seven racial categories of (1) White/ Caucasian, (2) Black/African American, (3) Asian, (4) Native American Indian, (5) Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, (6) Two or More Races, and (7) Other/Mixed Race. These are the seven racial categories used by ADECA to capture the local community grant recipients' CDBG beneficiary data. But, for the breakdown of beneficiaries per the five racial categories used by HUD [those being (1) White/Caucasian, (2) Black/African American, (3) Asian, (4) Native American Indian, and (5) Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander], ADECA reports that the numbers of these local beneficiaries are as follows: 38,240 persons in 14,576 households, reported as (1) 21,903 Whites/Caucasians in 8,541 households, (2) 15,198 Blacks /African Americans in 6,019 households, (3) 189 Asians in 72 households, (4) 65 Native American Indians in 26 households, and (5) 8 Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders in 4 households, (5) 223 as 2 or more races in 94 households, and (6) 648 other/multi-racial in 262 households. Of the total beneficiaries, 1,116 persons in 434 households identified themselves as being of Hispanic ethnicity, and 37,124 persons in 14,736 households identified themselves as being of non-Hispanic ethnicity.

**HOME**: See data in the chart at CR-10 above, in IDIS report PR-23, and the narrative below:

AHFA requires that each developer who is awarded HOME funds certify to further affirmative marketing procedures. Elements of this certification include:

1. the establishment of affirmative marketing procedures which effectively prohibit any exclusionary practices;
2. compliance with the Fair Housing Act and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975;
3. the display of the “Fair Housing” logo at the leasing or sales office;
4. certifications by the owner, architect and builder that the property complies with Section 504;
5. the written submission to AHFA of plans to solicit applications of persons who are unlikely to apply without special outreach; and
6. the maintenance and annual submission to AHFA of a list of characteristics of tenants renting HOME-assisted units.

**ESG**: The ESG Program served 1,915 White persons; 3,256 Black or African American persons; 19 Asian persons; 36 American Indian or Alaska Native persons; and 8 persons of Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Island descent. A total of 5,039 non-Hispanic persons were assisted, and 234 Hispanic persons were assisted.

**HOPWA**: See the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) (in HUD Workbook Form)*

for households’ prior living situation, veteran status, chronically homeless status, age, gender, race, ethnicity, and percentage of area median income.

**HTF**: See data in the chart at CR-10 above and in IDIS report PR-103. The HTF Alloacation Plan seeks to ensure that applicants presenting economically feasible projects have an opportunity to compete for funding to address the state’s unmet rental housing needs. AHFA has established certain general threshold housing requirements to be used in the allocation of HTF funds which also encourage racial and ethnic diversity as they address the whole of the state.

1. Geographic Diversity - AHFA anticipates allocating available HTF funds to expand the overall rental housing supply located throughout the state in metropolitan and/or rural areas (or nonmetropolitan areas) as defined by HUD.

2. Housing Needs of the State - AHFA has identified a statewide housing need for households with incomes at or below either ELI or the federal poverty line (whichever is greater) located in both metropolitan and/or and rural (or non-metropolitan) areas.

**CR-15 Resources and Investments [see 24 CFR 91.520(a)]**

**Identify the resources made available.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Source of Funds** | **Resources Made Available** | **Amount Expended During Program Year**  **Program Year 2022** |
| CDBG | $23,556,938 | $12,892,172.43 |
| HOME | $22,847,433 | $10,110,800 |
| HOPWA | $3,860,817 | $2,280,409.50 |
| ESG | $2,755,076 | $3,045,752.16 |
| HTF | $7,451,918 | $348,332 |
| Other: CDBG-CV | $40,459,786 | $15,946,612.38 |
| Other: ESG-CV | $23,237,004 | $11,039,163.41 |
| Other: HOPWA-CV | $365,910 | $198,984.38 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Source of Funds** | **Original Allocation from HUD** | **Resources Made Available** | | **Amount Expended During**  **Program Year**  **Program Year 2022** |
| **CDBG**  PY2009  PY2014  PY2015  PY2016  PY2017  PY2018  PY2019  PY2020  PY2021  PY2022 | **CDBG**  $26,411,515  $22,212,610  $21,529,262  $21,904,212  $21,398,440  $23,158,500  $22,938,818  $23,862,879  $24,256,102  $23,556,938 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $26,411,515.00  $22,197,922.00  $21,529,262.00  $21,784,892.54  $20,805,657.05  $22,436,876.10  $20,349,984.72  $16,562,416.81  $3,682,560.17  $21,735.00  **TOTAL:**  **$175,782,821.89** | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $26,411,515.00  $22,197,922.00  $21,526,462.00  $21,730,239.57  $19,556,767.27  $21,906,716.24  $19,009,046.19  $10,384,595.87  $167,384.82  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$162,890,649.46** | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $0.00  $0.00  $2,800.00  $54,652.97  $1,248,889.78  $530,159.86  $1,340,938.53  $6,177,820.94  $3,515,175.35  $21,735.00  **TOTAL:**  **$12,892,172.43** |
| **HOME**  PY2020  PY2021  PY2022  PY2023  PY2024 | **HOME**  $11,386,030  $11,227,286  $12,419,271  Commitment deadline waived for HOME | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $11,386,030  $11,227,286  $12,419,271  Commitment deadline waived for HOME | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $11,386,030  $11,227,286  $12,419,271  Commitment deadline waived for HOME | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $5,686,707  $2,717,173  $10,110,800  Commitment deadline waived for HOME |
| **HOPWA**  PY2020  PY2021  PY2022 | **HOPWA**  $2,514,357  $2,823,192  $3,860,817 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $2,514,357  $1,600,811.21  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$4,115,168.21** | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $1,818,956.21  $15,802.50  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$1,834,758.71** | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $695,400.79  $1,585,008.71  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$2,280,409.50** |
| **ESG**  PY2020  PY2021  PY2022 | **ESG**  $2,719,098  $2,883,869  $2,755,076 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $2,552,273.01  $2,296,214.30  $37,440.27  **TOTAL:**  **$4,885,927.58** | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $1,691,161.49  $149,013.93  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$1,840,175.42** | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $861,111.52  $2,147,200.37  $37,440.27  **TOTAL:**  **$3,045,752.16** |
| **Housing Trust Fund – HTF**  PY2020  PY2021  PY2022 | **Housing Trust Fund –**  **HTF**  $3,123,706  $6,690,654  $7,451,918 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $0  $0  $0 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $0  $0  $0 | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $1,010,481  $826,205  $51,335 |
| **Other –**  **CDBG-DR**  PY2012  PY2013  PY2021  **Other –**  **CDBG-CV**  **ESG-CV**  **HOPWA-CV**  **Other – TOTAL** | **Other –**  **CDBG-DR**  $24,697,966  $49,157,000  $501,252,000  $40,459,786  $23,237,004  $365,910 | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2023:**  $24,522,941.23  $48,265,446.20  $245,226.71  **TOTAL:**  **$73,033,614.14**  $19,951,775.77  $22,471,111.74  $328,583.19  **TOTAL:**  **$42,751,470.70**  **$115,785.084.84** | **Cost Center Summary/CCS Ending 3/31/2022:**  $24,522,854.32  $48,265,185.80  $0.00  **TOTAL:**  **$72,788,040.12**  $4,005,163.39  $11,431,948.33  $129,598.81  **TOTAL:**  **$15,566,710.53**  **$88,354,750.65** | **Amount**  **Expended**  **In**  **PY2022:**  $86.91  $260.40  $245,226.71  **TOTAL:**  **$245,574.02**  $15,946,612.38  $11,039,163.41  $198,984.38  **TOTAL:**  **$27,184,760.17**  **$27,430,334.19** |

**Narrative.**

**CDBG**: For the CDBG Program, ADECA reports that it expended a total of $12,892,172.43 in CDBG funds during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period. This amount included $669,362.38 in funds drawn down for ADECA’s own program administration and technical assistance expenses, plus $12,222,810.05 in funds drawn down for CDBG grant payments to units of local government.

For only the PY2022 CDBG funds allocated to ADECA:

**Amount of Program Year 2022 CDBG Funds (for PY2022 funds ONLY):**

1. Financial Status:

A. Total Funds:

1. PY2022 CDBG Allocation: $23,556,938

2. Program Income as of March 31, 2023: $3,557,760.00

B. Amount Obligated to Recipients: $27,114,698.00

C. Amount Drawn Down: $21,735.00

D. Amount for State Administration: $571,138.00 (+ $106,732 from

Program Income)

E. Technical Assistance: $235,569.00

F. Section 108 Loan Guarantee Payments: $0.00

2. Three National Objectives:

A. Period Specified for Benefit: April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023

B. Amounts Used to:

1. Benefit to Low/Moderate Income Persons: At least 70% of the

PY2022 CDBG allocation is to be used to benefit persons

of low and moderate income.

2. Prevent/Eliminate Slums/Blight and

3. Meet Urgent Community Development Needs: Apart from

CDBG funds used to pay for Administration and Technical

Assistance, the remaining funds are to be used for the

national objectives of “Preventing/Eliminating Slums and Blight” and “Meeting Urgent Community Development Needs.”

ADECA also administered and closed-out 59 grants that were open/active during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, but that were closed-out as of March 31, 2023. Those 59 closed-out grants expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021, and are identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*. The final amount of expended funds from those 59 closed grants equals $16,918,230.97 (see *Chart 8*). Their priority (primary) activities are as follows:

15 involved the sewer activity,

1 involved the sewer hookup activity (52 units hooked-up),

15 involved the water activity,

1 involved the water hookup activity (24 units hooked-up),

26 involved the roads activity,

11 involved the drainage activity,

4 involved a local planning grant,

2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved a construction of a senior center,

1 involved downtown revitalization,

1 involved architectural barrier removal,

2 involved a residential rehabilitation (40 units rehabbed),

1 involved a traffic signal for a business,

1 involved fire protection for a business, and

1 involved a loan for a business.

And for these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, a total of 12 businesses were assisted that created 473 jobs through grants for economic development, of which 371 jobs were made available to persons of low and moderate income (145 moderate income, 113 low income, and 113 very low income).

Additionally, ADECA administered a total of 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period - but which grants remained open beyond the March 31, 2023 closeout date. These 167 grants are identified hereinabove in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7*. They include 3 grants that were open with Program Year 2016 funds (see *Chart 1*), 6 grants that were open with Program Year 2017 funds (see *Chart 2*), 7 grants that were open with Program Year 2018 funds (see *Chart 3*), 13 grants that were open with Program Year 2019 funds (see *Chart 4*), 30 grants that were open with Program Year 2020 funds (see *Chart 5*), 50 grants that were open with Program Year 2021 funds (see *Chart 6*), and 58 grants that were open with Program Year 2022 funds (see *Chart 7*). As stated previously herein above, of these years' 167 open CDBG grants, their primary activities are as follows:

52 involved the sewer activity,

36 involved the water activity,

38 involved the roads activity,

14 involved the drainage activity,

20 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

4 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the construction of a community center activity,

6 involved the planning activity,

6 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

4 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

3 involved the construction of a railroad crossing/rail spur activity,

3 involved the traffic signal activity,

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity, and

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity.

Thus, according to *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* there was a total of $62,550,361.91 of awarded grant funds that remained available to be expended by the 167 open grants, and that amount is detailed as follows:

**Resources Made Available (April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023):**

*Chart 1*: PY2016: $428,294.41

*Chart 2*: PY2017: $1,715,217.50

*Chart 3*: PY2018: $3,044,756.41

*Chart 4* PY2019: $4,430,525.01

*Chart 5*: PY2020: $10,183,873.04

*Chart 6*: PY2021: $18,142,448.54

*Chart 7*: PY2022: $24,605,247.00

**TOTAL:** $62,550,361.91

**HOME**: AHFA estimated the following uses of HOME Funds for the State of Alabama for Program Year 2022:

2022 HOME Funds:

Entitlement $11,227,286

2021 Program Income $ 5,852,129

Uncommitted HOME $ 4,576,033

Total **$21,655,448**

USES of HOME Funds:

CHDO Loans $ 1,684,093

Administrative Fee $ 1,122,729

Loans $18,848,626

During the PY2022, AHFA issued commitments in the amount of $4,463,223 for 3 new construction projects expected to complete construction in 2025. During the PY2022 reporting period, AHFA closed 5 loans, expending $10,110,800 of HOME funds on projects previously awarded commitments of HOME funds which completed construction.

**ESG**: The ESG Program’s subrecipients reported that their expenditures for the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period included expenditures from Program Years 2020, 2021, and 2022, and totaled $2,798,828.42 calculated as follows: $148,467.63 was drawn from PY2020 funds; $2,149,040.18 was drawn from PY2021 funds; and $501,320.61 was drawn from PY2022 funds.

**HOPWA**:  AIDS Alabama reports that its expenditures for the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period totaled $1,991,885.39 in HOPWA funds calculated as follows:

$2,013,103.32 was drawn from PY2021; and $22,607.90 was drawn from PY2022 funds. During this program year, a total of 226 qualified consumers living with HIV and 104 other household members received direct housing assistance through this funding. Over 20,000 legs of transportation were provided eligible households. HOPWA funding provided supportive services for 10,853 unduplicated households throughout the State. Contracts with seven additional AIDS Service Organizations (ASOs) assisted AIDS Alabama in meeting this goal. Efforts to disseminate HIV-specific housing and resource information were successful during this program year; more than 4751 unduplicated households were reached.

**HTF**: AHFA estimated the following uses of HTF Funds for the State of Alabama:

2022 HTF Funds Uses:

Grants $6,021,589

Administration Fees $669,065

Total $6,690,654

During the PY2022 Competitive Application Cycle, AHFA issued a loan commitment of $802,000 for 3 new construction, HTF units expected to complete construction in 2025. No HTF funds were expended on previously awarded HTF projects during the PY2022 reporting period.

**CDBG-DR**: For the CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Program, as identified in *Chart 9* and *Chart 10*, ADECA administered one open CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grant awarded using funds remaining from the State’s PY2012 CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grant Award allocation amount of $24,697,966.00, and ADECA administered three open CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grants awarded using funds remaining from the State’s PY2013 CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grant Award allocation amount of $49,157,000.00. This yielded four tornadoes disaster grants that were open/active during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period. The information below provides a more detailed picture of ADECA’s specific expenditures of the PY2012 and PY2013 CDBG (Tornadoes) Disaster Grant funds during PY2022:

**Resources Made Available (2012 and 2013 allocations):**

*Chart 9*: 2012 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Grant Award: $24,697,966.00

*Chart 10*: 2013 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Grant Award: $49,157,000.00

**TOTAL: $73,854,966.00**

**Amount Expended During Program Year 2022 (April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023):**

2012 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Amount Expended: $ 0.00

2012 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Administration: $86.91

Total 2012 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes): $86.91

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2013 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Amount Expended: $ 0.00

2013 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes) Administration: $260.40

Total 2013 CDBG-DR (Tornadoes): $260.40

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**TOTAL: $347.31**

**Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Target Area** | **Planned Percentage of Allocation** | **Actual Percentage of Allocation** | **Narrative Description** |
| Alabama – CDBG | 100% | 100% | See "CDBG" below |
| State of Alabama – HOME | 100% | 100% | See "HOME" below |
| State of Alabama - statewide – ESG | 100% | 100% | See "ESG" below |
| State of Alabama statewide – HOPWA | 100% | 100% | See "HOPWA" below |
| State of Alabama statewide – HTF | 100% | 100% | See "HTF" below |
| State of Alabama statewide –  CDBG-CV | 100% | 100% | See "CDBG-CV" below |
| State of Alabama statewide –  ESG-CV | 100% | 100% | See "ESG-CV" below |
| State of Alabama statewide –  HOPWA-CV | 100% | 100% | See "HOPWA-CV" below |

**Narrative.**

**CDBG**: For the CDBG Program, ADECA administered and closed-out 59 grants that were open/active during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 CAPER reporting period, but that were closed-out as of March 31, 2023. Those 59 closed-out grants expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022, and are identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*. The geographic distribution and location of investments for these 59 grants are identified within *Chart 8* under the column therein entitled “Subrecipient / Local Community Name.” The final amount of expended funds from those 59 closed grants equals $16,918,230.97 (see *Chart 8*). Their priority (primary) activities are as follows:

15 involved the sewer activity,

1 involved the sewer hookup activity (52 units hooked-up),

15 involved the water activity,

1 involved the water hookup activity (24 units hooked-up),

26 involved the roads activity,

11 involved the drainage activity,

4 involved a local planning grant,

2 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

1 involved a construction of a senior center,

1 involved downtown revitalization,

1 involved architectural barrier removal,

2 involved a residential rehabilitation (40 units rehabbed),

1 involved a traffic signal for a business,

1 involved fire protection for a business, and

1 involved a loan for a business.

And for these 59 now-closed CDBG grants, a total of 12 businesses were assisted that created 473 jobs through grants for economic development, of which 371 jobs were made available to persons of low and moderate income (145 moderate income, 113 low income, and 113 very low income).

Additionally, ADECA administered 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period - but which grants remained open beyond the March 31, 2023 closeout date. They include 3 grants that were open with Program Year 2016 funds (see *Chart 1*), 6 grants that were open with Program Year 2017 funds (see *Chart 2*), 7 grants that were open with Program Year 2018 funds (see *Chart 3*), 13 grants that were open with Program Year 2019 funds (see *Chart 4*), 30 grants that were open with Program Year 2020 funds (see *Chart 5*), 50 grants that were open with Program Year 2021 funds (see *Chart 6*), and 58 grants that were open with Program Year 2022 funds (see *Chart 7*). The CDBG funds available for expenditure included (1) $428,294.41 remaining from PY2016, (2) $1,715,217.50 remaining from PY2017 funds, (3) $3,044,756.41 in PY2018 funds, (4) $4,430,525.01 in PY2019 funds,

(5) $10,183,873.04 in PY2020 funds, (6) $18,142,448.54 in PY2021 funds, and (7) $24,605,247 in PY2022 funds. Thus, according to *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* there was a total of $62,550,361.91 of awarded grant funds that remained available to be expended by the 167 open grants, and that amount is detailed as follows:

**Resources Made Available (April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023):**

*Chart 1*: PY2016: $428,294.41

*Chart 2*: PY2017: $1,715,217.50

*Chart 3*: PY2018: $3,044,756.41

*Chart 4* PY2019: $4,430,525.01

*Chart 5*: PY2020: $10,183,873.04

*Chart 6*: PY2021: $18,142,448.54

*Chart 7*: PY2022: $24,605,247.00

**TOTAL:** $62,550,361.91

And these 167 CDBG grants' primary activities are as follows:

52 involved the sewer activity,

36 involved the water activity,

38 involved the roads activity,

13 involved the drainage activity,

19 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

4 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the construction of a community center activity,

6 involved the planning activity,

6 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

4 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

3 involved the construction of a railroad crossing/rail spur activity,

3 involved the traffic signal activity,

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity, and

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity.

ADECA, as the State grant administrator for Alabama's CDBG Program, allocates 100% of its annual CDBG award through:

(1) awarding the grant funds to eligible units of local government via the County Fund, Large City Fund, Small City Fund, Economic Development Fund, Planning Fund, and Community Enhancement Fund (see the geographic distribution and location of investments for the current 167 open grants in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* and for the 59 closed grants in *Chart 8* under the column within those charts entitled “Subrecipient / Local Community Name”);

(2) expenditure of the State Administration portion of the grant funds on ADECA's grant administration work; and

(3) expenditure of the State's Technical Assistance portion of the grant funds.

Also, throughout each program year, any grant funds that are returned to ADECA can be coupled with the current year's grant funds so that ADECA is able to award additional CDBG grants/grant funds to local communities. Such returned grant funds include:

(1) any unexpended grant funds from local communities after their projects have concluded (for example, because the project came in under budget, or because the project was amended to reduce the amount of grant funds necessary to complete the project);

(2) any grant funds repaid by local communities after their projects were terminated (for example, due to the lack of progress on their construction or infrastructure projects, or due to a lack of job creation as a result of their economic development projects); and

(3) any grant funds returned by local communities for various/other reasons (such as funds considered to be program income that was earned by a local community in the amount of $100 or more having to be paid to ADECA).

Thus, ADECA is able to re-allocate / re-award those grant funds recouped from previous grant years when such funds are unexpended, returned to, and/or paid to the State (such as program income funds), and wherein such funds are coupled with a current year's remaining grant funds in the form of grant awards made to additional local government applicants so as to obligate (and ultimately expend) as many of the available grant funds as possible. And the State annually verifies the allocation of these funds through the submission of:

(1) a twelve-month timeliness report that is sent to HUD (within 12 months of the State’s receipt of the annual CDBG grant award) to validate that 95% of the current year's grant funds have been obligated within twelve months of Alabama's Governor signing the HUD contract/grant award; and

(2) a fifteen-month timeliness report that is sent to HUD (within 15 months of the State’s receipt of the annual CDBG grant award) to validate that 100% of the current year's grant funds have been obligated within fifteen months of Alabama's Governor signing the HUD contract/grant award.

For the State of Alabama’s PY2022 CDBG grant funds, on November 14, 2022, ADECA received HUD’s letter, dated November 10, 2022, containing the State of Alabama’s PY2022 CDBG grant award. Alabama Governor Kay Ivey signed the grant award documents on November 18, 2022, and ADECA returned the signed grant award documents to HUD on November 28, 2022. For that PY2022 CDBG Grant Award, ADECA’s twelve-month timeliness report to HUD is due by November 18, 2023, and ADECA’s fifteen-month timeliness report to HUD is due by February 18, 2024.

**HOME**: The highest scoring Housing Credit project and/or HOME project combined with Housing Credits will be allocated per county until all available 2022 Housing Credits and HOME Funds have been allocated, subject to the following exception. AHFA will allocate Housing Credits to 2 projects in the same county or city only if both projects score high enough to be funded, are otherwise eligible to be funded under this HOME Action Plan, and one of the projects being considered has all the following attributes at the time of application:

1. has received a HOME Loan from AHFA,
2. has at least 85% occupancy, and
3. has either
   1. repaid the HOME Loan in full, or
   2. has a fully executed commitment with AHFA for a 15-year extension of the debt evidenced by the outstanding HOME loan.

Since the inception of the HOME program, techniques such as these have yielded the creation of new apartment communities in every county in the state. For PY2022, HOME Projects were awarded in the following Alabama counties:

* Mobile
* Montgomery
* Etowah

**ESG**: Funds from the ESG Program were expended statewide. $501,320.61 of PY2022 funds were expended by the subrecipients during the reporting period; 18.9% of PY2022 funds along with, PY2020, and PY2021 funds were expended by local units of government and private nonprofit organizations to assist 5,731 homeless persons.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program is dedicated to a statewide system of responding to the needs of low-income, HIV-positive Alabamians. The AIDS Service Organization Network of Alabama (ASONA), a unique body comprised of leadership from each of the nine AIDS Service Organizations, allows for complete coverage of the entire state. As the lead agency for HIV-specific housing, AIDS Alabama coordinates a collaborative effort to provide housing assistance and supportive services to each of the 67 counties. Statewide funding is allocated through a competitive process between ASOs each grant period with the commitment to provide equitable resources to all eligible HIV-positive persons.

**HTF**: No more than one (1) new construction project is awarded within a county in any given competitive cycle. For PY2022, an HTF Project was awarded in the following Alabama county:

* Lee

**CDBG-CV**: Pursuant to the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act* (the CARES Act) that was passed by Congress and signed into law by President Trump on March 27, 2020, the State of Alabama (the State) was awarded the amounts of (1) $14,011,858 in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Round 1 funds (CDBG CV-1), (2) $15,068,316 in CDBG Round 2 funds (CDBG CV-2), and (3) $11,379,612 in CDBG Round 3 funds (CDBG CV-3), for a total award amount of $40,459,786 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). These CDBG CV-1, CDBG CV-2, and CDBG CV-3 funds are treated as one CDBG-CV Program fund. For the three rounds of CARES Act Coronavirus CDBG-CV Program grant funds totaling $40,459,786 awarded by HUD to the State of Alabama/ADECA during the year 2020, ADECA submitted its Action Plan to HUD in December 2020, and ADECA established April 1, 2021 as the date on which the 80 eligible units of local government (13 entitlement cities, 2 entitlement counties, and 65 non-entitlement counties identified in that Plan) could submit to ADECA their local government CDBG-CV grant applications. Thus, ADECA did not award any CDBG-CV grant funds to the 80 eligible units of local government during the April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021 reporting period.

During the April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2022 reporting period, ADECA awarded CDBG-CV grant funds to City of Alexander City, City of [Auburn](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/auburn-demographics), Autauga County, Barbour County, City of [Bessemer](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/bessemer-demographics), City of [Birmingham](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/birmingham-demographics), Blount County, Bullock County, City of Butler, Butler County, Calhoun County, Town of Carrollton, Chambers County, Chilton County, Clarke County, Clay County, Coffee County, Colbert County, Conecuh County, Coosa County, Cullman County, Dale County, Dallas County, City of [Decatur](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/decatur-demographics), DeKalb County, City of Dothan, Elmore County, Escambia County, Etowah County, Fayette County, City of [Florence](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/florence-demographics), Franklin County, Geneva County, Hale County, Henry County, Houston County, City of [Huntsville](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/huntsville-demographics), City of Jackson, Jackson County, Jefferson County, Lauderdale County, Lawrence County, Lee County, Limestone County, Lowndes County, City of Luverne, Macon County, Madison County, Marengo County, Marion County, Marshall County, City of Millbrook, City of [Mobile](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/mobile-demographics), Mobile County, Monroe County, Montgomery County, Morgan County, City of [Opelika](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/opelika-demographics), City of Opp, Perry County, Pickens County, Pike County, City of Roanoke, Russell County, Shelby County, St. Clair County, Sumter County, Tallapoosa County, City of Thomasville, City of [Tuscaloosa](https://www.alabama-demographics.com/tuscaloosa-demographics), Walker County, Washington County, Wilcox County, and Winston County.

During the April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 reporting period, ADECA awarded CDBG-CV grant funds to City of Gadsden. See *Chart 11* for Alabama's statewide geographic distribution of these funds.

**ESG-CV**: ESG-CV grant funds were to be used by local governments and local homeless assistance agencies to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic and other infectious diseases among individuals and families who are homeless or who are receiving homeless assistance, and to support additional homeless assistance and homelessness prevention activities to mitigate the impacts created by COVID-19. The grant funds could also be used for homelessness prevention, assistance services to both sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons, and the provision of limited rental and utility assistance to mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. To assist with accomplishing these goals, additional/subsequent (Round 2) funding for ESG-CV recipients could be used to provide emergency shelter, temporary emergency shelter, or rapid re-housing, and other crisis response activities.

As was required by HUD, ADECA wrote the State’s Plan for how the ESG-CV funds were to be distributed, and how those funds could be expended. That Plan was posted – and continues to be posted – on the ADECA website at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/ced/cares-act-covid-19-grant-program-resources/> at the link [2020 CARES Act – ESG-CV Annual Action Plan](https://adeca.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020-CARES-Act-ESG-CV-Annual-Action-Plan.docx). Via a Memorandum dated October 13, 2020 and signed by ADECA Director Kenneth Boswell that was sent to the ADECA ESG Program’s ”All Interested Parties” list as well as posted on the ADECA website at the link <https://adeca.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020-Memo-for-COVID19-Public-Hearing-.pdf>, ADECA announced that it would conduct a public hearing on November 4, 2020 concerning that Plan and also conducted a five-day public comment period following that public hearing for public comments to be submitted to ADECA regarding that Plan. The Plan was subsequently submitted to HUD for approval.

ADECA conducted two rounds of accepting ESG-CV grant applications: (1) Round 1 grant applications were accepted by ADECA through December 7, 2020, and that grant application link is on the ADECA website <https://adeca.alabama.gov/ced/cares-act-covid-19-grant-program-resources/> at the link [ESG-CV Application Form – Round 1](https://adeca.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/ESG-CV-Application-Form.docx), and (2) Round 2 grant applications were accepted by ADECA through February 8, 2021, and that grant application link is on the ADECA website <https://adeca.alabama.gov/ced/cares-act-covid-19-grant-program-resources/> at the link [ESG-CV Application Form – Round 2](https://adeca.alabama.gov/wp-content/uploads/ESG-CV-Application-Form-Round-2.docx).

ADECA’s allocation / distribution of the $23,237,004 in ESG-CV grant funds was as follows: ESG-CV funds were first drawn during the April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2022 reporting period, and ADECA awarded the ESG-CV grant funds to Housing First, Inc., the City of Huntsville, Penelope House, Inc., Shelby County Commission, the City of Tuscaloosa, Family Promise of Baldwin County, Inc., the Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless, Inc., the Salvation Army, Montgomery Area Rural Coalition for the Homeless, Inc., Northwest Alabama Housing Services, Legal Services Alabama, Inc., the City of Florence, the First Christian Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Family Counseling Center of Mobile, Inc. These are more thoroughly described as follows:

● **Housing First, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing street outreach, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness in Mobile and Baldwin Counties. **HESG-CV-20-001: $1,000,000.00**

● **City of Huntsville** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by Contracting with AshaKiran, Inc., Community Action Partnership of Huntsville/Madison and Limestone counties, Inc., Crisis Services Center, Inc., Disabled American Veterans, First Stop, Family Services Center, Inc., Harris Home for Children, New Futures, North Alabama Coalition for the Homeless, Wellstone, and Riah Rose Home for Children, Inc., to provide street outreach, emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to victims of domestic violence and their children, other homeless persons, and persons at risk of homelessness City of Huntsville. **HESG-CV-20-002: $1,949,000.00**

● **Penelope House, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing emergency shelter to victims of domestic violence and their children in the City of Mobile. **HESG-CV-20-003: $1,436,949.00**

● **Shelby County Commission** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by contracting with Family Connection, Inc., Safehouse of Shelby County, Inc., and Shelby Emergency Assistance, Inc. to provide emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to victims of domestic violence and their children, other homeless persons, and persons at risk of homelessness in Shelby County. **HESG-CV-20-004: $219,892.00**

● **City of Tuscaloosa** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by contracting with the Salvation Army, SAN, Inc., dba Turning Point, and Temporary Emergency Services Inc., to provide street outreach, emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to victims of domestic violence and their children, other homeless persons, and persons at risk of homelessness in Tuscaloosa County. **HESG-CV-20-005: $742,539.00**

● **Family Promise of Baldwin Co., Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing direct assistance and contracting with Mary's Shelter Gulf Coast to provide emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid re-housing assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness in Baldwin County. **HESG-CV-20-006: $993,819.00**

● **Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19  pandemic by providing direct assistance and contracting with the Walker County Coalition for the Homeless, Childcare Resource Center, the Southeast Alabama Coalition for the Homeless, Dallas County Family Resource Center, TEARS, Serenity Place, and Victim Services of Cullman to provide street outreach, emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to victims of domestic violence and their children, other homeless persons, and persons at risk of homelessness in Barber, Bibb, Butler, Chambers, Chilton, Choctaw, Clarke, Clay, Cleburne, Coffee, Conecuh, Coosa, Covington, Crenshaw, Cullman, Dale, Dallas, Escambia, Fayette, Geneva, Greene, Hale, Henry, Houston, Jackson, Lamar, Lee, Macon, Marengo, Marshall, Monroe, Perry, Pickens, Pike, Randolph, Russell, Sumter, Talladega, Tallapoosa, Walker, Washington, and Wilcox Counties. **HESG-CV-20-007: $10,000,000.00**

● **The Salvation Army** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing emergency shelter to homeless families and their children in the City of Mobile. **HESG-CV-20-008: $448,224.00**

● **Montgomery Area Coalition for the Homeless, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing street outreach, homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing assistance to persons who are homeless or at risk of homelessness by contracting with Family Promise of Montgomery, Montgomery Area Family Violence Program, Inc., Friendship Mission, Inc., and the Salvation Army to provide emergency shelter to victims of domestic violence and their children and other homeless persons in Montgomery, Autauga, Elmore, Bullock, and Lowndes Counties. **HESG-CV-20-009: $2,032,750.66**

● **Northwest Alabama Housing Services** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing street outreach assistance to homeless persons in Lauderdale, Franklin, Marion, Winston, and Lawrence Counties. **HESG-CV-20-011: $117,785.00**

● **Legal Services Alabama, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness in Cherokee, DeKalb, and Etowah Counties and by providing housing related legal assistance throughout the State. **HESG-CV-20-012: $1,500,000.00**

● **City of Florence** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by contracting with the Community Action Agency of Northwest Alabama, Safe Place, Inc., and the Salvation Army of the Shoals to provide emergency shelter, homelessness prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance to victims of domestic violence and their children, other homeless persons, and persons at risk of homelessness in Lauderdale, Colbert, Franklin, Marion, Winston, and Lawrence Counties. **HESG-CV-20-014: $828,300.00**

● **First Christian Methodist Episcopal Church** \*(This Grant was terminated and the remaining funds redistributed to other Subrecipients of the ESG-CV funds) will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing direct assistance and contracting with Pleasant Grove Christian Methodist Episcopal Church to provide homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness in Montgomery and Bullock Counties. **HESG-CV-20-106: $830,632.00**

● **Family Counseling Center of Mobile, Inc.** will prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic by providing homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness in Baldwin, Clarke, Mobile, and Washington Counties. **HESG-CV-20-107: $891,032.80**

**HOPWA-CV**: The HOPWA-CV program was designed to provide emergency stabilization services to HOPWA eligible individuals across the State during the Covid-19 Pandemic. This was accomplished through the ASONA network (as described above) to reach eligible individuals in all 67 counties. The HOPWA-CV plan includes increased funding for STRMU services that can be accessed for up to 24-months rather than limited to 21 weeks per grant cycle. The plan also includes emergency hotel assistance through the transitional/short-term housing line item for eligible individuals who are unable to access emergency housing services due to the pandemic and those in need of a quarantine location due to Covid-19. The plan also allows for minor accomodations to facilities based housing that are needed due to the pandemic as well as increased supportive services including: transportation, nutrition, case management to access essention services, education related to reducing the spread of infection, and infection control measures).

**Leveraging. Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the state that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.**

**CDBG**: The State leverages its annual allocation of CDBG funds with the applicant local governments' matching funds if those respective local governments are able to commit their own financial resources to their CDBG projects. The State encourages its non-entitlement local governments to contribute their own funds in the CDBG application process, even if the project is a joint project to be administered via a collaboration between two participating jurisdictions.

This satisfaction of local matching funds requirements is explained in the CDBG Program's One-Year Annual Action Plans and in Alabama's PY2020-PY2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan. It is also explained in ADECA’s annual CDBG Grant Application Manual (available on the ADECA website at [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)). More specifically, this Application Manual, produced annually by ADECA, discusses local matching funds (in the CDBG Program annual plan) at Tab 1, Tab 2 (which discusses Policy Letter 24 and administrative costs as local match), Tab 3 (which discusses Policy Letter 18 and hook-ups as local match), Tab 5 (which discusses local match in the application guide for Small City, Large City, and County Funds), Tab 6 (which discusses local match in the application guide for Community Enhancement Funds), Tab 7 (which discusses local match in the application guide for Planning Funds), and Tab 8 (which discusses local match in the application guide for local Economic Development Infrastructure Funds).

Alabama's matching funds requirement was satisfied as follows. ADECA divides its annual CDBG allocation into nine sections or "Funds": (1) the County Fund, (2) the Large City Fund (for cities with a population of 3,001 or more residents), (3) the Small City Fund (for cities and towns with a population of 3,000 or fewer residents), (4) the Community Enhancement Fund, (5) the Planning Fund, (6) Economic Development Grants (ED Grants), (7) ED Incubator Projects, (8) ED Loans, and (9) ED Float Loans.

1. For ADECA's County Fund, Large City Fund, and Small City Fund, up to 20 points on a local community's CDBG grant application score were made available to those communities that provided a local matching funds amount to expend with/as part of their local CDBG-funded projects. These points were awarded by ADECA based on the percent of local funds divided by (/) the total amount of requested CDBG dollars, as follows: 2 points were awarded for a 1 percent match, 4 points were awarded for a 2 percent match, and so on, up to 20 points being awarded for a 10 percent (10%) match. In those jurisdictions that were determined by the most recent Census to have 1,000 or less persons, ADECA did not require that those local communities include a local matching amount as part of their respective project's budget, so the full 20 points was awarded to those particular jurisdictions' grant applications in the County Fund, Large City Fund, and Small City Fund categories.

2. For ADECA's Community Enhancement Fund, ADECA required a specific local match equal to or exceeding 10 percent of the amount of CDBG funds that the local community was requesting in its grant application. But for those jurisdictions determined by the most recent Census to have 1,000 or less persons, no match was required when the local community applicant lacked the financial capacity to provide the matching funds for its respective project.

3. For ADECA's Planning Fund, ADECA required the local community applicant to provide a cash match of 20 percent of the project's cost. But for those jurisdictions determined by the most recent Census to have 1,000 or less persons, no match was required when the local community applicant lacked the financial capacity to provide the matching funds for its respective project.

4. For ADECA's ED Grants, those projects were required to include a local match of at least 20 percent of the amount requested in the local community's ED Grant application. But in a jurisdiction that was determined by the most recent Census to have 1,000 or less persons, no match was required if the local community applicant lacked the financial capacity to provide the match.

5. For ADECA's ED Incubator Projects, ADECA considered various factors when evaluating the worthiness of those local proposals. One such factor was whether or not the local community provided evidence of local support (financial, professional, or other) to use as local match for the intended project.

6. For ADECA's ED Loans, ADECA reviewed local applications for ED Loans to determine whether or not they conformed with the thresholds and other factors, to include any leverage ratio (private dollars put into the project as compared to CDBG dollars).

7. For ADECA's ED Float Loans, ADECA reviewed local applications for ED Float Loans via a thorough review of the proposed project. All funding decisions were based on factors that included loan security - in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit and/or other security deemed acceptable by the State.

ADECA also maintains several CDBG administrative policy letters that are used as guidance to assist the local governments in complying with their local matching funds requirements. The applicable policy letters are as follows:

● Policy Letter 3 - Revision 3, dated April 1, 2013 and May 15, 2013, allows local communities to use man-hours and equipment usage as local match for their projects.

● Policy Letter 8 - Revision 3, dated October 1, 2008, mandates that all local cash matching funds and in-kind matching contributions must be expended on a proportionate basis to the expenditure of CDBG funds drawn-down on the project.

● Policy Letter 18 - Revision 4, dated February 27, 2003, and its Attachment also dated February 27, 2003, allow local communities to include as their local match the cost of hook-ups of low- and moderate-income residences to water and sewer lines in the project area when it will serve a public purpose.

● Policy Letter 24, dated September 22, 1998, allows local communities to count as the local match the local government employees' time/pay and equipment expended on administrative work and/or construction work on the project.

These and all of ADECA's CDBG Program Policy Letters can be accessed on the ADECA website (www.adeca.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/cdbg-policy-letters/>.

**HOME**: To encourage developers to seek and secure additional subsidies to support (or leverage) a development, AHFA awards points as part of the competitive cycle to applications providing documentation of secured funding commitments from other reputable and vetted funding sources. These other funding sources may include local (city or county) funds, low-income housing tax credits, historic tax credits, Federal Home Loan Bank Affordable Housing Program funds, loan consortia, for profit or non-profit foundations, etc. All additional funding sources must be vetted and approved by AHFA prior to points being given in a competitive funding cycle, therefore, sources should be introduced by interested parties during the Public Comment period for the Annual HOME Action Plan preceding the competitive cycle.

**ESG**: A total of $607,395.45 of matching funds for Program Year 2022 was committed to the project. Matching funds included cash from private sources, fundraising events, and charitable organizations. In addition to cash, matching funds included in-kind donations such as rent for office space, case management services, and volunteer services. For Program Years 2020, 2021, and 2022, a total of $2,835,639.27 was applied as match.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program’s Project Sponsor, AIDS Alabama coordinates with the City of Birmingham Community Development, Birmingham AIDS Outreach, Five Horizons, Formerly known as West Alabama AIDS Outreach, Unity Wellness Center, Thrive Alabama, formerly known as AIDS Action Coalition, Health Service Center, AIDS Alabama South, Selma AIR, Medical AIDS Outreach, Aletheia House, One Roof, Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless, Ryan White Consortium, Family Clinic at UAB, 1917 Clinic at UAB, Jefferson County Health Department, JBS Mental Health/Mental Retardation Authority, United Way of Central Alabama, United Way of Southwest Alabama, Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA), Alabama Department of Public Health (ADPH), Alabama Department of Mental Health, AIDS Service Organization Network of Alabama (ASONA), and other state and local social service agencies as needed to leverage funding provided through Alabama’s HOPWA program.

The following describes how federal, state, and local public/private resources will be used to address the identified consumer needs:

● HOPWA entitlement funds are provided through the State of Alabama and the City of Birmingham and address the housing and supportive services needs of the HIV population by funding programs for rental assistance, supportive services such as case management and transportation, housing identification, and operations.

● HOPWA competitive grants fund the statewide HIV housing in the rural areas of the state plus the operation of a service-enriched facility for consumers dually diagnosed with severe mental illness and HIV.

● The Continuum of Care Program funds provide permanent housing for chronically homeless persons, permanent housing for trans-identified persons, and rapid re-housing for homeless persons including homeless youth.

● The Shelter-Plus Care Program, administered by the Jefferson County Housing Authority, provides permanent housing vouchers. In order to access these vouchers, partnering agencies must provide supportive services funded through other sources for the duration of the client’s use of the voucher.

● Section 811 housing provides permanent housing and a rental subsidy for qualified disabled persons.

● Part B Ryan White funding provides emergency financial assistance, insurance continuation, case management, and other needed services to persons living with HIV disease.

● The Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and the Alabama Department of Public Health support education, testing, behavioral interventions, and post-test education services.

● The State of Alabama, the City of Birmingham, and Jefferson County administer Emergency Solutions Grant funding.

● Enroll Alabama, a division of AIDS Alabama, has provided Insurance Marketplace navigation services for eligible persons.

● The City of Birmingham provides funds to AIDS Alabama to support HIV programs.

● The Community Foundation of Birmingham provides funds to support HIV programs.

● AIDS Alabama has made a concerted effort and has been successful in obtaining funds from other private corporations and foundations. The agency has also been able to significantly increase the amount of in-kind services from volunteers and donations from companies and individuals.

● Pharmaceutical companies have been supportive of educational and event-based services.

**HTF**: Leveraging from other non-federal resources is required to make HTF projects financially feasible. Leveraging with AHFA approved (vetted) sources is encouraged.

**CDBG-CV**: There is no matching funds requirement for the CDBG-CV Program.

**ESG-CV**: There is no matching funds requirement for the ESG-CV Program.

**HOPWA-CV**: There is no matching funds requirement for the HOPWA-CV Program. See the information stated in the HOPWA section immediately above.

**Fiscal Year Summary - HOME Match**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Excess match from prior Federal fiscal year | | | | | | | **$4,091,902** | | |
| 2. Match contributed during current Federal fiscal year | | | | | | | **$56,359** | | |
| 3. Total match available for current Federal fiscal year (Line 1 plus Line 2) | | | | | | | **$4,148,261** | | |
| 4. Match liability for current Federal fiscal year | | | | | | | **$0** | | |
| 5. Excess match carried over to next Federal fiscal year (Line 3 minus Line 4) | | | | | | | **$4,148,261** | | |
| **Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year** | | | | | | | | | |
| **Project Number or Other ID** | **Date of Contribution (mm/dd/yyyy)** | **Cash (non-Federal Sources)** | **Foregone Taxes, Fees, Charges** | **Appraised Land / Real Property** | **Required Infra-structure** | **Site Preparation, Construction Materials, Donated Labor** | **Bond Financing** | **Total Match** | **Action** |
| 015-413-000095 | 09/30/2022 |  | 48,359 |  |  | 8,000 |  | 56,359 |  |

**HOME MBE/WBE Report**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Program Income** - Enter the program income amounts for the reporting period | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance on hand at beginning of reporting period  $25,151,179 | | | Amount received during reporting period  $7,752,076 | | | Total amount expended during reporting period  $111,525 | | | | | Amount expended for TBRA  $0 | | | | Balance on hand at end of reporting period  $32,791,730 | |
| **Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises** - Indicate the number and dollar value of contracts for HOME projects completed during the reporting period | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Total** | | | **Minority Business Enterprises** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic |
| **Contracts:** Number | 5 | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 1 |
| Dollar Amount | $10,110,800 | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 2,144,320 |
| **Sub-Contracts:** Number | 37 | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 3 | | | | 4 | |  |
| Dollar Amount | $7,267,016 | | | 0 | | | | 0 | | $120,619 | | | | $870,848 | |  |
|  | **Total** | | | **Women Business Enterprises** | | | | **Male** | | | | | | | | |
| **Contracts:** Number | 5 | | | 1 | | | | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Amount | $10,110,800 | | | $2,144,320 | | | | $7,966,480 | | | | | | | | |
| **Sub-Contracts:** Number | 37 | | | 30 | | | | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Amount | $7,167,016 | | | $6,065,411 | | | | $1,101,605 | | | | | | | | |
| **Minority Owners of Rental Property** - Indicate the number of HOME assisted rental property owners and the total amount of HOME funds in these rental properties assisted | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Total** | | | **Minority Property Owners** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic | |
| Number | 5 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 5 | |
| Dollar Amount | $10,110,800 | | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | $10,110,800 | |
| **Relocation and Real Property Acquisition** - Indicate the number of persons displaced, the cost of relocation payments, the number of parcels acquired, and the cost of acquisition | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | **Number** | | | | | | | **Cost** | | | | |
| Parcels Acquired | | | | | 5 | | | | | | | $1,565,014 | | | | |
| Businesses Displaced | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Nonprofit Organizations Displaced | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Households Temporarily Relocated, not Displaced | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| **Households Displaced** | | **Total** | | **Minority Business Enterprises** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic | |
| Number | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Cost | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | | 0 | | 0 | |

**HOME**: In an effort to further the inclusion of minorities in Alabama’s HOME program, AHFA has established an allocation plan which awards preference points to developers who AHFA will give preference points to those applications which evidence the participation of minorities in connection with the project. The MBEs or WBEs may include real estate firms, construction firms, building material suppliers, appraisal firms, management firms, financial institutions, investment banking firms, underwriters, accountants, providers of legal services, or other related entities. AHFA developed a report that the developer completes prior to the HOME loan closing which indicates minority and/or women owned businesses used on the HOME project in order maintain a record of reported Minority- and Women-owned Business activities involved in the HOME Program. In addition, all developers who are awarded HOME funds must certify that their projects will comply with the Equal Opportunity, Fair Housing, and Affirmative Marketing laws.

**HTF MBE/WBE Report**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises** - Indicate the number and dollar value of contracts for HTF projects completed during the reporting period | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Total** | | **Minority Business Enterprises** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic |
| **Contracts:** Number | 1 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 |
| Dollar Amount | $348,332 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 |
| **Sub-Contracts:** Number | 6 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | 2 | | 4 |
| Dollar Amount | $1,753,421 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 |
|  | **Total** | | **Women Business Enterprises** | | | **Male** | | | | | | | |
| **Contracts:** Number | 1 | | 0 | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Amount | $348,332 | | 0 | | | $348,332 | | | | | | | |
| **Sub-Contracts:** Number | 6 | | 4 | | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Amount | $1,753,421 | | $1,454,946 | | | $298,475 | | | | | | | |
| **Minority Owners of Rental Property** - Indicate the number of HTF assisted rental property owners and the total amount of HTF funds in these rental properties assisted | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | **Total** | | **Minority Property Owners** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic | |
| Number | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Dollar Amount | $348,332 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| **Relocation and Real Property Acquisition** - Indicate the number of persons displaced, the cost of relocation payments, the number of parcels acquired, and the cost of acquisition | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | **Number** | | | | | **Cost** | | | | |
| Parcels Acquired | | | | 1 | | | | | $412,500 | | | | |
| Businesses Displaced | | | | 0 | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Nonprofit Organizations Displaced | | | | 0 | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| Households Temporarily Relocated, not Displaced | | | | 0 | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| **Households Displaced** | | **Total** | **Minority Business Enterprises** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | Alaskan Native or American Indian | | Asian or Pacific Islander | | Black Non-Hispanic | | | Hispanic | | White Non-Hispanic | |
| Number | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Cost | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | |

**HTF**: In an effort to further the inclusion of minorities in Alabama’s HTF program, AHFA has established an allocation plan which awards preference points to developers who will pledge to commit at least 10% of their material and service contracts to Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs) or Women’s Business Enterprises (WBEs). The MBEs or WBEs may include real estate firms, construction firms, building material suppliers, appraisal firms, management firms, financial institutions, investment banking firms, underwriters, accountants, providers of legal services, or other related entities. AHFA has developed a report that the developer completes prior to the HTF loan closing which indicates minority and/or women owned businesses used on the HTF project. In addition, all developers who are awarded HTF funds must certify that their projects will comply with the Equal Opportunity, Fair Housing, and Affirmative Marketing laws.

**CR-20 Affordable Housing [see 24 CFR 91.520(b)]**

Evaluation of the State's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number of Households to be supported:** | **One-Year Goal**  **Persons** | **Actual**  **Persons** |
| **Homeless** | 250 (expected by ESG) | 279 (reported by ESG) |
| **Non-homeless** | 200 (expected by HOME) | 168 (reported by HOME) |
| **Special-needs** | 15 (expected by HOME) | 9 (reported by HOME) |
| **Total** | 250 + 200 + 15 =  465 | 279 + 168 + 9 =  456 |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number of Households supported through:** | **One-Year Goal**  **Households** | **Actual**  **Households** |
| **Rental Assistance** | 200 (expected by HOPWA) | 116 (reported by HOPWA) |
| **The Production of New Units** | 200 (expected by HOME) | 168 (reported by HOME) |
| **Rehab of Existing Units** | 10 (expected by CDBG) | 40 (reported by CDBG) |
| **Acquisition of Existing Units** | 0 (expected) | 0 (reported) |
| **Total** | 200 + 200 + 10 + 0  = 410 | 116 + 168 + 40 + 0 = 324 |

**Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes, and problems encountered in meeting these goals.**

**CDBG**: Each year, ADECA’s CDBG Program allocates funds to projects designed to create suitable living environments by (1) improving the availability of local government services (through water, sewer, and road improvements), (2) promoting and improving the sustainability of viable communities (through development of parks, senior centers, fire stations, and other community enhancement projects), and (3) improving accessibility to and sustainability of fair housing through improved housing affordability and created economic opportunities (through housing rehabilitation and demolition, local planning, and economic development projects for job-creation and job-retention). The State's CDBG funds are not expended to "directly provide" affordable housing to citizens. If and when CDBG funds are expended on "affordable housing," then such local government CDBG projects are for residential rehabilitation in designated areas within those local communities. Thus, the CDBG Program’s progress in providing affordable housing would only be applicable to CDBG-funded local government residential rehabilitation projects.

Of the 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period identified hereinabove in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7*, there were 6 open CDBG grants to local communities which expended their funds on residential rehabilitation. These 6 open grants are as follows:

● *Chart 4 -* PY2019:

City of Abbeville: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 5 -* PY2020:

City of Eufaula: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 6 -* PY2021:

City of Midland City: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 7 -* PY2022:

City of Geneva: $500,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Louisville: $394,907 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of New Brockton: $392,900 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

However, because local CDBG-funded projects report to ADECA their beneficiary numbers only when the respective project is closed out (the numbers and races of persons and households served via the number of very low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons and households), ADECA does not have program beneficiary information to report on these 6 open CDBG grants residential rehabilitation projects at this time.

Of the 59 closed CDBG grants that expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*, there were 2 CDBG grants to local communities which expended the grant funds on residential rehabilitation.

● *Chart 8* (Closed CDBG Grants):

City of Headland: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Kinston: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

ADECA maintains administrative policy letters as guidance to assist the local governments in complying with their CDBG residential rehabilitation projects, as follows:

● Policy Letter 13 - Revision 1, dated February 27, 2003, outlines the policy on housing standards and conditions for residential rehabilitation projects.

● Policy Letter 20, dated May 5, 1995, outlines the use of volunteer labor for residential rehabilitation projects.

● Policy Letter 23, applicable as of the FY1998 CDBG Action Plan, outlines eligibility requirements for local communities to use when determining which houses may be included in a residential rehabilitation project.

These and all of ADECA's CDBG Program Policy Letters can be accessed on the ADECA website (www.adeca.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/cdbg-policy-letters/>.

**HOME**: The Alabama Housing Finance Authority (AHFA) allocates HOME funds together with Housing Credits within Alabama which helps to develop projects throughout the State that provide housing units for low-income families. The goal is that 100% of the units produced are filled with low-income and moderate-income citizens. To date, AHFA is successful in fulfilling that goal. See *Chart 15* and *Chart 16* below.

**ESG**: The ESG Program provides emergency shelters, meals, child care services, transitional housing, services for homeless persons with alcohol/drug problems, vouchers for shelters, health care services, employment services, outreach services, mental health services, homeless prevention services, day shelters, and HIV/AIDS services. Twenty-two (22) program participants received TANF Child Care Services. Thirteen (13) program participants received TANF Transportation Services. Sixteen (16) program participants received other TANF-funded services. 2,236 program paticipants had Medicaid as their health insurance coverage. 127 program participants received VA medical services.

For **Persons Served**: This information was uploaded into the ESG Sage HMIS Reporting Repository and is attached to CR-00.

**HOPWA**: AIDS Alabama’s HOPWA Program provides housing assistance services to eligible clients that include rental assistance and provision of housing supportive services. The HOPWA Program’s goals, objectives, and outcomes were as follows:

**Goal 1: Support a statewide rental assistance program through qualified AIDS Service Organizations**

Objective: Provide 50 households with emergency Short-Term Rent/Mortgage and Utility (STRMU) assistance between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: AIDS Alabama provided 47 households in the entitlement area with short-term rental assistance between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023. Of those assisted, 100% remain stably housed without further assistance.

Outcome Assessment: Of the 47 households served, AIDS Alabama assesses that 100% remain stably housed without further assistance. This funding will keep 47 housed consumers from becoming homeless because of a temporary emergency situation.

Objective: Provide 100 households with long-term, Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: AIDS Alabama provided 68 households, 68% of goal, with TBRA between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: These funds allow consumers to obtain and remain in affordable leased housing through monthly access to program subsidy and support. This agency achieved 68% of goal for creating housing stability and reducing homelessness.

Additional Outputs Reported: Although not a specific objective under the Rental Assistance goal in the 2022 Action Plan, AIDS Alabama was able to provide 1 household with Project-Based Rental Assistance (PBRA) between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: These funds allow consumers to obtain and remain in affordable leased housing.

47 + 68 + 1 = 116 households.

The HOPWA Program’s Project served 203 extremely low income (0-30% of area median income) households, 15 very low income (31-50% of area median income) households, and 8 low income (51-80% of area median income) households with housing subsidy assistance, for a total of 226 households served with housing subsidy assistance. The HOPWA program cannot serve moderate income households.

203+15+8=226 households.

**Goal 2: Provide existing housing programs in the State with supportive services**

Objective: Provide 20,000 legs of transportation to social service and medical appointments between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: AIDS Alabama provided 19,413 legs of transportation to social service and medical appointments between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: This connection to mainstream support services promotes healthier and more socially connected consumers who can live independently and remain in stable housing. As AIDS Alabama’s housing portfolio continued to expand, the Agency recognized the need for more transportation services.

Objective: Provide case management and support services to 5,000 consumers statewide between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: Case management and support services were provided to approximately 10,853 unduplicated households, between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: Consumers are linked to mainstream resources that give them the ability to remain in stable housing and to live independently. The agency exceeded this goal at over 200% of housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care.

**Goal 3: Support operating costs of current housing.**

Objective: Supplement the operating cost of units of housing statewide and serving 100 persons between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: Units of housing statewide were provided to 226 eligible persons with HIV and 104 family members. AIDS Alabama has increased the amount of funds used in this category due to several reasons, including the aging of current property that has required major maintenance costs. The housing staff must constantly inspect and repair existing properties to keep the current housing in AIDS Alabama’s portfolio operational and safe. Existing properties throughout the state continue to require high rehabilitation funding. HOPWA funds were to used support the operating costs for 77 units statewide between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023. As properties age, the cost of maintenance grows. AIDS Alabama will continue to make every effort to focus the funding on the neediest properties.

Outcome Assessment: All current HIV-positive residents were provided a safe and suitable housing option. The agency achieved 100% of goal for housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care.

**Goal 4: Support resource identification efforts.**

Objective: Attend 100% of the appropriate HIV housing and homeless conferences between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: Funds were used to pay for AIDS Alabama staff to attend all appropriate national and state meetings to foster collaborations that will expand affordable housing for low-income, HIV-positive consumers with in-state housing organizations, such as the Low-Income Housing Coalition of Alabama, Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless, One Roof, Alabama Poverty Project, and others between April 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: AIDS Alabama staff members expanded their knowledge of low-income housing options to persons and families living with HIV disease. The agency achieved 100% of this goal for obtaining information that will assist our consumers in housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care.

**Goal 6: Support ongoing housing information efforts in the State.**

Objective: Provide 2,500 individuals with HIV housing information in a variety of venues, including health fairs, trade day events, HIV-awareness events, churches, non-traditional medical clinics, community clubs, shelters, substance abuse programs, beauty shops, jails, prisons, and schools, as well as through other community service providers statewide between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

Outputs Reported: 4,751 individuals received HIV education and were supplied housing information between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023.

Outcome Assessment: 4,751 Alabamians, including HIV-positive individuals and high-risk populations, now have an understanding of low-income housing options throughout the State. The agency provided information leading to housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care.

**Goal 7: Provide technical assistance training around housing development in Alabama.**

Objective: AIDS Alabama will provide at least two consultations and technical assistance sessions to ASONA member agencies who are engaged in specific, qualified projects.

Outputs Reported: AIDS Alabama continues to provide consultation and technical assistance sessions annually with all seven participating ASOs. The techiniacal assistance training was conducted by AIDS Alabama staff who navigated the HUD regluations and the appropriate use of rental assistance for housing clients across the Sate. Technical assistance has been provided with options of in-person and via Zoom due to COVID-19.

Outcome Assessment: Additional housing will be made available throughout the state, filling some of the gaps for such housing in rural areas. The agency achieved 100% of goal for information leading to housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care.

**HTF**: Addressing the needs of ELI populations, especially rural ELI persons, over the entire HTF Affordability Period will require active and ongoing engagement by multiple stakeholders (mental health and physical health service providers, veteran’s advocates\groups, non-profits, and local governments). Therefore, all stakeholders must be proactive toward:

(a) providing additional funding sources and incentives as available;

(b) helping to remove regulatory and discriminatory barriers; and

(c) seeking experienced development partners to assist in creating housing solutions for ELI populations statewide.

When working with service providers, Continuum of Care, or advocacy groups, every effort should be made to ensure that prospective tenants are able to live independently within the proposed Project.

In PY2022, the HTF Program produced 9 extremely-low-income units employing these techniques.

**Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.**

**CDBG**: For Alabama to achieve progress in providing affordable housing, the State's Five-Year Consolidated Plan and One-Year Annual Action Plans include provisions for this activity.

More specifically, for the 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan, expenditure of CDBG Program funds is focusing on community development, local planning, economic development, infrastructure and loan programs, health hazard and urgent crisis management, job creation/ growth/retention, housing rehabilitation, and Alabama’s Black Belt Region initiatives. Evidence of this can be seen in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, wherein the PY2016, PY2017, PY2018, PY2019, PY2020, 2021, and PY2022 identified open grants currently awarded to 167 local communities indicate that the priority (primary) activities for these grants are as follows:

52 involved the sewer activity,

36 involved the water activity,

38 involved the roads activity,

14 involved the drainage activity,

20 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

4 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

3 involved the construction of a community center activity,

6 involved the planning activity,

6 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

4 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the construction of sidewalk improvements activity,

3 involved the construction of a railroad crossing/rail spur activity,

3 involved the traffic signal activity,

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

1 involved the building construction for a business incubator activity,

1 involved the construction of an E-911 center activity, and

1 involved the removal of architectural barriers / renovation of a courthouse to make it ADA accessible activity.

For PY2022 alone, as shown in *Chart 7* herein above, the PY2022 identified grants currently awarded to 58 local communities indicate that the priority (primary) activities for these grants are as follows:

13 involved the sewer activity,

14 involved the water activity,

7 involved the drainage activity,

21 involved the roads activity,

7 involved the demolition and clearance activity,

3 involved the residential rehabilitation activity,

2 involved the construction of a senior center activity,

2 involved the planning activity,

2 involved the parks and recreation activity,

1 involved the community center activity, and

1 involved the renovation of a gymnasium activity.

**HOME**: The expenditure of HOME Program funds will focus on new multifamily rental housing across Alabama. The intent is that HOME Program tenants will include families, elderly citizens, and special needs households, all of whom will be low-income and in need of affordable housing units. The combination of HOME funds with Housing Credits has consistently produced decent, safe and affordable housing opportunities for low-income to moderate-income citizens in Alabama. This method of HOME fund utilization is expected to continue in future HOME Action Plans. See *PR-23 Summary of HOME Accomplishments* attached hereto.

**ESG**: The expenditure of ESG Program funds will facilitate Alabama’s homeless population needs, and will focus on re-housing assistance, operating expenses, essential services, and homeless prevention assistance. The ESG Program will continue to provide emergency shelters, meals, child care services, transitional housing, services for homeless persons with alcohol/ drug problems, vouchers for shelters, health care services, employment services, outreach services, mental health services, homeless prevention services, day shelters, and HIV/AIDS services.

**HOPWA**: The expenditure of HOPWA Program funds will direct housing activities benefitting persons with HIV and their households and supportive services needed by tenants to maintain housing stability and avoid homelessness. Such direct housing activities include operational costs for existing HIV housing, as well as rental assistance programs that are both tenant-based and project-based rental assistance programs, and the Short-term Rent, Mortgage, and/or Utility Assistance (STRMU) Payment Program. Anticipated activities also include providing housing information and outreach services to consumers, identifying resources for accessing and maintaining permanent and/or transitional supportive housing for persons with HIV disease and their families by partnering with each local Continuum of Care and other housing and service entities, assisting with the acquisition of land for new construction projects, implementing a statewide master leasing program, and providing technical assistance to support efforts by local AIDS Service Organizations and other low income housing entities to increase local housing options. The HOPWA Program’s Project Sponsor, AIDS Alabama, in partnership the HOPWA Program’s grantee, ADECA, reviews and revises goals and objectives annually to reflect the needs of Alabama’s PLWHAs.

**HTF**: The expenditure of HTF Program funds will focus on new multifamily rental housing across Alabama. The intent is that HTF Program tenants will include families, elderly, and special needs households, all of whom will be extremely-low-income and in need of affordable housing units. This method of HTF fund utilization is expected to continue in future HTF Allocation Plans.

**Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine the eligibility of the activity.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Number of Households Served** | **CDBG Actual:** | **HOME Actual** | **HTF Actual** |
| Extremely Low-Income | 4,041 persons /  1,704 households | 38 households | 3 households |
| Low-Income | 10,338 persons /  3,824 households | 101 households | 0 households |
| Moderate-Income | 6,659 persons /  2,684 households | 29 households | 0 households |
| Total (LMI) | 20,807 persons /  8,212 households | 168 households | 3 households |

**Narrative:**

**CDBG**: One of the CDBG Program's national objectives is for the CDBG funds to be expended on activities that will serve the needs of low and moderate-income residents (beneficiaries) residing in the CDBG project areas of those local communities who are applying for the CDBG grant funds. At the grant application submission phase, in order to determine the eligibility of the activity, each community's grant application must project the anticipated number of total beneficiaries (persons) and the total number of low- to moderate-income (LMI) beneficiaries (persons) who will be served by the proposed project. At the grant closeout phase, each community must report the actual number of total direct beneficiaries (persons and households) served by the CDBG-funded project, to include the total number of low- and moderate-income (LMI) beneficiaries (persons and households), the total number of moderate-income beneficiaries (persons and households), the total number of low-income beneficiaries (persons and households), the total number of very-low income beneficiaries (persons and households), the total number of female-headed households/beneficiaries (persons and households), and the total number of disabled beneficiaries (persons and households). These direct beneficiaries (persons and households) must also be reported by racial composition in the following categories: White, Black, Asian, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaskan Native & White, Asian & White, Black & White, American Indian/Alaskan Native & Black, and Other Multi-Racial. Thus, the CDBG numbers reported above reflect those persons who were reported by their local communities as being direct beneficiaries - in all of the LMI categories and racial categories - at the project closeout phase.

As stated herein above, in *Chart 13* are the number of beneficiaries by race (for both persons and households) who were reported to ADECA as having been assisted through the expenditure of PY2016 through PY2022 CDBG funds by the local communities that received those 59 now-closed grants (which 59 closed grants are identified in *Chart 8*, *Chart 12*, *Chart 13*, and *Chart 14*). Note that local grant beneficiaries are reported to ADECA by the communities only when the grants are closed-out. Thus, the number of beneficiaries by race for both persons and households reported herein are for those CDBG grants that were open but which had closed-out between April 1, 2022 and March 31, 2023. These numbers do not include beneficiaries for any open grants that were open during the April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 time period, and which remained open after the March 31, 2023 closeout date. The CDBG Program's beneficiary count includes a total of 38,240 beneficiaries residing in 14,576 households. These totals are comprised of the seven racial categories of (1) White/ Caucasian, (2) Black/African American, (3) Asian, (4) Native American Indian, (5) Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, (6) Two or More Races, and (7) Other/Mixed Race. These are the seven racial categories used by ADECA to capture the local community grant recipients' CDBG beneficiary data. But, for the breakdown of beneficiaries per the five racial categories used by HUD [those being (1) White/Caucasian, (2) Black/African American, (3) Asian, (4) Native American Indian, and (5) Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander], ADECA reports that the numbers of these local beneficiaries are as follows: 38,240 persons in 14,576 households, reported as (1) 21,903 Whites/Caucasians in 8,541 households, (2) 15,198 Blacks /African Americans in 6,019 households, (3) 189 Asians in 72 households, (4) 65 Native American Indians in 26 households, and (5) 8 Native Hawaiians/Other Pacific Islanders in 4 households, (5) 223 as 2 or more races in 94 households, and (6) 648 other/multi-racial in 262 households. Of the total beneficiaries, 1,116 persons in 434 households identified themselves as being of Hispanic ethnicity, and 37,124 persons in 14,736 households identified themselves as being of non-Hispanic ethnicity.

*Chart 14 - Number of Moderate-Income, Low-Income, and Very-Low Income Beneficiaries Assisted in CDBG Closed Grants Open During April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 Reporting Period* contains the numbers of very-low-income persons, low-income persons, moderate-income persons, and the total number of persons (project beneficiaries) served by the 59 closed grants. Of the total number of project beneficiaries (27.786 persons in 10,919 households) reported in *Chart 14*, there were 4,041 very-low-income persons in 1,704 households, 10.338 low-income persons in 3,824 households, and 6,659 moderate-income persons in 2,684 households, making a total of 20,807 LMI persons in 8,194 households (beneficiaries) served.

**HOME**: The 2022 HOME Action Plan awards points to applications for projects targeting low-income families (individuals with children) with a minimum of 15% of the low-income units having three or more bedrooms. The HOME Program's "Summary of Housing Accomplishments" by the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served is stated in *Chart 15* below.

|  |
| --- |
| **Chart 15**  **Summary of Housing Accomplishments**  **Number of Extremely Low-Income, Low-Income, and**  **Moderate-Income Persons Served** |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Priority Need Category | HOME Units | HTF Units |
| **Renters** |  |  |
| 0 - 30% of AMI | 38 | 6 |
| 31 - 50% of AMI | 101 | 0 |
| 51 – 60% of AMI | 29 | 0 |
| 61 – 80% of AMI | 0 | 0 |
| Total 0 – 60% | 168 | 6 |
| Total 0 – 80% | 168 | 6 |
| **Owners** |  |  |
| 0 - 30% of MFI | N/A | N/A |
| 31 - 50% of MFI | N/A | N/A |
| 51 - 80% of MFI | N/A | N/A |
| Total | N/A | N/A |
| **Homeless\*** |  |  |
| Individuals | 0 | 3 |
| Families | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 20 | 6 |
| **Non-Homeless Special Needs** |  |  |
| Total | 9 | 3 |
| **Total Housing** | 168 | 6 |

The HOME Program's "Summary of Housing Accomplishments" for "Total Housing - Racial/Ethnic Composition" is stated in *Chart 16* below.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Chart 16**  **Summary of Housing Accomplishments**  **Total Housing -**  **Racial/Ethnic Composition** | | |
|  | HOME (units) | HTF (%) |
| Hispanic | 0 | 0 |
| Non-Hispanic | 168 | 100% |
| White | 79 | 70% |
| Black | 85 | 30% |
| Native American | 1 | 0 |
| Asian/Pacific | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 3 | 0 |
| **Total Racial/Ethnic** | 168 | 100% |

**ESG**: Not Applicable.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program’s Project also served 203 extremely low income (0-30% of area median income) households, 15 very low income (31-50% of area median income) households, and 8 low income (51-80% of area median income) households with housing subsidy assistance, for a total of 226 households served with housing subsidy assistance. The HOPWA program cannot serve moderate income households.

**HTF**: The 2022 HTF Allocation Plan produces units targeting extremely-low-income households (0% - 30% AMI). See *Chart 15* and *Chart 16* above.

**CR-25 Homeless and Other Special Needs [see 24 CFR 91.220(d) and (e); 91.320(d) and (e); 91.520(c)]**

**Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:**

**Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not directly expended for local community projects that serve homelessness / homeless persons / unsheltered persons However, "residential rehabilitation" is an eligible activity for which a local community may apply for and expend CDBG funds, as is described herein above in the section entitled **CR-20 Affordable Housing.** And as is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, there were 6 open CDBG grants to local communities which expended their funds on residential rehabilitation. These 6 open grants are as follows:

● *Chart 4 -* PY2019:

City of Abbeville: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 5 -* PY2020:

City of Eufaula: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 6 -* PY2021:

City of Midland City: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 7 -* PY2022:

City of Geneva: $500,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Louisville: $394,907 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of New Brockton: $392,900 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

However, because local CDBG-funded projects report to ADECA their beneficiary numbers only when the respective project is closed out (the numbers and races of persons and households served via the number of very low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons and households), ADECA does not have program beneficiary information to report on these 6 open CDBG grants residential rehabilitation projects at this time.

And of the 59 closed CDBG grants that expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*, there were 2 CDBG grants to local communities which expended the grant funds on residential rehabilitation:

● *Chart 8* (Closed CDBG Grants):

City of Headland: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Kinston: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

**HOME**: The 2022 HOME Action Plan awards points to applications that set-aside units for tenants who have disabilities or are homeless. The units must be actively marketed and rented to households with at least one tenant with a disability or a tenant transitioning from being homeless. An approved marketing and preference plan is required.

**ESG**: A total of $15,000.50 Program Year 2022 funds were spent on street outreach activities to engage literally homeless individuals. Individuals were provided case management, referrals, and essential services.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program’s lead agency for HIV-specific housing, AIDS Alabama, coordinates a collaborative effort to provide housing assistance and supportive services to each of the 67 counties. Statewide funding is allocated through a competitive process between ASOs each grant period with the commitment to provide equitable resources to all eligible HIV-positive persons. Efforts to disseminate HIV-specific housing and resource information were successful during this program year; more than 4,751 unduplicated households were reached. Additionally, the HOPWA program provides outreach to homeless clientele by providing testing and education at shelters, treatment facilities, Project Homeless Connect, and other venues highly trafficked by homeless persons. The HOPWA Program coordinates closely with Continuum of Cares and Alabama’s statewide Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) to identify sheltered and unsheltered HIV positive clients in other programs including street outreach.

**HTF**: Addressing the needs of ELI populations, especially rural ELI persons, over the entire HTF Affordability Period will require active and ongoing engagement by multiple stakeholders (mental health and physical health service providers, veteran’s advocates\groups, non-profits, and local governments). Therefore, all stakeholders must be proactive toward:

(a) providing additional funding sources and incentives as available;

(b) helping to remove regulatory and discriminatory barriers; and

(c) seeking experienced development partners to assist in creating housing solutions for ELI populations statewide. When working with service providers, Continuum of Care, or advocacy groups, every effort should be made to ensure that prospective tenants are able to live independently within the proposed Project.

**Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not directly expended for local community projects that serve homelessness / homeless persons / unsheltered persons. However, "residential rehabilitation" is an eligible activity for which a local community may apply for and expend CDBG funds, as is described herein above in the section entitled **CR-20 Affordable Housing.** And as is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, there were 6 open CDBG grants to local communities which expended their funds on residential rehabilitation. These 6 open grants are as follows:

● *Chart 4 -* PY2019:

City of Abbeville: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 5 -* PY2020:

City of Eufaula: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 6 -* PY2021:

City of Midland City: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 7 -* PY2022:

City of Geneva: $500,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Louisville: $394,907 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of New Brockton: $392,900 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

However, because local CDBG-funded projects report to ADECA their beneficiary numbers only when the respective project is closed out (the numbers and races of persons and households served via the number of very low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons and households), ADECA does not have program beneficiary information to report on these 6 open CDBG grants residential rehabilitation projects at this time.

And of the 59 closed CDBG grants that expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*, there were 2 CDBG grants to local communities which expended the grant funds on residential rehabilitation:

● *Chart 8* (Closed CDBG Grants):

City of Headland: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Kinston: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

**HOME**: The 2022 HOME Action Plan awards points to applications that set-aside units for tenants who have disabilities or are homeless. The units must be actively marketed and rented to households with at least one tenant with a disability or a tenant transitioning from being homeless. An approved marketing and preference plan is required.

**ESG**: A total of $287,911.70 of Program Year 2022 funds were spent on emergency shelter activities to provide operations assistance to homeless shelters and transitional housing facilities across the state. Overnight shelter, essential services, food, case management, advocacy, and referral services were provided to residents of emergency shelter and transitional housing facilities.

**HOPWA**: See the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) (in HUD Workbook Form).*

**HTF**: HTF funds require that tenants sign a one-year lease. As such, the units which will be generated by the HTF program are not well suited to emergency shelter and transitional housing models. They may serve as a next step for tenants who are already in emergency or transitional housing situations and wish to improve their housing opportunities.

**Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly-funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions) and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not directly expended for local community projects that serve homelessness / homeless persons / unsheltered persons. However, "residential rehabilitation" is an eligible activity for which a local community may apply for and expend CDBG funds, as is described herein above in the section entitled **CR-20 Affordable Housing.** And as is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, there were 6 open CDBG grants to local communities which expended their funds on residential rehabilitation. These 6 open grants are as follows:

● *Chart 4 -* PY2019:

City of Abbeville: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

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City of Eufaula: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 6 -* PY2021:

City of Midland City: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 7 -* PY2022:

City of Geneva: $500,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Louisville: $394,907 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of New Brockton: $392,900 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

However, because local CDBG-funded projects report to ADECA their beneficiary numbers only when the respective project is closed out (the numbers and races of persons and households served via the number of very low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons and households), ADECA does not have program beneficiary information to report on these 6 open CDBG grants residential rehabilitation projects at this time.

And of the 59 closed CDBG grants that expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*, there were 2 CDBG grants to local communities which expended the grant funds on residential rehabilitation:

● *Chart 8* (Closed CDBG Grants):

City of Headland: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Kinston: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

**HOME**: Points are awarded for services (such as grocery, physicians, pharmacy, and banks) located within 3 miles of the site. Points are awarded to applicants with sound experience as managing agents of low-income multifamily housing. This experience is defined by the highest number of units currently managed. Only those units in projects that are considered low-income units will be counted in this total. Points were also awarded to applications with a commitment to set-aside units specifically for the homeless / special needs tenants. Further, applicants must have an MOU in place with local service providers which will provide the qualified tenant list for the set aside units and provide ongoing support service for any tenants from the list which are placed in the project set-aside units.

**ESG**: The ESG subrecipients and second-tier subrecipients work to inform those publicly funded institutions of the available housing options in their service area. This information is made available to those persons being discharged. The ESG subrecipients and second-tier subrecipients also work more closely with mainstream agencies serving individuals and families that are at risk for homelessness in an effort to inform them of available permanent housing, emergency shelter, and transitional housing availability.

**HOPWA**: See Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) (in HUD Workbook Form)*.

**HTF**: HTF funds were offered to HOME/HC projects which qualify under HTF standards and commit to setting units for the specific purpose of housing extremely low income tenants.

**Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not directly expended for local community projects that serve homelessness / homeless persons / unsheltered persons. However, "residential rehabilitation" is an eligible activity for which a local community may apply for and expend CDBG funds, as is described herein above in the section entitled **CR-20 Affordable Housing.** And as is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 CDBG grants that were open during the April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023 reporting period, there were 6 open CDBG grants to local communities which expended their funds on residential rehabilitation. These 6 open grants are as follows:

● *Chart 4 -* PY2019:

City of Abbeville: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 5 -* PY2020:

City of Eufaula: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 6 -* PY2021:

City of Midland City: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

● *Chart 7 -* PY2022:

City of Geneva: $500,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Louisville: $394,907 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of New Brockton: $392,900 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

However, because local CDBG-funded projects report to ADECA their beneficiary numbers only when the respective project is closed out (the numbers and races of persons and households served via the number of very low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons and households), ADECA does not have program beneficiary information to report on these 6 open CDBG grants residential rehabilitation projects at this time.

And of the 59 closed CDBG grants that expended CDBG funds from Program Years 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 identified hereinabove in *Chart 8*, there were 2 CDBG grants to local communities which expended the grant funds on residential rehabilitation:

● *Chart 8* (Closed CDBG Grants):

City of Headland: $450,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

Town of Kinston: $350,000 CDBG grant for Residential Rehabilitation

**HOME**: The 2022 HOME Action Plan awards points to applications that set-aside units for tenants who have disabilities or are homeless. The units must be actively marketed and rented to households with at least one tenant with a disability or a tenant transitioning from being homeless. An approved marketing and preference plan is required.

**ESG**: The State’s goals are to shorten the length of time any homeless person remains homeless, facilitate access to affordable housing units, and prevent reoccurrences of homelessness. However, according to the National Low Income Housing Coalition (the Coalition), Alabama lacks over 86,362 available and affordable homes for its low-to-moderate income residents. According to the Coalition, a person must earn $33,944 annually to be able to afford a basic two-bedroom apartment. This shortage creates a huge obstacle to obtaining these goals. However, case managers working with ESG funds will continue to seek supplemental assistance for their clients by coordinating with mainstream service providers.

**HOPWA**: See the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)(in HUD Workbook Form).*

**HTF**: HTF Plans awards points to applications which target homeless veteran and/or homeless families, and/or those with disabilities as tenants. The projects must have MOUs in place with local service providers who will assist the tenants in adjusting into a permanent and stable home environment. The HTF Program generated 6 dedicated units in PY2022.

**CR-30 Public Housing [see 24 CFR 91.220(h); 91.320(j)]**

**Actions taken to address the needs of public housing.**

**CDBG**: Not applicable. The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not expended to serve the needs of public housing, as the needs of public housing are addressed by the local public housing authorities (PHAs). However, ADECA has awarded CDBG grant funds to non-entitlement communities for expenditure on infrastructure projects (such as new or improved water and sewer, fire hydrants, road paving and/or drainage) in areas where public housing is located to serve the LMI populations residing therein.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, points are awarded to projects which have committed in writing to target households on the public housing waiting list.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG.

**Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership.**

**CDBG**: The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not expended to serve public housing, as such is addressed by the local public housing authorities (PHAs).

However, to assist with serving the needs of local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas, ADECA does mandate that all local communities receiving CDBG Program funds from ADECA must complete - as a part of their Letter of Conditional Commitment compliance prior to the release of grant funds - the *Suggested Assessment Guide for Community Assessment of Fair Housing (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)* that is included below. This document, contained hereinbelow, is accessible on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/letter-of-conditional-commitment/>. By mandating that the local communities complete this *Suggested Assessment Guide for Community Assessment of Fair Housing (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)*, ADECA is assisting the local communities in identifying and assessing local fair housing goals, which could include actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership.

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| Suggested Assessment Guide  for  Community Assessment of Fair Housing  (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)  Subrecipient Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ADECA Reviewer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Assessment of Fair Housing (for All Cities, Towns, and Counties):**  A1. **Description of Citizen Participation Process to Develop AI / Assessment of Fair Housing:** Provide information on your community’s outreach activities to elicit public comments when conducting this AI / Assessment *(check all that apply):*   * Internet searches / invitations to post comments on community’s webpage * Phone interviews / In-person interviews * Local “Assessment of Fair Housing” Committee * Public meeting(s). List locations and dates: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ * Surveys. Describe: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ * Other. Describe: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   Provide a description of how Limited English Proficient citizens were engaged in this citizen participation process. *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A2. **Description of Past Goals and Achievements Toward Fair Housing Choice:** Provide information on your community’s previous efforts and progress made toward eliminating impediments to fair housing choice (such as public policies, actions, and steps taken to address fair housing issues prior to conducting this AI / Assessment). Include a description of how past goals influenced current goals. *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A3. **Demographic Description of Population:** Provide a demographic analysis of your community’s population (to include information on race, ethnicity, gender, income, employment, and racially/ethnically concentrated areas of housing and poverty). *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A4. **Description of Opportunity Disparities Based on Housing Location:** Provide a description of abilities and barriers experienced by your community’s population to access services based on where they reside (to include public services, jobs/employment opportunities, transportation, healthy living conditions, etc.). *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A5. **Description of Housing Issues:** Provide a description of the housing issues experienced by your community’s residents (to include housing needs, housing cost burdens, housing location issues, housing accessibility issues, etc.). *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A6. **Description of Contributing Factors Impacting Fair Housing:** Provide a description of factors that affect community residents’ housing choices (such as public policies, local zoning regulations, school districts, subdivision regulations, building codes and code enforcement, realtor availability, financial institution lending practices, deterioration and community revitalization strategies, “NIMBYism”, etc.). *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A7. **Description of Publicly-Supported Housing Opportunities:** Provide a description of your community’s availability of public housing authority units, Section 8 housing, housing for elderly and/or disabled residents, housing for persons with HIV / AIDS, use of Housing Choice Vouchers, use of Low Income Housing Tax Credits, etc. *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  A8. **Description of Civil Rights and/or Fair Housing Claims of Discrimination:** Provide information on any claims of discrimination based on a violation of (i) civil rights laws and/or (ii) fair housing laws that were filed against your community. Include federal, state, and/or local fair housing discrimination, how those cases were resolved, and affirmative steps taken and resources provided in response to those claims. *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Information and Data Collection (for Cities and Towns Only):**  B1. Are minorities residing in your community? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **If yes**, do minorities residing in your community limit themselves to residing only in certain neighborhoods? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  B2. Do minorities work in your community but reside elsewhere? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  B3. Are realtors/leasing agents hesitant to show to minorities housing units for rent or sale that are located in certain areas of the community, and/or that are located in certain apartment complexes, condominiums, or subdivisions? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  B4. Do local banks/financial institutions refuse to lend/provide mortgages and/or home improvement loans for housing located in certain areas of the community? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  B5. Do insurance companies refuse to offer/provide home owner/renter insurance coverage for housing located in certain areas of the community? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  B6. Is public-assisted housing and/or subsidized housing available in your community? YesNo  **If yes**, list the types and numbers of public-assisted and/or subsidized housing units available (for example, public housing authority units, Section 8 housing units, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Information and Data Collection (for Counties Only):**  C1. Are all or most of the minorities residing in your county concentrated in certain communities/areas? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  C2. Are realtors/leasing agents hesitant to show to minorities housing units for rent or sale that are located in certain communities/areas of the county?  YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  C3. Do local banks/financial institutions refuse to lend/provide mortgages and/or home improvement loans for housing located in certain communities/areas of the county? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  C4. Do insurance companies refuse to offer/provide home owner/renter insurance coverage for housing located in certain communities/areas of the county?  YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  C5. Is public-assisted housing and/or subsidized housing available in any communities/areas of your county? YesNo  **If yes**, list the types and numbers of public-assisted and/or subsidized housing units available (for example, public housing authority units, Section 8 housing units, etc.) and in which communities they are available: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Information and Data Collection (for All Cities, Towns, and Counties):**  D1. Per the most recent U.S. Census or American Community Survey data, is your community or county growing in population? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D2. Has your community or county added new single-family and/or multi-family housing units within the past five (5) years? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D3. Has your community or county enacted zoning ordinances or similar regulations? YesNo  **If yes**, list the date adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D4. Has your community or county adopted building code?  YesNo  **If yes**, list the date adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D5. Has your community or county adopted subdivision regulations?  YesNo  **If yes**, list the date adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D6. If you answered “yes” to questions D3, D4, and/or D5, are your community’s or county’s ordinances and regulations being enforced?  YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D7. If you answered “yes” to questions D3, D5, and/or D6, does your community’s or county’s zoning and subdivision regulations hinder the construction of multi-family housing units, low-income family housing units, and/or prohibit the location of modular/mobile homes? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D8. Do your community’s or county’s school district policies discourage or prohibit minorities from residing outside of predominantly minority areas?  YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D9. Has your community or county adopted a *Fair Housing Resolution*?  YesNo  **If yes**, list the date adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D10. Has your community or county adopted a *Fair Housing Ordinance*?  YesNo  **If yes**, list the date adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D11. Does your community or county assist people with their claims if they believe they have experienced housing discrimination and/or been denied Fair Housing Choice opportunities? YesNo  Please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  D12. Has your community or county received a CDBG grant in the last five (5) years? YesNo  **If yes**, were any conditions placed on your community’s or county’s most recent CDBG grant by ADECA or HUD because of your community’s or county’s failure to comply with federal and/or state Fair Housing laws, rules, and regulations? YesNo  **If yes**, please explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **Proposed Changes and Record Keeping (for All Cities, Towns, and Counties):**  E1. **Description of Goals and Priorities (Proposed Changes) to Address Factors Limiting Fair Housing Choice:** For your community’s identified impediments to fair housing choice, provide information on your community’s goals and priorities (proposed changes) to address those impediments. Explain how each goal will overcome the related impediment, what results will be achieved, and develop a timetable for addressing and eliminating the impediments. *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  E2. **Description of Record Keeping Process:** Provide information on your community’s process for maintaining records on this AI / Assessment (to include how records will be made available for public review and inspection, how records will be used as guidance for implementing the goals and priorities in the designated timeframes, etc.). *Use additional pages as necessary.*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above information is accurate and the identified documents are on file at the City Hall/County Courthouse. I understand that all documents may be reviewed at the time when this CDBG project is monitored.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Signature of Mayor/Chairman Date  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ADECA Reviewer Date |

Additionally, each year during ADECA's CDBG grant application workshop (typically held in the Spring of each year) and during ADECA's CDBG grant compliance workshop (typically held in the Fall of each year), the local government attendees are presented with training on such "analysis of impediments to fair housing choice" - which is also termed "assessment of fair housing." The powerpoint presentation of such training is also posted on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/training/> so as to allow anyone easy access anytime to such training.

Also, ADECA mandates that all local communities receiving CDBG Program funds from ADECA must complete - as a part of their Letter of Conditional Commitment compliance prior to the release of grant funds - the *Letter of Conditional Commitment - Fair Housing, Equal Opportunity, and Civil Rights Compliance Questionnaire* form that is included below. This document is accessible on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/letter-of-conditional-commitment/>. By mandating that the local communities complete this *Letter of Conditional Commitment - Fair Housing, Equal Opportunity, and Civil Rights Compliance Questionnaire* form, ADECA is assisting the local communities in identifying and assessing local fair housing, equal opportunity, and civil rights goals, which could include actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership.

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| **LETTER OF CONDITIONAL COMMITMENT** FAIR HOUSING, EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, and CIVIL RIGHTSCOMPLIANCE QUESTIONNAIRE Subrecipient Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  CDBG Project No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ PART A: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY 1. Does the Subrecipient utilize written employment and personnel policies with regard to hiring, promotion, and compensation? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  **If yes**, indicate the date the Personnel Policies were adopted: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  **If no,** for a community with 15 or more employees, written employment and personnel policies must be adopted, and documentation of same must be provided to ADECA during the monitoring of the CDBG project.  2. How does the Subrecipient follow Equal Opportunity guidelines when advertising  employment vacancies?  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  3. Does the Subrecipient maintain its personnel records in sufficient detail so as to assess its staff composition by sex/gender and race? Yes \_\_\_\_\_No \_\_\_\_\_  Subrecipient's total # of employees: \_ \_\_\_\_\_  # of White employees: # of Minority employees: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  # of Male employees: # of Female employees: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  4. Have any employment discrimination complaints been filed against the Subrecipient within the past 12 months? Yes \_\_\_\_\_No \_\_\_\_\_    **If yes**, explain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ***PART B: SECTION 504 REHABILITATION / DISABILITIES ACT REQUIREMENTS*** 1. Has the Subrecipient conducted a written Self-evaluation to assess its compliance with all applicable Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  **If yes**, date Self-evaluation was finalized: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **If no**, a written Self-evaluation must be conducted and made available to ADECA during the monitoring of the CDBG project.  2. Detail how the Subrecipient communicates with the CDBG project's beneficiaries and members of the general public who have disabilities / hearing impairments:  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  3. Are the Subrecipient’s public buildings and facilities (parking areas, entrances, interior doorways, bathroom fixtures, water fountains, elevators, etc.) and services accessible to persons with disabilities? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  **If no**, has the Subrecipient developed a written Transition Plan containing a schedule of corrective actions to be undertaken to make all of its buildings, facilities, and services accessible to persons with disabilities?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  **If no**, a written Transition Plan must be developed and made available to ADECA during the monitoring of the CDBG project.   1. Does the Subrecipient employ 15 or more employees (full or part-time)?   Yes \_\_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **If yes**:  a. Has the Subrecipient designated a person to coordinate local government compliance with Section 504 and ADA requirements?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ Name/Title \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   1. Has the Subrecipient adopted a grievance procedure to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints made concerning its compliance with Section 504 and ADA requirements?   Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ Date adopted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  c. Does the Subrecipient notify beneficiaries, employees, and the general public (via posted notices, newspaper ads, office memoranda, etc.) that the Subrecipient does not discriminate against persons with disabilities in its federally-assisted programs and activities? Yes \_\_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_\_  5. Do the Subrecipient’s hiring and promotion practices prohibit discrimination  against persons with disabilities who are otherwise qualified for employment?  Yes No ***PART C: FAIR HOUSING***  1. Does the Subrecipient participate in one or more of the following activities to increase community awareness of Federal Fair Housing Law requirements: 2. Display Fair Housing posters and/or brochures in its public buildings?   Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_  b. Use the “Equal Housing Opportunity” slogan and logo in its notices posted or published in local newspapers? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  2. What is the racial and ethnic composition of the Subrecipient’s population?  Race: # of White \_\_\_\_ # of Black \_\_\_\_ # of Other \_\_\_\_  Ethnicity: # of Hispanic \_\_\_\_ # of Non-Hispanic \_\_\_\_ ***PART D: ACCESSIBILITY OF CDBG PROJECT INFORMATION*** 1. Does the Subrecipient ensure that CDBG project information is accessible to persons with disabilities and persons with limited English Proficiency?  Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  a. Did the Subrecipient conduct a Four-Factor Analysis consistent with the guidelines stated in the ADECA Language Assistance Plan?  Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  **If no**, explain: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  **If yes**, did the Subrecipient's Four-Factor Analysis reveal any threshold populations of persons with Limited English Proficiency?  Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  b. Detail how the Subrecipient communicates with CDBG project beneficiaries and members of the general public, to include persons with disabilities and persons with Limited English Proficiency:    I certify that, to the best of my knowledge, the above information is accurate, and the identified documents are on file at the City Hall/County Courthouse. I understand that all documents may be reviewed at CDBG project monitoring.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Mayor/Chairman Date  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  ADECA Reviewer |

And at the compliance monitoring phase of each CDBG-funded project, ADECA staff complete the *Civil Rights Compliance Checklist* - that is included below - for each local government's CDBG project. This document is accessible on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/monitoring-and-compliance-checklists/>. By monitoring the local communities for compliance with equal employment opportunity and civil rights compliance in contract management, ADECA is checking the local communities' efforts at identifying and assessing local equal opportunity and civil rights goals, which could include actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in the CDBG Program, and subsequently in participation in homeownership.

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| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Grantee Name |  | | Project No. |  | | Preparer |  | | Date Prepared |  | | Follow-up Review Indicated |  |  Civil Rights Compliance ChecklistPart A: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY Does the grantee maintain a separate file on Equal Opportunity?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  If no, explain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Part B: SECTION 3/CONTRACT MANAGEMENT  1. Does the grantee seek female and minority-owned businesses in CDBG funded contracts and subcontracts by: 2. Notifying the Alabama Office of Minority Business Enterprise (OMBE), Yes No N/A 3. Submitting a bid notification to the Alabama Small Business Development Center, Yes No N/A 4. Direct solicitation to contractors listed on the ALDOT DBE certified listing, Yes No N/A 5. Other activities. Yes No N/A   Please describe all actions taken and list documents checked for verification. If the answer to a, b, or c above was “No,” please explain.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   1. Does the grantee seek Section 3 businesses in CDBG funded contracts and subcontracts by: 2. Direct solicitation to local contractors, Yes No N/A 3. Locally advertising and/or posting in public places any CDBG contracting or job opportunities, Yes No N/A 4. Coordination with the local housing authority or other community group in the project area, Yes No N/A 5. Other activities Yes No N/A   Please describe all actions taken and list documents checked for verification. If the answer to a or b above was “No,” please explain.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  3. Has the grantee documented to ADECA the participation of Minority and Female-owned businesses and low- and very low-income persons in the CDBG program (Form 2516 – Contract/Subcontract Activity and Form 60002 - Section 3 Summary Report Economic Opportunities for Low- and Very Low-Income Persons)?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  If no, explain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, points are awarded to projects which have committed in writing to target households on the public housing waiting list.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG.

**Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled public housing authorities (PHAs).**

**CDBG**: Not applicable. The CDBG Program’s funds that are sub-granted to local communities in Alabama's non-entitlement areas are not expended to serve public housing, as such is addressed by the local public housing authorities (PHAs).

**HOME**: Not applicable.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**CR-35 Other Actions [see 24 CFR 91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)]**

**Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing, such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment.**

**CDBG**: ADECA has reviewed many locally-produced CDBG grant applications, engineer reports, infrastructure studies, economic development plans, community revitalization plans, community public hearing/meeting minutes, and "analyses of impediments to fair housing choice" questionnaires that have been conducted by local governments applying for and receiving CDBG Program funds. In doing so, the State has identified what local communities consider to be barriers to affordable housing at the local level. These can involve/result in negative effects within those communities. The State's actions taken to address, remove, or ameliorate such negative effects include:

1. Land Use Restrictions: While in a poor and principally rural state like Alabama, land use regulations are unlikely to be adopted and/or enforced, so the State’s CDBG Program strategy has been to:

**●** Encourage land use practices that could maximize housing affordability and accessibility for low- and moderate-income persons (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local infrastructure improvement projects, street and road improvement projects, drainage projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

**●** Encourage local governments to establish zoning and minimum housing standards in Alabama’s rural areas (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local residential rehabilitation projects).

**●** Encourage local governments to implementstrategic infrastructure expansion to serve suitable development, including that which expands housing opportunities for low- and moderate-income persons (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for economic development projects, local infrastructure improvement projects, street and road improvement projects, drainage projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

2. Building Codes: The State's strategy has been to:

● Encourage local governments to modify and improve building codes - with an emphasis on affordability and energy conservation (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local residential rehabilitation projects).

● Encourage local governments to develop new building technologies and methods where feasible (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local residential rehabilitation projects).

3. Absence of Land Use Regulation: The State's strategy has been to:

**●** Encourage local governments to promote the development of planned mobile home parks, particularly in rural and small town areas (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local infrastructure improvement projects, street and road improvement projects, drainage projects, and planning grants).

●Encourage local governments to remove substandard structures that are eye-sores and which deter development in low- and moderate-income neighborhoods (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local commercial and residential demolition projects).

4. Credit Environment: The State's strategy has been to:

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with addressing housing purchase down-payment issues faced in cases where other credit qualification factors are strong but the down-payment aspect appears to be difficult when facilitating an applicant’s purchase of a home.

●Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with encouraging Alabama's banks to pursue Community Reinvestment Act activities.

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with maintaining flexibility and creativity in mortgage lending practices if possible and where appropriate.

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with promoting in-kind services by financial lenders.

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with promoting lending practices that balance the interest of financial institutions with those of low- and moderate-income persons seeking affordable housing.

5. Fair Housing Issues/Discrimination: The State's strategy has been to:

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), and the Alabama State Banking Commission (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with monitoring and educating financial institutions on discriminatory practices.

● Work with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama Center for Real Estate (ACRE), the Alabama State Banking Commission, and local governments (via face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, etc.) so as to assist with promoting education and advocacy efforts to overcome local impediments or barriers to fair housing choice.

6. The NIMBY Syndrome: The State's strategy has been to:

● Encourage local governments to address and prevent the construction of poorly-planned commercial and residential developments that tend to perpetuate stereotypical images of lower income housing (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local infrastructure projects, street and road improvement projects, planning grant projects, economic development projects, commercial and residential demolition projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

7. Land Ownership Patterns: The State's strategy has been to:

●Encourage local governments to take measures that could positively impact local land ownership patterns (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local infrastructure projects, street and road improvement projects, drainage projects, planning grant projects, economic development projects, commercial and residential demolition projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

● Encourage local governments to support local code enforcement programs that put pressure on negligent landlords / weigh the costs of mandated repairs (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local planning grant projects, economic development projects, commercial and residential demolition projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

8. Costs Associated With Accessibility Compliance: The State's strategy has been to:

●Encourage local governments to conduct a local "analysis of impediments to fair housing choice" to determine accessibility issues and develop/implement possible solutions.

● Encourage local governments to monitor changing regulations, realities, and technologies that affect housing accessibility through conducting a local "analysis of impediments to fair housing choice."

● Encourage local governments to expend CDBG grant funds for local commercial and residential demolition projects, street and road improvement projects, and residential rehabilitation projects.

9. Fire Protection Costs: The State's strategy has been to:

●Encourage local governments to upgrade rural fire protection services (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local infrastructure improvement projects, street and road improvement projects, fire vehicle purchases, e-911 enhancement projects, and improved fire protection via increased water flow) to improve quality of life, safety, health, and help with lower housing costs.

● Encourage local governments to maintain local awareness of potential partner programs that could help them address the needs of rural areas (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local planning grant projects).

10. Transportation Costs: The State's strategy has been to:

●Encourage local governments to review their options for using the CDBG Program's funds to address transportation issues (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local planning grant projects, and street and road improvement projects).

● Encourage local governments to consider options for elderly and disabled persons to remain living in affordable housing instead of having to move to assisted care housing (through the emphasis of expending CDBG grant funds for local planning grant projects, street and road improvement projects, and residential rehabilitation projects).

All of these efforts are the State's actions taken - in concert with local governments - to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing. Additionally, the State of Alabama's 2014-2015 and 2019-2020 "Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice" [these documents are available on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/strategic-plans-and-action-plans/>] suggest several strategies the State could utilize to remove/ameliorate the barriers to fair housing and affordable housing. These strategies are identified in Alabama's AI as follows:

1. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama – both housing providers and housing consumers – concerning the State’s Fair Housing laws (*Code of Alabama 1975*, as amended, at §24-8-1 through §24-8-15), and the federal Fair Housing Act of 1968 that is administered by HUD, and their rights and obligations under those State and federal laws, particularly actions that would be in violation of fair housing laws.

2. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama concerning how prospective housing consumers can acquire and maintain good credit – as part of their effort to afford a home purchase or rent for an apartment.

3. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama concerning the characteristics and attributes of a predatory lending style of loan.

4. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could identify lenders in Alabama who have disproportionately engaged in predatory-style lending within the State, and then publish the findings so that consumers could more easily obtain this information about these lenders.

5. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct audit testing to determine the number of properties currently in violation of the fair housing laws, and in particular the disability/accessibility standards concerning housing.

6. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could contract with the State’s three Fair Housing Initiative Program providers (the Fair Housing Center of Northern Alabama in Birmingham, the Central Alabama Fair Housing Center in Montgomery, and the Mobile Fair Housing Center, Inc. in Mobile) or other entities to conduct audit testing and track enforcement activities, particularly in the non-entitlement areas of the State, as a means of detecting fair and affordable housing abuses, determining the extent of existing affordable housing barriers, determining the success of strategies implemented to remove or ameliorate the identified barriers to affordable housing, and determining the extent of enforcement of the fair housing laws within the State.

7. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could form a task force to devise and oversee methods for positively affecting the identified barriers to affordable housing, and provide reports to ADECA on the task force’s activities.

8. ADECA could post on its website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) information on fair housing, affordable housing, and related information concerning how to file a complaint under the State’s fair housing laws.

9. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could work in tandem with other State agencies, local governments, and prospective business and industry when recruiting economic development at the local level so that all parties involved would be aware of affordable housing news and issues in those locations.

Throughout each grant year, ADECA has worked with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama State Banking Commission, HUD's Birmingham Office, the Alabama Housing Finance Authority, Alabama's Fair Housing Centers, and local governments - through face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, and CDBG grant implementation requirements - as ways of implementing the AI's strategies stated above.

Also, as is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 currently-open CDBG grants, 6 of those grants involved “residential rehabilitation” as their primary grant activity. When completed, such activity by the State and its applicable local communities serves as an additional way in which the State's actions, taken in concert with local governments, have served to improve opportunities for affordable housing.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, AHFA has undertaken several efforts to maximize the participation of the private sector in Alabama’s HOME program. Seminars, taught by AHFA’s multifamily staff, are held annually, and are attended by a wide range of participants, both veteran developers and inexperienced newcomers. AHFA offers Multifamily Essentials and Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) training sessions which are attended by industry newcomers who wish to learn more about these AFHA programs. AHFA hosted Environmental Workshops for Environmental Professionals and potential applicants which focused on the changes to the AHFA Environmental Policy Requirements. These seminars and workshops review the latest HOME regulations, go over financial feasibility studies, and explain how to complete an AHFA funding application for HOME dollars.

AHFA also added self-paced training on both HOME and HTF programs is available online at [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com).

To promote the HOME program, AHFA staff has participated in various seminars and meetings with organizations such as:

* Alabama Affordable Housing Association
* Alabama Bankers Association
* Alabama Association of Realtors®
* Alabama Multifamily Loan Consortium
* Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs
* Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless
* Alabama Continuums of Care
* Alabama Department of Mental Health
* Alabama Department of Veterans Affairs
* Collaborative Solutions
* Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta
* Home Builders Association of Alabama
* Housing Assistance Council
* Neighborhood Housing Services
* National Council of State Housing Agencies
* USDA Rural Development (Alabama)

Multi-family staff served as moderators and co-chairs at seminars hosted by some of these organizations and spoke to several groups regarding the HOME program.

AHFA plans to continue conducting HOME seminars each year. The seminars are varied each year to provide new information to participants. HOME brochures, created by AHFA staff, are available at meetings and seminars. These materials along with other resources are posted on the AHFA website, [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). The website contains relevant HOME and multifamily development information such as multifamily notices, program plans and application materials, program guidelines, pre/post-construction materials, developer frequently asked questions, and an opportunity for interested parties to join our mailing list.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG and HOME.

**Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs [see 24 CFR 91.220(k); 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: At the CDBG Program level, Alabama continues to maintain its eligibility to apply for and receive/be awarded federal CDBG Program funds that are annually made available from HUD. Alabama achieves this by employing ADECA staff who maintain the State’s compliance with HUD’s CDBG Program requirements pursuant to the laws, rules, regulations, and policy letters governing same. Alabama continues to encourage its non-entitlement communities to maintain their eligibility to apply for and receive CDBG Program funds by providing annual training and technical assistance to those communities on grant program eligibility, application, compliance, and closeout requirements, financial (accounting and audit) responsibilities, record-keeping responsibilities, and all other aspects regarding the operation of the CDBG Program at the local level.

At the local level, Alabama provides information on compliance with federal and state fair housing laws through education and outreach to housing providers and housing consumers throughout the State. This information includes fair housing laws (particularly those pertaining to discriminatory terms and refusal to rent aspects and other conditions, privileges, or facilities relating to rental housing), and disability access laws (particularly those pertaining to rental housing with respect to discrimination, and facilities’ reasonable accommodations and modifications). ADECA also makes available to the public the State of Alabama's 2014-2015 and 2019-2020 "Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice" by posting these on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/strategic-plans-and-action-plans/>.

Alabama conducts research and accumulates information and data on housing from local community surveys and the U.S. Census website, and keeps current with how the “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice” is having an impact through the local community sub-grant recipients' responses to ADECA's *Suggested Assessment Guide for Community Assessment of Fair Housing (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)* that is included herein above at **CR-30 Public Housing - Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership**. Alabama also continues to correspond with / work with the three Fair Housing Centers in the State (the Fair Housing Center of Northern Alabama located in Birmingham, the Central Alabama Fair Housing Center located in Montgomery, and the Mobile Fair Housing Center located in Mobile) and other fair housing entities (such as those who work with the Hispanic population and the Asian population, and those who work with special needs populations including the disabled and the elderly residents) to keep actively engaged with them and their targeted populations within the local communities so that they are periodically providing to ADECA - through their local governments - information on housing/community/economic development issues and resolution efforts. Alabama also observes the month of April as Fair Housing Month within the State in that ADECA obtains an annual proclamation from the Governor’s Office declaring the month of April as Fair Housing Month in Alabama. ADECA annually communicates HUD’s fair housing poster information to local governments, grant administrators, housing providers, and interested consumers/members of the public throughout the State, and posts its fair housing information on the ADECA website (www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/fairhousing/>. ADECA also emphasizes Fair Housing Month activities at its annual CDBG grant application workshop and CDBG grant compliance workshop [see the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) for these training resources at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/training/>].

In April 2015 and every year since then, ADECA instituted its fair housing compliance methods for local governments who are CDBG grant recipients. Originally in conjunction with the 2015-2019 Five-Year Consolidated Plan and in conjunction with the 2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan and action plans developed in accordance therewith, ADECA issued its "April 15, 2015 Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information" memorandum signed by ADECA’s then-Director Jim Byard. That memorandum was subsequently issued for April 2016 and April 2017 (by ADECA’s then-Director Byard), and for April 2018, April 2019, April 2020, April 2021, April 2022, and April 2023 (by ADECA’s current Director Kenneth Boswell) to continue ADECA's fair housing efforts with its local government grant recipients. Per that memorandum, beginning with the PY2015 CDBG grants, the local government grant recipients are required to implement two activities (issue a “Fair Housing Month” proclamation during the month of April, and publish and/or display bilingual fair housing information for non-English speaking residents in the community) as well as implement at least two additional fair housing activities (listed in the memorandum) with the intent that these activities provide assistance in satisfying the requirements of the federal Fair Housing Act. ADECA also mandates that each CDBG-funded community document the fair housing actions that are implemented, those documents are to be retained in the community’s CDBG Program file, and that file must be made available to the public in an accessible format. ADECA also monitors each funded community for compliance with the fair housing and equal opportunity requirements.

The current “April is Fair Housing Month” memorandum from ADECA Director Boswell is contained herein below.

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| (ADECA Letterhead)  February 15, 2023  MEMORANDUM  TO: Interested Parties  FROM: Kenneth W. Boswell  ADECA Director  SUBJECT: “April is Fair Housing Month” Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information  April is Fair Housing Month. In recognition of this, the Governor of Alabama has issued a Proclamation in honor of Fair Housing Month in the State of Alabama. This Proclamation recognizes the significance of fair housing and encourages all Alabamians to observe and support both the letter and spirit of the Fair Housing Laws. Attached is a copy of the Governor's Proclamation. We encourage all grant recipients and interested parties to help us observe and support April as Fair Housing Month.  Each applicant for, and recipient of, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grant funds is expected to carry out the various "fair housing" and "equal opportunity" provisions of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and other applicable civil rights laws and regulations. In particular, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (the Fair Housing Act) and the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 prohibit discrimination in the sale, rental, advertisement, and financing of residential real estate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, and familial status. The attachment to this Memorandum identifies and briefly summarizes a variety of statutory requirements, and also provides measures or actions that can be undertaken at the local government level to assure compliance with these mandates. In particular, note that the Fair Housing Act requires that each grant recipient work diligently to affirmatively further fair housing within its local jurisdiction by developing voluntary programs to achieve fair housing goals. The information stated in the attachment hereto will assist local governments in achieving those goals.  Also, available on the HUD website are Equal Housing Opportunity posters that are published in English and other language versions. These posters may be accessed at the HUD website  <https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp/marketing> and should be displayed within the grant recipient's local government buildings and other public facilities.  If you have questions or need additional information, please contact Dr. Kathleen Rasmussen in ADECA's Community and Economic Development Division at 334-353-0323 or at [Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov).  KWB:SAO:TMN  Attachment  **Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity**  The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has put forth non-discrimination requirements that were compiled from a number of different federal laws designed to protect each individual’s right to fair housing and equal opportunity. These laws include the following:  **Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (the Fair Housing Act)**, as amended, prohibits discrimination in the sale, rental, advertisement, and financing of residential real estate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. The **Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988** extended this protective coverage to disabled individuals and families with children.  **Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964** provides that no person shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the program benefits of, nor be subjected to discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin under any program receiving federal financial assistance.  **Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973**, as amended, prohibits discrimination based on disability in any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.  **Section 109 of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974**, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, and religion in programs and activities receiving financial assistance from HUD.  **Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968**, as amended, requires that recipients of certain HUD financial assistance, to the greatest extent feasible, provide job training, employment, and contracting opportunities for low or very-low income residents in connection with federally-financed projects and activities in their neighborhoods.  **The Age Discrimination Act of 1975**, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance.  **Executive Order 11063** (issued on November 20, 1962) prohibits discrimination in the sale, leasing, rental, or other disposition of properties and facilities owned or operated by the federal government or provided with federal funds.  **Executive Order 11246** (issued on September 24, 1965), as amended, bars discrimination against an employee or applicant for federal employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin during the performance of federal or federally-assisted contracts in excess of $10,000.  **The Office of Management and Budget's “Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards” (the Super Circular)** includes requirements to maximize the use of small, minority-owned, and female-owned businesses in procurement and contracting with federal funds.  In the State’s efforts to comply with these various laws and additional HUD program-related requirements, ADECA previously conducted an *Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice* (*AI*) during 2014-2015 and again during 2019-2020 (these *AI*s have been published and can be accessed on the ADECA website at [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)). These *AI*s are used to assist the State in determining what barriers confront Alabama’s citizens who are seeking affordable housing for themselves and/or their families. These *AI*s can also be used to determine what tools can be utilized to assist local communities and their citizens in addressing and/or eliminating such barriers.  Contained on the below *List of Required Activities to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing* are two (2) activities to be implemented as a means for a community to comply with HUD’s requirement to affirmatively further fair housing within its jurisdiction. Each community that receives CDBG grant program funds from ADECA in PY2023 and/or subsequent years will be required to implement the following two (2) activities:  **LIST OF REQUIRED ACTIVITIES TO AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHER FAIR HOUSING:**  1. Issue a “Fair Housing Month” proclamation for the month of April.  2. Publish and/or display bilingual fair housing information for non-English speaking residents in the community.  Further, ADECA requests that each CDBG-funded community implement at least two (2) additional fair housing activities. Each community may select the activities contained on the below *List of Suggested Activities to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing* with the intent that these activities are designed to provide assistance in satisfying the requirements of the Fair Housing Act and related laws. However, each community might find it necessary to modify one or more of the suggested activities to address the special needs and demands within that particular community. Also, this list of activities is not meant to be all inclusive, and other activities may be devised and implemented based upon each community’s needs.  Each CDBG-funded community must document the fair housing actions that it implements, and those documents are to be retained in the community’s CDBG grant program file that is maintained on the CDBG-funded project. That file must be made available to the public, and in accessible formats. The community will also be monitored by ADECA for compliance with these fair housing and equal opportunity requirements during the CDBG grant administration process. Additionally, such information and documentation could also be required to be submitted to ADECA at various times throughout that process.  **LIST OF SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES TO AFFIRMATIVELY FURTHER FAIR HOUSING:**   1. Design and air radio or television public service announcements on fair housing.   2. Develop a public information program on fair housing by using local media (newspapers, radio stations, billboards), bulletin boards, churches, utility bill mailings, and other similar measures to ensure that all segments of the community - particularly real estate brokers, landlords, financial lending institutions, and the minority community - are aware of fair housing requirements.  3. Examine local zoning ordinances and make necessary changes to guard against exclusionary or discriminatory zoning practices that impact fair housing.  4. Enact and enforce a local fair housing ordinance and/or resolution.  5. Form a local task force to develop a fair housing assistance program within the community.  6. Provide fair housing counseling that assists minorities in finding housing outside of areas of minority concentration.  7. Develop local fair housing enforcement and complaint resolution mechanisms so that they include the following activities:  (i) advertise how fair housing enforcement and complaint processes work,  (ii) establish a procedure for investigating fair housing complaints, or  partner with a regional Fair Housing Initiative Program (FHIP)  office located within Alabama to do so,  (iii) develop fair housing complaint forms,  (iv) notify residents where to file complaint forms and who to  contact regarding their fair housing complaints,  (v) pursue resolution of fair housing complaints,  (vi) monitor for compliance, and  (vii) document and maintain records on these processes.  8. Survey the special housing needs of minorities, women, families, elderly, and disabled residents within the community so as to determine any effects of fair housing discrimination on those populations, and to determine methods to address the effects.  9. Maintain continual contact with local banking and financial lending institutions, including pay-day lenders, to ensure non-discrimination and equal treatment in their lending rates and loan approvals for use in housing purchases, particularly those involving black, Hispanic, and female householders/loan applicants.  10. Provide and/or conduct outreach and education activities for prospective housing consumers on the topic of how to acquire and maintain good credit for use in the rental or purchase of housing, and maintain information on those outreach and education activities undertaken and their numbers of participants.  11. Provide and/or conduct outreach and education activities for the community’s prospective housing consumers on the topic of predatory-style lending, and maintain information on those outreach and education activities undertaken and their numbers of participants.  12. Provide and/or conduct outreach and education activities for housing providers and housing consumers on the topic of actions that are in violation of fair housing laws, and maintain information on those outreach and education activities undertaken and their numbers of participants.  13. Work with the regional Fair Housing Initiative Program (FHIP) offices in conducting fair housing audit testing and enforcement activities within the community to determine the number of properties that are in violation of fair housing laws and disability standards, and track the outcome of these activities by maintaining information on:  (i) the resources committed to the testing and enforcement  activities,  (ii) the number of audit tests undertaken,  (iii) the properties identified as being in compliance or out of  compliance with fair housing laws and disability standards,  (iv) the number and types of violations found,  (v) the protected classes impacted by the violations, and  (vi) the actions taken to address the out-of-compliance properties.  14. Include language on the community’s website concerning fair housing that:  (i) notes that discrimination in the housing market is illegal under  federal and state fair housing laws, and local ordinances – if applicable,  (ii) describes who is covered/defines the classes that are protected  under the fair housing laws,  (iii) provides examples of violations, and  (iv) provides information on how to register complaints pertaining  to fair housing law violations.  15. Distribute HUD’s Fair Housing-Rental Units posters (available on HUD’s website) to landlords and apartment complexes within the community, and request that they display those posters on their premises as a way to promote compliance with fair housing laws in the community.  16. Discuss fair housing issues at local government public hearings, and distribute or otherwise make available HUD’s fair housing brochures to attendees.  17. Promote and encourage the accessibility of CDBG Program-related and fair housing-related information to the local CDBG-funded project’s beneficiaries, and to persons with disabilities and persons with limited English proficiency.  18. When conducting the pre-bid meeting for construction activities that are included in the local CDBG-funded project, inform the attendees of:  (i) the 24 CFR Part 570.507(c) and HUD Form 2516 requirements  to engage minority-owned businesses in prime contractor and  sub-contractor activities on the project, and  (ii) the HUD Section 3 requirement to help foster economic  development, neighborhood economic improvement, and  individual self-sufficiency by providing job training,  employment, and contracting opportunities for low- or very  low-income residents in connection with projects and activities  in their neighborhoods.  For additional information on the topic of fair housing and equal opportunity, ADECA encourages you to access HUD’s website at <https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp>, and ADECA’s website at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/fairhousing/>. |

ADECA also encourages it local non-entitlement communities to apply for ADECA’s CDBG grant funds under the “residential rehabilitation” activity. As is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 currently-open CDBG grants, 6 of those grants involve “residential rehabilitation” as their primary grant activity. When completed, such activity by the State and its applicable local communities serves as an additional way in which the State's actions, taken in concert with local governments, have served as actions taken to improve opportunities for affordable housing and to address obstacles to meeting underserved housing needs.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, AHFA has undertaken several efforts to maximize the participation of the private sector in Alabama’s HOME program. Seminars, taught by AHFA’s multifamily staff, are held annually, and are attended by a wide range of participants, both veteran developers and inexperienced newcomers. AHFA offers Multifamily Essentials and Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) training sessions which are attended by industry newcomers who wish to learn more about these AFHA programs. AHFA hosted Environmental Workshops for Environmental Professionals and potential applicants which focused on the changes to the AHFA Environmental Policy Requirements. These seminars and workshops review the latest HOME regulations, go over financial feasibility studies, and explain how to complete an AHFA funding application for HOME dollars.

To promote the HOME program, AHFA staff has participated in various seminars and meetings with organizations such as:

* Alabama Affordable Housing Association
* Alabama Bankers Association
* Alabama Association of Realtors®
* Alabama Multifamily Loan Consortium
* Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs
* Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless
* Alabama Continuums of Care
* Alabama Department of Mental Health
* Alabama Department of Veterans Affairs
* Collaborative Solutions
* Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta
* Home Builders Association of Alabama
* Housing Assistance Council
* Neighborhood Housing Services
* National Council of State Housing Agencies
* USDA Rural Development (Alabama)

Multi-family staff served as moderators and co-chairs at seminars hosted by some of these organizations and spoke to a number of groups regarding the HOME program.

AHFA plans to continue conducting HOME seminars each year. The seminars are varied each year in an effort to provide new information to participants. HOME brochures, created by AHFA staff, are available at meetings and seminars. These materials along with other resources are posted on the AHFA website, [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). The website contains relevant HOME and multifamily development information such as multifamily notices, program plans and application materials, program guidelines, pre/post-construction materials, developer frequently asked questions, and an opportunity for interested parties to join our mailing list.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program’s Project Sponsor, AIDS Alabama, completed its sixth Statewide Needs Assessment Survey in 2019. With the help of its sister AIDS Service Organizations across the state, AIDS Alabama surveyed 446 HIV-positive individuals in Alabama. This survey is unique in that that AIDS Alabama has gathered much of the same data throughout the previous four surveys, allowing the opportunity to evaluate trends that have developed over the last decade. Topics assessed ranged from income, support and housing stability, religion, and relationships to anti-retroviral therapy, physical and mental health factors, and substance use. Also, see the response above for CDBG. AIDS Alabama conducted its sixth Statewide Needs Assessment Survey between August 1, 2019 until December 31, 2019.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG and HOME.

**Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards [see 24 CFR 91.220(k); 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: The State’s actions regarding reducing lead-based paint hazards in its CDBG Program include the following. ADECA encourages units of local government that are applicants for CDBG funds to expend those funds on the “residential rehabilitation” activity. Once said funds are awarded to local communities for expenditure on housing rehabilitation, ADECA’s CDBG program managers then monitor those grants by utilizing, in part, the ADECA CDBG Program’s “Housing Rehabilitation Compliance Checklist,” which is the monitoring checklist for the “residential rehabilitation” activity. Included on that checklist are the following questions pertaining to lead-based paint:

(1) “Lead based paint clause - that is to be signed by occupant and made a part of the contractor’s contract,” and

(2) “Property Information/Lead Based Paint” - which specifically asks:

“If the dwelling unit was constructed prior to 1978, which method of lead-based paint treatment was used to bring the dwelling unit(s) into compliance with DHUD’s final rule found at 24 CFR Part 35, *et.al*. **NOTE:** Only one of the options listed below should be selected:

(i) Abatement where hard cost [as defined by 24 CFR 35.915(b)] are $25,000 or greater. If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s) who performed the risk assessment and clearance testing.

(ii) Interim Controls (costs are between $5,000 and $25,000)? If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s)who performed the risk assessment and clearance testing.

(iii) Standard Treatment (costs are between $5,000 and $25,000)? If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s) who performed the clearance testing.

(iv) No treatment (costs are $5,000 or less).

(v) Did the housing unit pass the lead clearance test? If not, explain.

(vi) Is there documentation on file that contractors attended an approved Lead-Based Paint Safe Work Practices program?”

The ADECA CDBG Program’s “Housing Rehabilitation Compliance Checklist” is below and on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/monitoring-and-compliance-checklists/>.

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| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Grantee Name |  | | Project No. |  | | Preparer |  | | Date Prepared |  | | Follow-up Review Indicated |  |  Housing Rehabilitation Compliance ChecklistI. Case File Reviews  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  | Yes | No | N/A | Notes | | A. | Applicant Information |  |  |  |  | |  | * Application |  |  |  |  | |  | * Applicant’s name & address |  |  |  |  | |  | * Owner’s name & address (If applicant is tenant) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Proof of ownership |  |  |  |  | |  | * Rating sheet |  |  |  |  | |  | * Number of families occupying dwelling |  |  |  |  | |  | * Number of persons occupying dwelling |  |  |  |  | |  | * Verification of income/assets and verification of income eligibility |  |  |  |  | | B. | Contract Information |  |  |  |  | |  | * Rehabilitation standards used |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is there a copy of standards on file? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is this partial (emergency) rehabilitation? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Date work began & ended |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is match involved? (If yes, list amount) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is there evidence of expenditure of match? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Amount of contract |  |  |  |  | |  | * Anticipated completion date (60 days from date of contract) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  | Yes | No | N/A | Notes | |  | * Contractor selection (Low bid, negotiation, lottery, etc.) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Initial inspection/work write-up |  |  |  |  | |  | * Bid received (list dates under notes) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Homeowner’s agreement |  |  |  |  | |  | * Right of entry permit |  |  |  |  | |  | * Right of rescission (owner has three days to withdraw from the program) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Notice to proceed |  |  |  |  | |  | * Progress inspections |  |  |  |  | |  | * Final inspections |  |  |  |  | |  | * Financial closeout statement |  |  |  |  | |  | * Lead based paint clause (should be signed by occupant and made a part of the contractor’s contract) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Mechanics lien waiver (Contractor must sign, guaranteeing that all materials are paid for and work is done and paid for. Should be completed before final payment.) |  |  |  |  | |  | * Verification of contractor insurance |  |  |  |  | |  | * Are there change orders? |  |  |  |  | |  | * If yes, Are they signed? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Amount of change order: |  |  |  |  | |  | * New contract amount: |  |  |  |  | |  | * Do change orders appear necessary & reasonable? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | C. | Property Information/Lead Based Paint |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is temporary relocation involved? |  |  |  |  | |  | * If yes, did occupant receive relocation benefits? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Date of final occupancy: |  |  |  |  | |  | * If the dwelling unit was constructed prior to 1978, which method of lead-based paint treatment was used to bring the dwelling unit(s) into compliance with DHUD’s final rule found at 24 CFR Part 35, et.al. **NOTE:** Only one of the options listed below should be selected. |  |  |  |  | |  | * Abatement where hard cost (as defined by 24CFR 35,915 (b)) are $25,000 or greater. If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s) who performed the risk assessment and clearance testing: |  |  |  |  | |  | * Interim Controls (costs are between $5,000 and $25,000) If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s)who performed the risk assessment and clearance testing: |  |  |  |  | |  | * Standard Treatment (costs are between $5,000 and $25,000) If yes, provide the Safe State accreditation number for the accredited professional(s) who performed the clearance testing: |  |  |  |  | |  | * No treatment (costs are $5,000 or less). |  |  |  |  | |  | * Did the housing unit pass the lead clearance test? If not, explain. |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is there documentation on file that contractors attended an approved Lead-Based Paint Safe Work Practices program? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is the property located in a flood zone? |  |  |  |  | |  | * If yes, is insurance available and required? |  |  |  |  | | D. | Field Review |  |  |  |  | |  | * Is owner satisfied? If no, state owner’s complaints. |  |  |  |  | |  | * Does accomplished work comply with work write-up and is it consistent with program criteria for eligible improvements? List any violation that was addressed in the write-up, but was not accomplished. |  |  |  |  | |  | * List any other violations that were noted. |  |  |  |  |   NOTE: 1. Ten percent (but no less than five) of the completed case files should be examined by the ADECA monitor.  **2. If extra space is needed use back of page.** **Program Information**  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A. | Generally, have program policies been in compliance with the Rehabilitation Policies and Procedures Manual and application? |  |  |  |  | | B. | Is demolition involved in the project? |  |  |  |  | |  | * If yes, does it comply with the adopted residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan and the “one for one” replacement rule as defined by the Barney Frank amendment? |  |  |  |  | | C. | List all contractors who were approved for this project: |  |  |  |  | | D. | Total number of houses rehabilitated as of monitoring. |  |  |  |  | | E. | Is there evidence of conflict of interest involving approved contractors/owners, etc.? |  |  |  |  | |

Further, labama Department of Public Health requires the ADECA ded the Alabama Department of Public Health's Division of Environmental Protection maintains the Alabama Lead Contractors Certification Program (see <https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/certification-abatement.html>) as a statewide program authorized by Alabama Act No. 97-553. The Lead Reduction Act of 1997 established the procedures for certification of all contractors or firms which perform or offer to perform any of the lead-based paint abatement activities described in Alabama's lead rules [lead-based paint inspections, risk assessments, abatement, and renovation activities in target housing (pre-1978) and child-occupied facilities] in that they must have certification from the Alabama Department of Public Heath. In order to be certified as an Abatement Firm, the company must have at least one individual who is accredited by and registered with UA SafeState ([**Safe State Environmental Program**](http://alabamasafestate.ua.edu/environmental-accreditation/lead-renovation/)) at the University of Alabama as a Lead Abatement Worker, Lead Inspector, Lead Abatement Supervisor, Lead Risk Assessor, or Lead Abatement Project Designer. Thus, all persons engaged in lead-based paint activities (abatement or renovation) in target housing and child-occupied facilities must be properly trained, such training programs must be accredited, firms must be certified, and all lead-based paint activities must be performed by accredited individuals of certified firms according to the prescribed work practice standards contained in Alabama's lead rules. The Steps For Individual Abatement Accreditation and Firm Certification include:

Step 1. Complete Training: Ensure all applicants have successfully completed their most recent training from one of Alabama’s approved trainers.

Step 2. Pass 3rd Party Exam: This only applies to lead inspector, lead risk assessor, and lead supervisor.

Step 3. Apply for Individual Accreditation: Through UA SafeState.

Step 4. Apply for Firm Certification: Once you have at least one accredited person who is a Lead Abatement Worker, Lead Inspector, Lead Abatement Supervisor, Lead Risk Assessor, or Lead Abatement Project Designer, register your firm through UA SafeState in order to be certified with the Alabama Department of Public Health.

The Alabama Department of Public Health, by and through the State Board of Health's Bureau of Environmental Services, adopted updated *Lead Hazard Reduction Contractor Certification* Administrative Rules on December 15, 2021, and these are published as Administrative Procedure Rules 420-3-27-.01 through 420-3-27-.15 that became effective on February 13, 2022 [see the link [420-3-27 (alabamapublichealth.gov)](https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/finalpbrules.pdf) that was most recently updated as of April 15, 2022]. The Department's Alabama Lead Contractor Certification Program consists of (i) Lead Hazard Reduction Contractor Certification (Abatement) and (ii) Alabama Lead Renovation Contractor Certification. Also, notwithstanding any rule provision previously adopted by the Alabama State Board of Health, pursuant to *Code of Alabama 1975*, §41-1-11, the Alabama Department of Public Health shall collect fees for the services as set out below.

Lead hazard Reduction Contractor Certification (Abatement, Inspector and/or Risk Assessor, Designer) (see <https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/certification-abatement.html> and <https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/abatement_fillable.pdf>):

1. Initial Application Fee: $300

2. Annual Renewall Fee: $240

3. Replacement Certificate: $30

As referenced herein above, the *Lead Hazard Reduction Contractor Certification* administrative rules (published as Administrative Procedure Rules 420-3-27-.01 through 420-3-27-.15 that became effective on February 13, 2022) state as follows:

"420-3-27-.04 Certification of Firms.

(1) Any firm which performs or offers to perform lead hazard reduction activities as described in 420-3-27-.10 must be certified by the Alabama Department of Public Health prior to performing or offering to perform such work including bidding for lead-based paint abatement projects.

(2) A firm seeking certification shall submit to the Department an application for certification on a form provided by this Department, a non-refundable application fee. The certification and renewal fees for the Lead Certification Branch are listed in Rule 420-1-5-.08 (1), Ala. Admin. Code (State Level Fees). A certification fee is required for each discipline and a letter attesting that the firm shall only employ individuals accredited by Safe State to conduct lead hazard reduction activities, and that the firm and its employees shall follow the work practice standards as outlined in 420-3-27-.10 of this chapter for conducting lead hazard reduction activities. A list of employees who have been accredited by Safe State shall be provided with the application along with their accreditation numbers and registration expiration dates.

(3) Permit or Certification denials, suspensions, and revocations – The Health Officer’s denial, suspension and/or revocation of a permit or certification shall be governed by the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, §41-22-1, et seq., Code of Ala. 1975. The Department shall fulfill any request for certification or permit within 28 calendar days after receiving the application or notify the applicant of the reason for failure to issue the certification or permit.

(4) The firm shall maintain all records pursuant to the requirements in 420-3-27-.15 (Record Keeping).

420-3-27-.05 Denial of Applications for Certification.

(1) The Department may deny an application for certification to any applicant who fails to meet the standards or who does not follow the procedures established by the regulations, including, but not limited to:

(a) Failure to submit the required information, fee payment, and documentation with the application.

(b) Omission on the part of the applicant, of any required information.

(c) Failure to comply with applicable requirements, procedures, and standards set forth in law or this chapter.

(d) Submission of false information on an application, supplying false statements, or failure to disclose required information.

(e) Any past violations of state or federal law pertaining to lead hazard reduction activities within the last 2 years.

(2) The applicant may appeal the denial through the Board pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Code, Chapter 420-1-3; Hearing of Contested Cases.

420-3-27-.06 Renewal.

To maintain the validity of certification, a firm must be renewed annually. All certified firms shall renew their certification licenses before the effective date of November 1 of each year. The certification and renewal fees for the Lead Certification Branch are listed in Rule 420-1-5-.08, Ala. Admin. Code (State Level Fees). Applications for renewal along with a non-refundable application fee for each discipline must be received at the Department no later than 45 days prior to the date listed above. Failure to maintain the annual certification validation will require re-application according to Rule 420-3-27-.04 (Certification of Firms).

420-3-27-.07 Suspension, Revocation, and Modification of Certifications.

The Department, after providing a written notice to the violator may suspend, revoke, or modify a firm’s certification if a firm has:

(1) Performed work requiring certification at a job site with individuals who are not accredited and registered by Safe State.

(2) Failed to comply with the work practice standards established in 420- 3-27-.10.

(3) Misrepresented material facts in its letter of application for certification to the Department.

(4) Failed to maintain required records pursuant to 420-3-27-.10 (Standards for Conducting Lead Hazard Reduction Activities in Target Housing and Child-occupied Facilities) and 420-3-27-.15 (Record Keeping).

(5) Failed to comply with federal, state, or local lead-based paint statutes, rules, or regulations.

(6) In addition to an administrative or judicial finding of violation, for purposes of this section only, execution of a consent agreement in settlement of an enforcement action constitutes evidence of a failure to comply with relevant statutes or regulations."

Additional rules pertain as follows:

Rule 420-3-27-.10 pertains to "Standards for Conducting Lead Hazard Reduction Activities in Target Housing and Child-Occupied Facilities,"

Rule 420-3-27-.11 pertains to "Notification of Lead Inspection and Risk Assessment Activities,"

Rule 420-3-27-.12 pertains to "Project Notification and Project Fees,"

Rule 420-3-27-.13 peetains to "Clearance Levels and Lead Hazard Levels,"

Rule 420-3-27-.14 pertains to "Enforcement," and

Rule 420-3-27-.15 pertains to "Record Keeping."

Additionally, the Alabama Department of Public Health, by and through the State Board of Health's Bureau of Environmental Services, adopted updated *Renovation Contractor Certification* administrative rules on January 20, 2022, and these are published as Administrative Procedure Rules 420-3-29-.01 through 420-3-29-.15 that became effective on March 17, 2022. These rules establish the procedures to be followed for certification of contractors or firms who perform renovation in target housing and child-occupied facilities. These rules also contain requirements that all persons engaged in renovation are properly trained, that training programs are accredited, and that firms are certified; and that all renovation in target housing and child-occupied facilities is performed by accredited renovators of certified firms according to the prescribed work practice standards contained in these rules; and ensures that owners and occupants of target housing and child-occupied facilities receive information on lead-based paint hazards before these renovations begin. Also, with regard to Lead Renovation Contractor Certification, see the websites and links at <https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/certification-renovation.html> and <https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/renovation_fillable.pdf>). And like the Lead Hazard Reduction Contractor Certification rules (stated above at 420-3-27 that took effect on February 13, 2022), rules pertaining to the certification of firms which perform or offer to perform renovation activities are described in Rules 420-3-29-.05 through 420-3-29-.10 (that took effect on March 17, 2022), as those firms, too, must be certified by the Department prior to performing or offering to perform such work including bidding for lead-based paint renovation projects.

At the federal level, the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency’s (EPA) Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) rule that was enacted on April 22, 2008 and amended in 2009, 2010, 2011, 2015, and 2016 (at the website link https://www.epa.gov/lead/lead-renovation-repair-and-painting-program-rules) requires that firms performing renovation, repair and painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, child care facilities, and pre-schools that were built before 1978 be certified by the EPA (or an EPA-authorized State), are to (i) use certified renovators who are trained by EPA-approved training providers, and (ii) follow lead-safe work practices. This EPA rule aims to protect the public from lead-based paint hazards associated with renovation, repair, and painting activities. These activities can create hazardous lead dust when surfaces with lead paint, even from many decades ago, are disturbed. This rule requires workers to be certified and trained in the use of lead-safe work practices, and requires renovation, repair, and painting firms to be EPA-certified. These requirements became fully effective April 22, 2010.

For Alabama, the University of Alabama’s Safe State Environmental Program and the Alabama Department of Public Health have modified and promulgated Alabama’s lead rules to allow the state to take over the EPA's Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) program as part of its current Lead-Based Paint Contractor Accreditation Program. On February 17, 2010, the Alabama Lead Contractor Certification Program received approval from the Alabama State Committee on Public Health to seek EPA authorization to administer and enforce the lead-based paint RRP rules for the State of Alabama in lieu of the EPA. The above-referenced Renovation Contractor Certification rules, beginning at Alabama Administrative Rule 420-3-29, establish requirements for certifying contractors or firms who perform renovation in target housing and child-occupied facilities (such as renovators, dust sampling technicians, and renovation firms). Further, these rules establish requirements for renovation project notifications, pre-renovation education requirements, renovation work practices, and for record keeping. Individuals seeking to become Certified Renovators and/or Dust Sampling Technicians in Alabama must apply through Alabama’s [Safe State Environmental Program](http://alabamasafestate.ua.edu/environmental-accreditation/lead-renovation) for accreditation, and they must obtain Alabama Certification to operate in Alabama. For applications, information, training provider listings, the phone number is 1-800-421-7141. As of November 16, 2010, the Alabama Department of Public Health began accepting renovation and sampling technician firm’s applications for certification (license). Applications, project notifications and forms of compliance assistance can be found on the Alabama Department of Public Health’s [Forms](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/forms.html) page (<https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/forms.html>). All rule requirements for renovation project notifications, pre-renovation education requirements, renovation work practices, and record keeping rules are applicable.

The Alabama Department of Public Health also has information on the following: To better understand the difference between “lead abatement” and “renovation,” access that Department’s website link [Clarification on Renovation Versus Abatement](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/clarification.pdf), which states:

|  |
| --- |
| **Clarification on Renovation vs. Abatement**  (See [clarification.pdf (alabamapublichealth.gov)](https://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/clarification.pdf)  We [the Alabama Department of Public Health] have received several calls recently regarding some particular and confusing issues related to the new and existing lead-based paint regulations. The new regulation is the Renovation, Repair & Painting Rule (RRP), which became effective in April 2010 that governs a wide variety of general contractors and construction trades. Many of the calls stem from confusion regarding the terminology and definitions. It also seems unclear for many in this newly regulated community as to what the training and certification as a renovator actually means, in regards to the type of work they can do and the services that they can offer.  It may be more straightforward to explain what the Certified Renovator is not. The Certified Renovator is not a Lead-based Paint Inspector, Lead-based Paint Abatement Contractor, or any other form of environmental service provider that is hired to address lead-based paint in a home or child occupied facility. The Certified Renovator is not entering a home to remove, maintain, or otherwise specifically address lead-based paint.  The Certified Renovator is there to perform a job related to home improvement or maintenance in a structure that may contain lead-based paint. The potential for the presence of lead-based paint on the surfaces of the work areas is incidental to the reason the contractor was hired to do the work. The training to become a Certified Renovator is intended to teach these contractors the hazards associated with lead-based paint; and, procedures to perform their normal work in ways that minimize the potential for creating, or adding to, those hazards.  The existing abatement regulations have been in place since 1992 and govern the aspects of specifically addressing lead-based paint as a hazard in a facility. There are several disciplines associated with addressing lead paint as a hazard:  – Lead Paint Inspectors - Determine if lead-based paint is present  – Lead Risk Assessors - Determine if the lead-based paint that is present poses a hazard.  – Lead Project Designers - Set up larger scale abatement projects  – Lead Abatement Supervisors - Guide and manage lead-based paint abatement projects.  – Lead Abatement Workers - Perform lead-based paint abatement work.  Each discipline has specific training and certification requirements. The Lead-Based Paint Renovator is another separate discipline with specific training and recordkeeping requirements. The primary distinction is based on the intent of the contractor doing the work. What is the intent of the work? The following is a breakdown of how intent will categorize the work:  **ABATEMENT** ­  Abatement is generally performed in three/four circumstances to address a known or assumed lead based paint issue:  – In response to a child with an elevated blood lead level  – In housing/child occupied facilities receiving HUD or other financial assistance\*  – State and local laws and regulations may require abatements in certain situations associated with rental housing  – A homeowner that is aware of potential problems requests inspections/abatement. (Currently very rare in Alabama.)  Abatement activities are covered by rules already in place on the state level.  **RENOVATION**  Renovation activities are performed for many reasons, most having nothing to do with lead-based paint. Painting, window replacement, room renovation, utility repairs, and door installation are just some of the many examples.  Renovation involves a wide variety of activities designed to update, maintain, or modify all or part of a building.  Renovations performed in homes or child occupied facilities that were built prior to 1978 are covered by this new rule.  The intent of the Renovation, Repair, and Painting rule is to train contractors on safe ways to work in areas that may contain lead-based paint.  \*One factor that can blur these definitions is the involvement of Federal funding, such as funding from HUD grants or weatherization programs. If there is such funding or involvement, there may be additional requirements based upon the type of projects and the amounts of money involved, or even the terms and conditions that accompany that funding. As a contractor it will be important to define why the work is being done and the source of the funding to help insure your compliance. |

See also the Alabama Department of Public Health also has information on [Chapter 420-3-27 - Lead Hazard Reduction Contractor Certification](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/finalpbrules.pdf), [Chapter 822-X-1 - Registration and Accreditation of Lead Training Programs and Individuals Engaged in Lead Hazard Reduction Activities](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/SafeStateCHAPTER822.pdf), [Chapter 420-3-29 - Renovation Contractor Certification](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/RRPRules.pdf), and [Certified Renovator Training Providers](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/lead/assets/RRPTrainingProviders20162017.pdf). Also, the Alabama Lead Contractors Certification Program is part of the [Indoor Air Quality/Lead Branch](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/iaq/index.html) within the Department’s Division of Community Environmental Protection, which is located in the [Bureau of Environmental Services](http://www.alabamapublichealth.gov/environmental/index.html).

**HOME**: All projects receiving HOME funding must adhere to Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s Environmental Policy Requirements (included in the HOME Action Plan as Addendum B) which addresses lead-based paint hazards and other environmental concerns.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: All projects receiving HTF funding must adhere to Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s Environmental Policy Requirements (see [www.AHFA.com](http://www.AHFA.com)) which addresses lead-based paint hazards and other environmental concerns.

**Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families [see 24 CFR 91.220(k); 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: The State continues to work at creating new jobs through economic development programs as a response to the State having lost textile and other manufacturing jobs. The State’s actions regarding reducing the number of poverty-level families include striving to have a low unemployment rate through an aggressive economic development strategy, and ADECA's use of the CDBG Program is the one most directly utilized for such purposes. An added benefit is that the CDBG-funded local infrastructure/construction projects generate jobs within the local communities and contribute to the State's economy.

ADECA annually markets the CDBG Program as a means to award grant funds for economic development projects that create (and/or retain) large numbers of jobs and have the potential for spin-off jobs. ADECA also markets the CDBG Program as a means to provide affordable housing by rehabilitating the existing local housing stock - which then contributes to local communities' affordable housing programs, and provides funding to improve the quality of life of those living below the poverty level. ADECA also encourages the use of local matching funds so as to fund CDBG projects that address a multitude of problems through the expenditure of funds from more than one source of funding. ADECA continues to collaborate with the U.S. Department of Agriculture - Rural Development Authority, the Appalachian Regional Commission, the Delta Regional Authority, the Economic Development Administration, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, the Alabama Rural Water Association, and the Environmental Protection Agency to fund projects that positively impact the quality of life of those living below the poverty level.

And as can be seen from *Chart 8* and *Chart 14*, of the 59 CDBG grants that were closed out during the April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 reporting period, 11 of these were economic development grants expending a total of $2,396,830.34 and providing a total of 622 jobs in 622 households, of which 461 jobs went to LMI beneficiaries in 461 households (178 jobs for moderate-income beneficiaries in 178 households, 144 jobs for low-income beneficiaries in 144 households, and 139 jobs for very-low income beneficiaries in 139 households).

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG.

**Actions taken to develop institutional structure [see 24 CFR 91.220(k); 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: Not applicable. The CDBG Program’s funds are not used by ADECA nor the local community grant recipients in Alabama's non-entitlement areas to develop institutional structure.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, AHFA has undertaken several efforts to maximize the participation of the private sector in Alabama’s HOME program. Seminars, taught by AHFA’s multifamily staff, are held annually, and are attended by a wide range of participants, both veteran developers and inexperienced newcomers. AHFA offers Multifamily Essentials and Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) training sessions which are attended by industry newcomers who wish to learn more about these AFHA programs. AHFA hosted Environmental Workshops for Environmental Professionals and potential applicants which focused on the changes to the AHFA Environmental Policy Requirements. These seminars and workshops review the latest HOME regulations, go over financial feasibility studies, and explain how to complete an AHFA funding application for HOME dollars.

To promote the HOME program, AHFA staff has participated in various seminars and meetings with organizations such as:

* Alabama Affordable Housing Association
* Alabama Bankers Association
* Alabama Association of Realtors®
* Alabama Multifamily Loan Consortium
* Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs
* Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless
* Alabama Continuums of Care
* Alabama Department of Mental Health
* Alabama Department of Veterans Affairs
* Collaborative Solutions
* Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta
* Home Builders Association of Alabama
* Housing Assistance Council
* Neighborhood Housing Services
* National Council of State Housing Agencies
* USDA Rural Development (Alabama)

Multi-family staff served as moderators and co-chairs at seminars hosted by some of these organizations and spoke to several groups regarding the HOME program.

AHFA plans to continue conducting HOME seminars each year. The seminars are varied each year in an effort to provide new information to participants. HOME brochures, created by AHFA staff, are available at meetings and seminars. These materials along with other resources are posted on the AHFA website, [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). The website contains relevant HOME and multifamily development information such as multifamily notices, program plans and application materials, program guidelines, pre/post-construction materials, developer frequently asked questions, and an opportunity for interested parties to join our mailing list.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG and HOME.

**Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies [see 24 CFR 91.220(k); 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: Not applicable. The CDBG Program's funds are not used by ADECA nor the local community grant recipients to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies. However, ADECA does encourage its local non-entitlement communities to apply for ADECA’s CDBG grant funds under the “residential rehabilitation” activity. As is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 currently-open CDBG grants, 6 of these grants involve “residential rehabilitation” as their primary grant activity. When completed, such activity by the State and its applicable local communities serves as a way in which the State's actions, taken in concert with local governments, have served to enhance coordination at the local level for improving opportunities for LMI residents to access affordable housing.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, AHFA has undertaken a number of efforts to maximize the participation of the private sector in Alabama’s HOME program. Seminars, taught by AHFA’s multifamily staff, are held annually and are attended by a wide range of participants, both veteran developers and inexperienced newcomers. AHFA offers Multifamily Essentials and Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) training sessions which are attended by industry newcomers who wish to learn more about these AFHA programs. AHFA hosted Environmental Workshops for Environmental Professionals and potential applicants which focused on the changes to the AHFA Environmental Policy Requirements. These seminars and workshops review the latest HOME regulations, go over financial feasibility studies, and explain how to complete an AHFA funding application for HOME dollars.

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* Alabama Department of Mental Health
* Alabama Department of Veterans Affairs
* Collaborative Solutions
* Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta
* Home Builders Association of Alabama
* Housing Assistance Council
* Neighborhood Housing Services
* National Council of State Housing Agencies
* USDA Rural Development (Alabama)

Multi-family staff served as moderators and co-chairs at seminars hosted by some of these organizations and spoke to a number of groups regarding the HOME program.

AHFA plans to continue conducting HOME seminars each year. The seminars are varied each year in an effort to provide new information to participants. HOME brochures, created by AHFA staff, are available at meetings and seminars. These materials along with other resources are posted on the AHFA website, [www.ahfa.com](http://www.ahfa.com). The website contains relevant HOME and multifamily development information such as multifamily notices, program plans and application materials, program guidelines, pre/post-construction materials, developer frequently asked questions, and an opportunity for interested parties to join our mailing list.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG and HOME.

**Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdiction's analysis of impediments to fair housing choice [see 24 CFR 91.520(a)].**

**CDBG**: For the CDBG Program, as is stated herein above at **CR-35 Other Actions - Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing . . .**, the State of Alabama's 2014-2015 and 2019-2020 "Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice" suggested several strategies the State could utilize to overcome the effects of identified impediments to fair housing choice. These strategies are identified in Alabama's AI as follows:

1. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama – both housing providers and housing consumers – concerning the State’s Fair Housing laws (*Code of Alabama 1975*, as amended, at §24-8-1 through §24-8-15), and the federal Fair Housing Act of 1968 that is administered by HUD, and their rights and obligations under those State and federal laws, particularly actions that would be in violation of fair housing laws.

2. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama concerning how prospective housing consumers can acquire and maintain good credit – as part of their effort to afford a home purchase or rent for an apartment.

3. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct outreach and provide education to the citizens of Alabama concerning the characteristics and attributes of a predatory lending style of loan.

4. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could identify lenders in Alabama who have disproportionately engaged in predatory-style lending within the State, and then publish the findings so that consumers could more easily obtain this information about these lenders.

5. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could conduct audit testing to determine the number of properties currently in violation of the fair housing laws, and in particular the disability/accessibility standards concerning housing.

6. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could contract with the State’s three Fair Housing Initiative Program providers (the Fair Housing Center of Northern Alabama in Birmingham, the Central Alabama Fair Housing Center in Montgomery, and the Mobile Fair Housing Center, Inc. in Mobile) or other entities to conduct audit testing and track enforcement activities, particularly in the non-entitlement areas of the State, as a means of detecting fair and affordable housing abuses, determining the extent of existing affordable housing barriers, determining the success of strategies implemented to remove or ameliorate the identified barriers to affordable housing, and determining the extent of enforcement of the fair housing laws within the State.

7. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could form a task force to devise and oversee methods for positively affecting the identified barriers to affordable housing, and provide reports to ADECA on the task force’s activities.

8. ADECA could post on its website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) information on fair housing, affordable housing, and related information concerning how to file a complaint under the State’s fair housing laws.

9. The State of Alabama, through ADECA, could work in tandem with other State agencies, local governments, and prospective business and industry when recruiting economic development at the local level so that all parties involved would be aware of affordable housing news and issues in those locations.

To implement these strategies throughout the State’s PY2020-PY2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan period, ADECA works with the Alabama Realtors Association, the Alabama State Banking Commission, HUD's Birmingham Office, the Alabama Housing Finance Authority, Alabama's Fair Housing Centers, and local governments - through face-to-face meetings, discussions, training sessions, continuing education seminars, and CDBG grant implementation requirements - as ways of implementing the AI's strategies stated above.

ADECA maintains on its website (www.adeca.alabama.gov) the State's Fair Housing Outreach information that contains links to fair housing posters and additional information. This information can be accessed at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/fairhousing/>.

Also, as is stated herein above at **Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs**, at the local level, Alabama provides information on compliance with federal and state fair housing laws through education and outreach to housing providers and housing consumers throughout the State, which information includes fair housing laws and disability access laws. Alabama makes available to the public the State of Alabama’s “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice” by posting the AI on the ADECA website at [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/strategic-plans-and-action-plans/>. Alabama conducts research and accumulates information and data on housing from local community surveys and the U.S. Census website, and keeps current with how the “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice” is having an impact through the local community sub-grant recipients' responses to ADECA's *Suggested Assessment Guide for Community Assessment of Fair Housing (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)* that is included herein above at **CR-30 Public Housing - Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership** and at the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/letter-of-conditional-commitment/.

Alabama also continues to correspond with / work with the three Fair Housing Centers in the State (the Fair Housing Center of Northern Alabama located in Birmingham, the Central Alabama Fair Housing Center located in Montgomery, and the Mobile Fair Housing Center located in Mobile) and other fair housing entities (such as those who work with the Hispanic population and the Asian population, and those who work with special needs populations including the disabled and the elderly residents) to keep actively engaged with them and their targeted populations within the local communities so that they are periodically providing to ADECA - through their local governments - information on housing/community/ economic development issues and resolution efforts. And ADECA encourages its local non-entitlement communities to apply for ADECA’s CDBG grant funds under the “residential rehabilitation” activity. As is displayed in *Chart 1* through *Chart 7* herein above, of the 167 currently-open CDBG grants, 6 of those grants involve “residential rehabilitation” as their primary grant activity. When completed, such activity serves as a way in which the State's actions, taken in concert with local governments, have served to enhance coordination at the local level for improving opportunities for local LMI residents to access affordable housing.

Alabama also observes the month of April each year as Fair Housing Month within the State in that ADECA obtains an annual proclamation from the Governor’s Office declaring the month of April as Fair Housing Month in Alabama. ADECA then annually distributes this proclamation, along with a link to HUD's fair housing posters, to local governments, grant administrators, housing providers, and interested consumers/members of the public throughout the State (see the link [CDBG News – ADECA (alabama.gov)](https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/cdbg-news/) for the ADECA Director's annual "April is Fair Housing" memo). ADECA posts information concerning the HUD fair housing posters and also emphasizes Fair Housing Month activities at its annual CDBG grant application workshop and CDBG grant compliance workshop, the resources of which are posted on the ADECA website (www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/fairhousing/>.

ADECA has also instituted fair housing compliance methods for local governments who are CDBG grant recipients - by issuing the "April 15, 2015 Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information" memorandum (that was subsequently issued in April 2016 through April 2018) and the "March 1, 2019 Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information" memorandum (that was subsequently issued on March 2, 2020, on March 31, 2021, on March 1, 2022, and on February 15, 2023) referenced / included herein above. These memoranda continue ADECA's fair housing efforts with the local government grant recipients. Per these memoranda, beginning with the PY2015 CDBG grants and continuing to the present time, the local government grant recipients are required to implement two activities (first - issue a “Fair Housing Month” proclamation during the month of April, and second - publish and/or display bilingual fair housing information for non-English speaking residents in the community) and implement at least two additional fair housing activities (listed in the memoranda) with the intent that these activities provide assistance to local communities in satisfying the requirements of the federal Fair Housing Act. ADECA also mandates that each grant-funded community document its fair housing actions that are implemented, those documents are to be retained in the community’s CDBG Program file, and that file must be made available to the public in an accessible format. ADECA also monitors each CDBG-funded community for compliance with these fair housing and equal opportunity requirements.

With regard to the characteristics and attributes of a predatory lending style of loan, ADECA continues to monitor the efforts and progress of the Alabama State Banking Department and its work pertaining to drafted legislation concerning the regulation of payday lenders and financial amounts that would be available to be loaned by such lenders. Said legislation has been introduced in past Alabama legislative sessions but failed to become law. As the statewide newspapers report, such legislation would extend a borrower's time to pay off the loans and would regulate the interest amount that a lender could charge. In Alabama, payday loans are governed by the *Code of Alabama 1975*, as amended, at §5-18A-1 *et seq*. They are short-term loans that last between 14 and 30 days and limit the total amount of payday loans an individual can take out. Payday lenders can charge up to 456 percent annual percentage rate (APR) of interest on such loans, and draft legislation often proposes to lower the top interest rate down to 120 percent APR. Draft legislation often does not include car title loans, which are governed by the State's Small Loan Act, governed by the *Code of Alabama 1975*, as amended, at §5-18-1 *et seq*., wherein title loan lenders can charge up to 300 percent APR on those loans. The advocacy group Alabama Appleseed also joins in such draft legislation efforts, as it has fought for payday regulation because there are approximately 400,000 Alabamians who use the payday lender service. Even though such legislation often fails to become law, one success has been that a payday loan database has been established by the State Banking Department to monitor such loans.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG.

**ESG**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG.

**CR-40 Monitoring [see 24 CFR 91.220; 91-230]**

**Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:**

**Describe the standards and procedures that will be used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will be used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and comprehensive planning requirements.**

**CDBG**: ADECA's CDBG Program compliance monitoring procedures are as follows:

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| **CDBG Compliance Monitoring Plan:**  Purpose: This plan establishes standards and provides guidance for monitoring CDBG and other projects funded by the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) through the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and other HUD grant programs.  Objectives:ADECA’smonitoring strategy is a management control technique for ongoing assessment of the quality of grantee performance over a period of time. Monitoring provides information about a grantee’s program effectiveness and management efficiency. It also helps in identifying instances of fraud, waste and abuse. It is the principal means by which ADECA:  1. ensures that programs are carried out efficiently, effectively, and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations;  2. assists grantees in improving their performance, capacity, and management and technical skills; and  3. determines its own effectiveness and that of its programs and policies in meeting the community development needs of the grantees.  Applicability: This plan applies to monitoring strategies for the following program funds and compliance areas:  A. Programs:  1. Competitive Funds (Small City, Large City and County Funds);  2. Community Enhancement Fund;  3. Economic Development Funds (ED Infrastructure, Float Loans, Section 106, and Incubator projects);  4. Planning Grant Funds (desk review);  5. Neighborhood Stabilization Program Funds;  6. Disaster Recovery Assistance Funds; and  7. Other programs funded through HUD to be administered through the CDBG or other programs.  B. Compliance Areas:  1. National Objective and Eligibility;  2. Citizen Participation;  3. Environment;  4. Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity (FHEO);  5. Professional Services Procurement and Contract Management;  6. Financial Management and Common Rule Compliance;  7. Bidding and Contracting;  8. Labor;  9. Housing Rehabilitation and Lead Hazards;  10. Uniform Act and Section 104(d) (demolition, acquisition and relocation); and  11. Close-Outs.  C. High-risk Assessment  1. All grantees are considered to have some risk factors; therefore, all grantees will receive at least one compliance monitoring review.  2. Additional risk factors may be identified as discussed in the “Approach” section below.  D. Remedies  1. The overriding goal of monitoring is to determine compliance, prevent/identify deficiencies, and provide technical assistance to enhance grantee performance. However, when findings are made, ADECA will determine appropriate corrective actions to address the finding or deficiency.  2. In cases of serious findings, additional sanctions and penalties may be necessary up to and including debarment and suspensions of grantees and/or their contractors. The most recent version of the ADECA debarment and suspension policy is available from ADECA’s Legal Section.  Approach:As stated above, ADECA staff view monitoring, not as a one-time compliance review, but as an ongoing process involving continuous communication and evaluation. Such a process involves frequent telephone/email contacts, written communications, analysis of reports and submitted documents, and compliance monitoring reviews. The overriding goal of monitoring is to determine compliance, prevent/identify deficiencies, and provide technical assistance to enhance grantee performance. As part of this process, ADECA staff will also be alert for fraud, waste and mismanagement or situations with potential for such abuse. Additionally, monitoring will be used as an opportunity to identify program participant accomplishments, acknowledge successful management, and recognize implementation techniques that might be replicated by other grantees. Finally, the monitoring process will be used by ADECA as outreach and customer service to our grantees. The following, from Alabama’s current Consolidated Plan, is the basis for ADECA’s monitoring strategy:  On behalf of the State of Alabama, ADECA does an on-site monitoring review of all CDBG and other HUD program construction grants at least once during the life of the project. Areas reviewed for compliance include adherence to one or more of the program’s national objectives, eligibility, financial management, civil rights, environmental concerns, citizen participation, timeliness, procurement, contract management, labor standards enforcement, acquisition, relocation, job creation, and housing as appropriate.  For the CDBG program, the State utilizes a computerized tracking system to initiate each monitoring visit at the point when a reasonable percent of the grant funds has been drawn. Currently, most monitoring visits are scheduled at the time at least 30 percent of the funds have been drawn. The system also tracks the resulting resolution of any findings made in a timely manner. For other programs, appropriate tracking systems are developed/modified and utilized to ensure that the project is monitored at least once.  After each monitoring visit, a report is written to the grantee to explain the results of the review. Monitoring determinations range from “acceptable” to “finding” with appropriate corrective measures imposed. Corrective measures may include certifications that inadequacies will be resolved, documentary evidence that corrective actions have been instituted, reimbursement of disallowed costs, or other sanctions which limit the grantee’s future participation in the program. Furthermore, no grant can be closed until all monitoring findings have been satisfactorily resolved.  In addition to the stated strategies in the Consolidated Plan, ADECA maintains the flexibility to schedule additional monitoring visits as may be necessitated by problems identified in a preliminary monitoring visit, projects of a particularly complex nature, inexperienced grantees and/or administrators, grantees and/or administrators with recent compliance problems, or when project conditions demonstrate a need for additional ADECA oversight. Further, a grantee may request additional monitoring and/or technical assistance visits if necessary.  In addition to maintaining flexibility in numbers and frequencies of monitoring reviews, ADECA will also maintain flexibility regarding the type of monitoring review. In other words, monitoring reviews may take the form of on-site visits or desk reviews. All projects that include construction activities will receive at least one on-site review. However, subsequent monitoring reviews may be conducted without returning to the site. Further, planning-only projects generally will not require an on-site monitoring review.  Conclusion: ADECA has a long history of effectively administering the CDBG program. Part of that administration success stems from a diligence in monitoring. The preceding is meant to provide guidelines to ensure that CDBG and other HUD program funds are spent appropriately and that ADECA meets the needs of the grantees in the State of Alabama. However, ADECA may incorporate monitoring and review techniques not listed in order to ensure program compliance and to meet grantee needs. |

In addition, for purposes of ADECA’s **Neighborhood Stabilization Program**, the following compliance monitoring procedures became effective March 11, 2009:

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| **NSP Compliance Monitoring Plan:**  ADECA strives to work in partnership with its grantees to ensure successful program implementation. Monitoring visits are considered an opportunity to assist grantees in carrying out their program responsibilities. To this end, monitoring serves as one aspect of several coordination and compliance strategies which result in an on-going review of program progress. These strategies include frequent communication through telephone and e-mail contact, written correspondence, and technical assistance meetings as well as reviews of payment requests, quarterly progress reports, beneficiary reports, and additional documentation or reports which may be voluntarily submitted or requested by ADECA.  For purposes of the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), ADECA’s monitoring approach will generally follow the strategy outlined in the State’s Grantee Monitoring Plan. The Plan states “for other programs, appropriate tracking systems are developed/modified and utilized to ensure that the project is monitored at least once”.  ADECA staff will monitor each NSP grant on-site at least once prior to project close-out. Areas reviewed for compliance include adherence to the program’s national objective and eligibility requirements, progress and timeliness, citizen participation, environmental, fair housing, equal employment opportunity, procurement, appraisal and acquisition, tenant protection requirements, housing rehabilitation, labor standards enforcement (if applicable), demolition, disposition, homebuyer counseling, continued affordability, 25% set-aside requirement, and financial management.  A combination of factors will be used as guidance for determining when the on-site monitoring should take place. These factors include progress toward acquiring foreclosed properties, progress toward rehabilitation of the acquired properties, and progress toward final occupancy of the properties. Projects requiring a significant amount of technical assistance or receiving a program complaint may receive a higher monitoring review priority if deemed necessary. Progress toward meeting obligation and expenditure deadlines will also be considered. Additionally, grantees receiving substantial grant awards and activities involving large multi-family projects may be considered a monitoring priority.  After each monitoring visit, written correspondence is sent to the grantee describing the results of the review in sufficient detail to clearly describe the areas that were covered and the basis for the conclusions. Monitoring determinations range from “acceptable” to “finding” with appropriate corrective measures imposed. Corrective measures may include certifications that inadequacies will be resolved, documentary evidence that corrective actions have been instituted, or reimbursement of disallowed costs.  If the grantee has not responded within 30 days after the date of ADECA’s letter, ADECA staff will work with the grantee through phone calls, e-mails, or written correspondence to obtain the requested information. No grant can be closed until all monitoring findings have been satisfactorily resolved.  ADECA maintains a “NSP Grantee Progress” spreadsheet which is used as a tracking system to ensure each NSP grant is monitored at least once prior to close-out. This spreadsheet is also used to track whether or not any requested responses have been received.  ADECA retains the ability to schedule additional monitoring visits as may be necessitated by problems identified in the monitoring visit or when grant conditions demonstrate a need for additional ADECA review. Further, ADECA may also incorporate additional monitoring and review techniques not listed here in order to ensure program compliance. |

These standards and procedures are used by ADECA to monitor those CDBG-funded activities that are implemented in furtherance of the State's *2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan* and *PY2022 One-Year Annual Action Plan* as well as the *PY2023 One-Year Annual Action Plan*. These standards and procedures are also used by ADECA to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the CDBG Program, including minority-owned business outreach and women-owned business outreach (MBE/WBE) and comprehensive planning requirements. For the "minority-owned business outreach" and the “women-owned business outreach” aspects in particular, as part of ADECA's monitoring procedures, ADECA utilizes a specific monitoring checklist that reviews local community grant recipients' compliance with the program's "minority-owned business outreach" and “women-owned business outreach” (MBE/WBE) requirement. This monitoring checklist is available on the ADECA website (www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/monitoring-and-compliance-checklists/> and is included herein below:

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| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Grantee Name |  | | Project No. |  | | Preparer |  | | Date Prepared |  | | Follow-up Review Indicated |  |  Civil Rights Compliance ChecklistPart A: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY Does the grantee maintain a separate file on Equal Opportunity?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  If no, explain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Part B: SECTION 3/CONTRACT MANAGEMENT  1. Does the grantee seek female and minority-owned businesses in CDBG funded contracts and subcontracts by: 2. Notifying the Alabama Office of Minority Business Enterprise (OMBE), Yes No N/A 3. Submitting a bid notification to the Alabama Small Business Development Center, Yes No N/A 4. Direct solicitation to contractors listed on the ALDOT DBE certified listing, Yes No N/A 5. Other activities. Yes No N/A   Please describe all actions taken and list documents checked for verification. If the answer to a, b, or c above was “No,” please explain.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   1. Does the grantee seek Section 3 businesses in CDBG funded contracts and subcontracts by: 2. Direct solicitation to local contractors, Yes No N/A 3. Locally advertising and/or posting in public places any CDBG contracting or job opportunities, Yes No N/A 4. Coordination with the local housing authority or other community group in the project area, Yes No N/A 5. Other activities Yes No N/A   Please describe all actions taken and list documents checked for verification. If the answer to a or b above was “No,” please explain.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  3. Has the grantee documented to ADECA the participation of Minority and Female-owned businesses and low- and very low-income persons in the CDBG program (Form 2516 – Contract/Subcontract Activity and Form 60002 - Section 3 Summary Report Economic Opportunities for Low- and Very Low-Income Persons)?  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_  If no, explain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

Also, for the "minority-owned business outreach" and “women-owned business outreach” (MBE/WBE) aspect, the ADECA Community and Economic Development Division’s Statewide Initiatives Unit employs one staff member in its “Office of Minority and Business Enterprise” (OMBE) whose work includes the MBE/WBE compliance. And posted on ADECA's website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at the link <https://adeca.alabama.gov/ombe/> is the point of contact notification memorandum for ADECA's in-house Office of Minority Business Enterprise, which is included herein below:

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| ADECA Office of Minority Business Enterprise  Contact Information:  Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs  Office of Minority and Business Enterprise  Attention: Mr. Scott Stewart  Post Office Box 5690  Montgomery, Alabama 36103-5690  Phone: 334-353-3966  E-Mail: [scott.stewart@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:scott.stewart@adeca.alabama.gov)  When contacting the OMBE regarding bidding opportunities on a LWCF/RTP project, please provide a detailed description of the type of contracting opportunities that you have available. The description should include any special licensing or bonding requirements and contact information for the design and/or administrative professional most knowledgeable about the project.  The primary objective of the Office of Minority Business Enterprise (OMBE) is to administer a certification program to identify small, minority-, and female-owned businesses capable of providing goods and services to the government and private sectors. Certification provides minority- and female-owned businesses with a stamp of approval that they have met the requirements necessary for minority-owned business status.  The OMBE encourages registration with the Department of Finance-Division of Purchasing and provides information and assistance to become a registered vendor to receive invitations to bid on state contracts for goods and services. In addition to providing information on seminars, workshops, and training opportunities, referrals are made to Small Business Development Center professionals who can help with government contracting, international trade and other services. |

For the "comprehensive planning requirements" aspect, as part of ADECA's monitoring procedures ADECA utilizes a specific monitoring checklist that reviews local community grant recipients’ compliance with the program's "citizen participation" requirement. This allows ADECA to ensure that local communities are allowing their citizens to be a part of the local needs assessment and CDBG grant planning and decision-making process. This monitoring checklist is available on the ADECA website (www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/monitoring-and-compliance-checklists/>, and is included herein below:

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| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Grantee Name |  | | Project No. |  | | Preparer |  | | Date Prepared |  | | Follow-up Review Indicated |  |  Citizen Participation, National Objective, Eligibility, Progress, and Disclosure Compliance Checklist  1. **Citizen Participation Plan**  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  | Yes | No | N/A | Notes | | A. | Did the grantee have a written Citizen Participation Plan on file? |  |  |  |  | | B. | Give the date the plan was adopted by the grantee. |  |  |  |  | | C. | How many public hearings were held prior to application submission? |  |  |  |  | | D. | Give the date of the public hearing(s). |  |  |  |  | | E. | Is the number of hearings consistent with the approved plan? |  |  |  |  | | F. | Was the required public hearing adequately advertised? If yes, was the method of advertisement consistent with the approved plan? |  |  |  |  | | G. | Was basic CDBG program information made available to the public? |  |  |  |  |   **National Objective and Eligibility**   |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  | Yes | No | N/A | Notes | | A. | Are there surveys on file? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Does the survey instrument use the correct HUD Section 8 household income limits for the locality? |  |  |  |  | |  | * Does the survey information (methodology, map, number, etc.) on file match the information provided in the application? If no, provide comments as to whether or not further review is required. |  |  |  |  | |  | * Do the randomly reviewed survey forms match the tally provided in the application? If no, verify tally in space provided on last page. |  |  |  |  | |  | * Does a sample review of the surveys or character of the area indicate the need for a full and separate review? |  |  |  |  | | B. | If the project was qualified as limited clientele, does the project appear to be serving the limited clientele identified in the application? |  |  |  |  | | C. | Does the character of the project area appear to match what was stated in the application? |  |  |  |  | | D. | Does the program activity meet a national objective? State which objective. |  |  |  |  | | E. | Is the program activity one that is clearly eligible? |  |  |  |  | | F. | Does the number of beneficiaries appear consistent with those stated in the application? |  |  |  |  |   **Progress**   |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  |  | Yes | No | N/A | Notes | | A. | What percentage of the program activity has been completed? For housing rehabilitation, give total number proposed and total number completed. |  |  |  |  | | B. | Is the project in compliance with the approved implementation schedule? |  |  |  |  | | C. | What percentage of funds has been drawn? |  |  |  |  | | D. | Are projects using faith-based or community-based organizations in compliance with the plan of actions and timetable submitted at LCC?  completing the activities.  As you prepare your timetable, please be aware that ADECA does not intend to process draw request for more than 50 percent of the grant funds until the substantial involvement of the faith-based or community-based organizations can be documented.h |  |  |  |  | | E. | If more than 50% of grant funds have been drawn, has substantial involvement of the faith-based or community-based organizations been documented? |  |  |  |  |  1. **Disclosure**  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | A. | Does the grantee maintain an updated disclosure file? |  |  |  |  | | B. | From Part IV (Interested Parties) of the disclosure file, list the names of the persons, firms, etc., with a reportable financial interest in the project. |  |  |  |  |   Complete this tally only if a random check of the surveys indicates irregularities.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | Low/Moderate Income | High Income | |  |  |   Total:  Total:  Percent LMI: |

**HOME**: The HOME Program’s monitoring process is included a part of the Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s (AHFA) 2022 Housing Credit Qualified Allocation Plan and 2022 HOME Action Plan. Application processing, project awards, and compliance monitoring will be done in accordance with AHFA National Housing Trust Fund Plans and Addenda which are available at www.ahfa.com.

**ESG**: ADECA staff will monitor each ESG grant on-site at least once prior to project close-out. Areas reviewed for compliance include adherence to the program’s national objective and eligibility requirements, progress and timeliness, citizen participation, environmental, shelter standards, housing habitability standards, rent reasonableness, affirmative outreach, fair housing, equal employment opportunity, procurement, and financial management.

After each monitoring visit, written correspondence is sent to the subrecipient describing the results of the review in sufficient detail to clearly describe the areas that were covered and the basis for the conclusions. Monitoring determinations range from “acceptable” to “finding” with appropriate corrective measures imposed. Corrective measures may include certifications that inadequacies will be resolved, documentary evidence that corrective actions have been instituted, or reimbursement of disallowed costs.

If the subrecipient has not responded within 30 days after the date of ADECA’s letter, ADECA staff will work with the subrecipient through phone calls, e-mails, or written correspondence to obtain the requested information. No grant can be closed until all monitoring findings have been satisfactorily resolved.

ADECA maintains an “HESG Projects Schedule” spreadsheet which is used as a tracking system to ensure each ESG grant is monitored at least once prior to close-out. Monitoring visits will be scheduled at the time when at least 40 percent of the funds have been drawn. This spreadsheet is also used to track monitoring findings, receipt of the requested responses, and the date of project closeout.

ADECA retains the ability to schedule additional monitoring visits as may be necessitated by problems identified in the monitoring visit or when grant conditions demonstrate a need for additional ADECA review. Further, ADECA may also incorporate additional monitoring and review techniques not listed here in order to ensure program compliance.

**HOPWA**: See the response above for CDBG.

**HTF**: The HTF Program’s monitoring process is included a part of the Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s (AHFA) 2022 Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan, the AHFA Housing Credit Allocation Plan and 2022 HOME Action Plan. Application processing, project awards, and compliance monitoring will be done in accordance with AHFA National Housing Trust Fund Plans and Addenda which are available at www.ahfa.com.

**Description of the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.**

**CDBG**: ADECA, AHFA, and AIDS Alabama together write and submit to HUD an annual report, termed the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER), of their respective programs’ yearly performances. The CAPER is submitted to HUD by June 30th each year and is available for public review and comment pursuant to the ADECA Citizen Participation Plan. A summary of ADECA's Citizen Participation process (on the ADECA website [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/compliance-plans/>) is as follows:

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| Because citizen participation is encouraged in the development of all elements of the Consolidated Plan, any substantial amendments to the Plan elements, and the CAPER/ Performance Reports, participation is accomplished through public hearings in times and places accessible to the public (including low and moderate-income residents) and through coordination of data and people from various agencies representative of affected citizens. All materials and meetings are accessible to persons with disabilities and persons with Limited English Proficiency, upon request, where practicable. Plans and amendments are presented for review and comment in statewide public hearings. Chief elected officials, citizens groups, and citizens are notified by email of the hearings, and hearings are also advertised in major newspapers of general circulation. Upon request, plans and amendments are provided in a format accessible to persons with disabilities and Limited English Proficiency.  For grant purposes, the State makes available to citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties information that includes the amount of HUD-related grant assistance the State expects to receive and the range of activities that may be undertaken with those funds. The notice includes the estimated amount that will benefit persons of low and moderate-income as well as plans to minimize displacement of persons and to assist any persons displaced. This is accomplished through a statewide advertisement in the nonlegal section of one or more newspapers of general circulation. Notices are also posted on the ADECA website at [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov) and sent via email to chief elected officials of local governments, state agencies, and other interested parties. The State publishes a summary of the proposed Plan in paper versions of one or more newspapers of general circulation, and posts copies of the proposed Plan on the State’s website as well as makes available a paper version at the State’s office. The summary describes the contents and purpose of the Plan and includes a list of locations where copies of the entire proposed Plan may be examined. The State also provides a reasonable number of free copies of the plan to citizens and groups who request it.  The State then conducts at least one public hearing on housing and community development needs before the proposed Plan is published for public comment. The State publishes a notice of the public hearing in the nonlegal section of one or more newspapers of general circulation two weeks prior to conducting the public hearing. The Notice includes adequate information to permit citizen comments on housing and community development needs. The public hearing is held at a public facility accessible to persons of low and moderate-income, as well as persons with disabilities. Length of time allocated for conducting the hearing is based on attendance at previous hearings. The State has adopted a Language Access Plan, posted at <http://adeca.alabama.gov/Divisions/ced/cdp/Pages/default.aspx#Plans>. This provides guidance for the State and its sub-grantees so that persons with Limited English Proficiency (LEP) can effectively participate in, or benefit from, federally-assisted programs. LEP persons are asked to contact the State if an interpreter is needed, and when a significant number of requests result, then an interpreter is provided.  The State receives comments on the proposed Consolidated Plan for a period of 30 days. The State considers any comments or views of citizens and units of general government received in writing or orally at the public hearing, in preparing the final Plan. A summary of these comments or views is included in the final Plan, and reasons are given for comments or views not accepted. The State makes every effort to obtain viable citizen input when program amendments are made which substantially impact the program, and in such cases a public hearing is held and notices are given through the nonlegal section of one or more newspapers of general circulation. Two weeks notice is given for a public hearing and a 30-day comment period is also provided. The State, again, considers all comments or views and gives reasons for those views that were not accepted, and a summary is attached to the final amendment. Citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties are allowed to have access to public information, documents, and records during regularly-scheduled working hours of the agencies administering the affected programs. The State will also provide a substantive written response to every written complaint concerning the Consolidated Plan, the Citizen Participation Plan, any Amendments, and the CAPER/Performance Reports within 15 working days where practicable. |

For purposes of providing citizens/the general public with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on this *PY2022 CAPER* (the CDBG, HOME, ESG, HOPWA, and HTF Programs' Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report), ADECA followed its Citizen Participation Plan by publishing in the *Montgomery Advertiser* newspaper on Sunday, June 11, 2023, the below "Notice":

|  |
| --- |
| **PUBLIC NOTICE**  **CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION REPORT**  Para una traducción al español del documento mencionado en este anuncio, escribir al Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs, PO Box 5690, Montgomery, Alabama 36103-5690, o E-mail [Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov).  The State of Alabama is required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to annually submit a Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluation Report (CAPER) that provides an assessment of the State’s progress in carrying out its Five-Year Consolidated Plan and its One-Year Annual Action Plan for the federal HUD-funded programs that include the Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG); the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME); the Emergency Solutions Grants Program (ESG); the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS Program (HOPWA), and the Housing Trust Fund Program (HTF), as well as the CARES Act Coronavirus CDBG-CV, ESG-CV, and HOPWA-CV Programs.  The purpose of this notice is to make the current CAPER report available to the public for comments prior to its submittal to HUD. The CAPER includes information on these federal programs for the period April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023 for PY2022 and prior program years' federal grant funds. The CAPER contains a summary of programmatic accomplishments including a description of the resources made available, the investment of available resources, the geographic distribution and location of investments, the program beneficiaries assisted, the actions taken to affirmatively further fair housing, and other actions indicated in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plans. The CAPER is essentially comprised of three parts: 1) a summary of resources and individual program accomplishments; 2) narrative statements providing the status of actions taken during the Program Year 2022 to implement the State’s overall strategy; and 3) a self-evaluation of progress made during Program Year 2022 in addressing identified priority needs and objectives.  The CAPER includes reports created from HUD’s Integrated Disbursement & Information System (IDIS) data base for its federally-funded grant programs, including a Performance & Evaluation Report. Beginning June 12, 2023, the CAPER may be viewed online at [www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov/#_blank) or at the Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA), Suite 500, 401 Adams Avenue, Montgomery, Alabama 36104.  The State will consider the views and comments of citizens in developing and finalizing the CAPER.  Public comments will be taken and considered for a 15-day period beginning on June 12, 2023 and ending on June 26, 2023.  If you have need of further information or have a disability requiring special materials, services, or assistance, please contact Dr. Kathleen Rasmussen at the ADECA office in Montgomery at [Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov) or at (334) 353-0323.  The State of Alabama’s CAPER will be electronically submitted in IDIS to HUD for approval on or about June 30, 2023.  cid:image009.gif@01D50AFD.3F3A0BB0 |

As for public comments on this PY2022 CAPER during the public comment period beginning on June 12, 2023 and ending on June 26, 2023, no public comments were received.

**HOME**: See the response above for CDBG. Also, the HOME Program’s Citizen Participation process is included as a part of the Alabama Housing Finance Authority’s (AHFA) 2022 Housing Credit Qualified Allocation Plan and 2022 HOME Action Plan.

**ESG**: The ESG Program is administered by ADECA, and it follows the ADECA CDBG Program’s Citizen Participation process stated above.

**HOPWA**: The HOPWA Program is administered on behalf of ADECA by AIDS Alabama, and it follows the ADECA CDBG Program’s Citizen Participation process stated above.

**HTF**: See the response above for CDBG and HOME.

**CR-45 CDBG [see 24 CFR 91.520(c)]**

**Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the State's program objectives and indications of how the State would change its programs as a result of its experiences.**

**CDBG**: ADECA, as the State agency recipient of - and administrator for - Alabama's CDBG Program funds distributed to the State's non-entitlement areas, has not made any significant changes to the State's program objectives that are stated in the State's *2020-2024 Five-Year Consolidated Plan* and *PY2022 One-Year Annual Action Plan*, as well as herein above at **CR-05 Goals and Outcomes**. The reason that few changes have been made is due to ADECA's experience in having managed the State's CDBG Program for 40 years. Alabama - through ADECA - has developed its CDBG Program objectives to be fluid and broad enough to accommodate any eligible non-entitlement locality seeking such CDBG funds for its local projects, be it a county, a large city with a population of 3,001 or more residents, or a small city with a population of 3,000 or fewer residents. The State - through ADECA - maintains focus on its identified CDBG Program objectives by targeting its CDBG funds toward (1) infrastructure development (via grant funds for water improvement projects, sewer improvement projects, roads and street improvement projects, fire protection improvement projects, etc.), (2) community enhancement (via grant funds for senior centers, community centers, parks and recreation, and similar projects to enhance a community's quality of life and services to its limited clientele), (3) economic development (via grants for purposes of locating businesses so as to create or retain jobs within the community), (4) urgent needs (via grants such as drainage projects or demolition projects that allow communities to managing health hazards and/or respond to local crises), and (5) fair housing development (via grants for purposes of addressing residential rehabilitation and demolishing hazardous and disintegrating structures).

However, the changes that ADECA has recently implemented - beginning with the PY2015 CDBG grant year - are those that address:

● Fair Housing - wherein ADECA now mandates that all local non-entitlement communities receiving CDBG Program funds from ADECA must complete - as a part of their Letter of Conditional Commitment compliance prior to the release of grant funds - the *Suggested Assessment Guide for Community Assessment of Fair Housing (formerly “Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice / AI”)* form so as to assist those local communities in identifying and assessing their local fair housing goals; and

● Fair Housing - wherein ADECA has instituted new fair housing compliance methods for local governments who are CDBG grant recipients - by issuing the "April 15, 2015 Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information" memorandum wherein the local government grant recipients are required to implement two activities (1 - issue a “Fair Housing Month” proclamation during the month of April, and 2- publish and/or display bilingual fair housing information for non-English speaking residents in the community) as well as implement at least two additional fair housing activities (listed in the memorandum) with the intent that these activities provide assistance in satisfying the requirements of the federal Fair Housing Act. Each CDBG-funded community must document the fair housing actions that it implements, those documents are to be retained in the community’s CDBG Program file, and that file must be made available to the public in an accessible format. ADECA also monitors each funded community for compliance with the fair housing and equal opportunity requirements. Note that the "April 15, 2015 Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Information" memorandum was updated and reissued by ADECA for April 2016, April 2017, April 2018, March 2019, March 2020, March 2021, March 2022, and February 2023. ADECA’s fair housing information is available on the ADECA website ([www.adeca.alabama.gov](http://www.adeca.alabama.gov)) at <https://adeca.alabama.gov/cdbg/fairhousing/>.

As the CDBG Program's administrative, grant application, implementation, compliance, monitoring, record-keeping, and reporting processes develop in future funding years, ADECA will continue to adjust its current processes in efforts to implement additional changes and updates to its grant administrative methods and procedures for the CDBG Program.

**HOME**: Not applicable.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**Does this State have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants?**

○ Yes

● No

**CR-50 HOME [see 24 CFR 91.520(d)]**

**Include the results of on-site inspections of affordable rental housing assisted under the program to determine compliance with housing codes and other applicable regulations.** Please list those projects that should have been inspected on-site this program year based upon the schedule in 24 CFR 92.504(d). Indicate which of these were inspected and a summary of issues that were detected during the inspection. For those that were not inspected, please indicate the reason and how you will remedy the situation.

**CDBG**: Not applicable.

**HOME**: Onsite HOME compliance inspections were conducted on the following properties during the reporting period of April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Project Number** | **Development Name** | **Date of Audit** | **Audit Type** | **Compliance Yes/No** | **Compliance Corrected Date** | **HOME Affordability Period Ends** |
| 2004050 | Alexander Terrace Apartments II | 4/1/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/24/2026 |
| 2008006 | Fieldstone | 4/1/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/1/2022 | 11/19/2029 |
| 2009004 | Crestview Senior Cottages | 4/1/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/21/2031 |
| 2002014 | Cherry Ridge Apartments | 4/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/18/2024 |
| 2012039 | Cherry Ridge Village Apartments | 4/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/29/2034 |
| 2007048 | Rosie L. Carpenter Haven | 4/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/6/2029 |
| 2009038 | The Arbors at Ellington | 4/8/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/7/2033 |
| 2013061 | Tuxedo Park | 4/8/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/26/2036 |
| 2001052 | Bluff View Estates | 4/8/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/21/2023 |
| 2010051 | The Villas at Cloverdale | 4/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/7/2034 |
| 2001036 | Keystone | 4/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/2/2022 |
| 2003026 | Autumnwood | 4/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/26/2025 |
| 2000033 | Hickory Run II | 4/20/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/21/2022 | 1/10/2022 |
| 2017016 | Village at Rock Springs | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/4/2040 |
| 2001033 | YW Homes Jefferson Co | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/24/2024 |
| 2001032 | YW Homes St. Clair | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/5/2023 |
| 2001020 | Gardner Place | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/24/2023 |
| 2008015 | Brookstone Village Apartments | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/4/2030 |
| 2005020 | Harbor Pointe | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/6/2027 |
| 2010061 | Harbor Pointe II | 4/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/23/2032 |
| 2007036 | Sara's Ridge | 4/22/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/24/2029 |
| 2018006 | Village at Bridge Creek | 4/22/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/20/2041 |
| 2001069 | Garden Park Apartments | 4/28/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/22/2023 |
| 2001075 | Sunrise Gardens | 4/28/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/11/2023 |
| 2013025 | Clarkston Square | 4/28/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/25/2037 |
| 2002048 | Olympia Gardens | 4/29/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/16/2024 |
| 2018022 | Cottages at Indian Creek | 4/29/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  |  |
| 2004079 | Holly Park Estates | 5/5/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/27/2026 |
| 2009042 | The Lodge at Greenbridge | 5/5/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/1/2032 |
| 2010004 | Williams Court | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/31/2032 |
| 2011064 | Cypress Landing | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/27/2033 |
| 2004074 | Deer Ridge | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/25/2027 |
| 2008037 | North Pointe | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/13/2030 |
| 2013062 | Deer Ridge II | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/23/2036 |
| 2008010 | Grady's Walk | 5/12/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/12/2031 |
| 2007029 | Tanner Estates | 5/13/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 5/13/2022 | 3/6/2029 |
| 2016006 | Village at Hixon Pond | 5/13/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/17/2039 |
| 2002042 | Willow Trace | 5/13/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/15/2024 |
| 2011043 | Savannah Gardens | 5/19/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/14/2033 |
| 2018038 | The Cove at Newhaven | 5/20/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/1/2042 |
| 2001011 | Westport III | 5/20/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/18/2024 |
| 2018018 | Honeysuckle Grove | 5/20/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 5/20/2022 | 7/8/2041 |
| 2006016 | Pine View Crossing | 6/2/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/24/2028 |
| 2011074 | Pine View Crossing Phase II | 6/2/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/9/2033 |
| 2002051 | Englewood | 6/2/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/19/2024 |
| 2008086 | Gables Crossing | 6/2/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 8/8/2022 | 5/18/2031 |
| 2000057 | Raintree Estates | 6/2/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 7/25/2022 | 6/4/2022 |
| 2015006 | Red Oak Ridge | 6/3/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/28/2038 |
| 2007024 | Annie Lee Gardens | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/28/2030 |
| 2002063 | Carroll's Country Crossing | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/19/2024 |
| 2003032 | McCay's Landing | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 6/13/2022 | 6/9/2025 |
| 2006015 | McCay's Landing II | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/19/2028 |
| 2014044 | McCay Senior Gardens | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/2/2037 |
| 2005045 | Heflin Manor | 6/9/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 7/20/2022 | 4/10/2027 |
| 2004077 | Mill Run | 6/10/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/26/2026 |
| 2014017 | The Reserve at Spring Creek | 6/10/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/16/2037 |
| 2006073 | Greystone fka Wilshire Park | 6/10/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/20/2028 |
| 2001059 | Melodie Meadow | 6/10/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/11/2023 |
| 2012026 | Ridgecrest Estates | 6/10/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 7/25/2022 | 6/23/2035 |
| 2002006 | Hickory Trace | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/21/2024 |
| 2007016 | Timberline Apartments | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/10/2029 |
| 2013032 | French Farms Village Apartments | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/30/2035 |
| 2017043 | Peyton Ridge Village | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/7/2040 |
| 2008081 | Chastain Manor | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/16/2031 |
| 2013057 | Somerville Apartments | 6/16/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/25/2035 |
| 2011023 | Sullivan Village | 6/17/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/8/2033 |
| 2012065 | Hurricane Creek Trace | 6/17/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/23/2035 |
| 2019036 | Atmore Senior Village | 6/23/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/31/2042 |
| 2000031 | Austin Springs | 6/30/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/2/2022 |
| 2017041 | Orchard View Apartments | 6/30/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/7/2040 |
| 2013034 | Waterford Farms Apartments | 7/1/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/24/2035 |
| 2001035 | Edgewater | 7/1/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/12/2023 |
| 2002062 | Collier Cove | 7/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/16/2024 |
| 2007086 | Hallmark Crestmoor | 7/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/20/2029 |
| 2016040 | Rivers Edge Apartments | 7/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/2/2039 |
| 2006059 | Valley Cove | 7/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/15/2028 |
| 2001065 | CSP 2001 Alabama Homes, Inc. | 7/7/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/2/2022 |
| 2001068 | Twin Oaks | 7/8/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/16/2023 |
| 2001014 | Midway Manor | 7/8/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/16/2023 |
| 2003019 | Stonecrest | 7/13/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/5/2025 |
| 2006030 | Charles Place | 7/13/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 8/10/2022 | 2/19/2028 |
| 2014042 | Alexander Village Apartments | 7/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/3/2037 |
| 2000035 | Double Creek | 7/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/20/2022 |
| 2015035 | Creekview Village | 7/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/31/2038 |
| 1998064 | Chancery Square | 7/14/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/15/2022 |
| 2006067 | Crawford Park | 7/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/5/2028 |
| 2006026 | Lakeside Village Apartments | 7/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/15/2028 |
| 2007069 | Rosewood Park | 7/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/12/2029 |
| 2004034 | Wolf Run | 7/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/20/2026 |
| 2004009 | Beaver Cove | 7/21/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/2/2026 |
| 2006023 | Belle Isle Apartments | 8/18/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/17/2028 |
| 2011044 | Hallson Manor | 8/19/22 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/25/2033 |
| 2001054 | Miranda Villas | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 9/16/2023 |
| 2006005 | Miranda Villas II | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 4/3/2028 |
| 2006017 | Garden Greene Apartments | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/22/2028 |
| 2004018 | Wimberly | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 8/20/2027 |
| 2017009 | The Estates at Kendal | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 9/29/2040 |
| 2004006 | Regis Square | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 11/22/2026 |
| 2002015 | Orchard Park | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/12/2024 |
| 2002059 | Carrington Way | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 8/27/2024 |
| 2005004 | Susanna Ridge | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 4/23/2027 |
| 2005026 | The Veranda | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/12/2027 |
| 2002057 | Brookridge Apartments | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 8/27/2024 |
| 2003027 | Quail Ridge | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 5/26/2025 |
| 2000015 | Cornerstone Place | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 6/18/2022 |
| 2012080 | Bradberry Pointe | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 4/3/2034 |
| 2004008 | Mayberry Park | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 6/23/2026 |
| 2011037 | Fords Mill Apartments | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/15/2033 |
| 2012043 | Hallmark at Phenix | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/28/2035 |
| 2002038 | Bell Grayson Manor | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 3/30/2027 |
| 2011055 | Avon Square | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 12/9/2033 |
| 2002058 | Covington Place | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 8/27/2024 |
| 2005035 | South Place | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 6/21/2027 |
| 2000018 | Eagle Ridge Place | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 6/18/2022 |
| 2003013 | Wood Springs | 12/14/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/20/2025 |
| 2005029 | Quail Meadows | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/6/2027 |
| 2005013 | Canebrake Apartments | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 1/24/2027 |
| 2002034 | Hilltop Apartments | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 6/18/2024 |
| 2004006 | Regis Square | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 11/22/2026 |
| 2002015 | Orchard Park | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/12/2024 |
| 2002059 | Carrington Way | 12/13/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 8/27/2024 |
| 2000020 | Commerce Street Manor | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 1/8/2023 |
| 2008003 | Wood Springs Place | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 5/4/2030 |
| 2003025 | Saddle Ridge | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 7/20/2025 |
| 2007037 | Saddle Ridge II | 12/15/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 5/19/2029 |
| 2013035 | Baytown Senior Village | 12/16/22 | Rent Roll Review | Yes |  | 11/24/2035 |
| 2001054 | Miranda Villas | 1/19/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 2/1/2023 | 9/16/2023 |
| 2006005 | Miranda Villas II | 1/19/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 3/6/2023 | 4/3/2028 |
| 2003025 | Saddle Ridge | 1/19/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/20/2025 |
| 2007037 | Saddle Ridge II | 1/19/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/19/2029 |
| 2002007 | Timber Trail | 1/20/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/23/2024 |
| 2012043 | Hallmark at Phenix | 1/20/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 2/16/2023 | 7/28/2035 |
| 2010007 | Shoals Mill Apartments | 1/26/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/8/2032 |
| 2014040 | Shoals Mill Village | 1/26/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/26/2037 |
| 2003027 | Quail Ridge | 1/26/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/26/2025 |
| 2002038 | Bell Grayson Manor | 1/27/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/30/2027 |
| 2005029 | Quail Meadows | 1/27/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/6/2027 |
| 2005013 | Canebrake Apartments | 1/27/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/24/2027 |
| 2005004 | Susanna Ridge | 2/2/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/23/2027 |
| 2002059 | Carrington Way | 2/2/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/27/2024 |
| 2012080 | Bradberry Pointe | 2/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/3/2034 |
| 2005035 | South Place | 2/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 3/28/2023 | 6/21/2027 |
| 2007062 | Pamela Manor | 2/9/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/21/2029 |
| 2011037 | Fords Mill Apartments | 2/10/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 2/28/2023 | 7/15/2033 |
| 2017042 | Valley Senior Village | 2/10/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/16/2040 |
| 2009004 | Crestview Senior Cottages | 2/10/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/21/2031 |
| 2010002 | Belle Vue Square | 2/10/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/22/2032 |
| 2004013 | Arbor Park | 2/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 4/23/2027 |
| 2010026 | Hallmark at Talladega | 2/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/14/2032 |
| 2009072 | Mockingbird Pointe | 2/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/16/2031 |
| 2015005 | Mockingbird Pointe II | 2/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/2/2037 |
| 2017009 | The Estates at Kendal | 2/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/29/2040 |
| 2005026 | The Veranda | 2/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/12/2027 |
| 2008092 | Level Line Apartments | 2/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/12/2032 |
| 2010024 | The Gardens at Wellington | 2/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/7/2034 |
| 2012020 | Greystone Place | 2/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 2/17/2023 | 10/29/2034 |
| 2002014 | Cherry Ridge Apartments | 2/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 3/8/2023 | 11/18/2024 |
| 2012039 | Cherry Ridge Village Apartments | 2/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/29/2034 |
| 2006048 | Cobblestone Creek | 2/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/31/2028 |
| 2011004 | Grace Ridge | 2/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/18/2033 |
| 2014010 | Grace Pointe | 2/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/9/2036 |
| 2008037 | North Pointe | 3/2/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/13/2030 |
| 2013062 | Deer Ridge II | 3/2/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/23/2036 |
| 2010062 | Providence Place | 3/2/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/15/2032 |
| 2004074 | Deer Ridge | 3/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 1/25/2027 |
| 2016006 | Village at Hixon Pond | 3/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/17/2039 |
| 2019012 | Providence Place II | 3/3/23 | Full | Yes |  | 10/13/2042 |
| 2004006 | Regis Square | 3/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/22/2026 |
| 2012044 | Hallmark at Selma | 3/3/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/25/2035 |
| 2001014 | Midway Manor | 3/9/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 9/16/2023 |
| 2007086 | Hallmark Crestmoor | 3/9/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/6/2023 | 4/20/2029 |
| 2003024 | Mountainside | 3/9/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/17/2025 |
| 2011062 | The Village at Blackwell Farm | 3/9/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/28/2033 |
| 2016040 | Rivers Edge Apartments | 3/10/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/2/2039 |
| 2001035 | Edgewater | 3/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/22/2023 |
| 2004009 | Beaver Cove | 3/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No |  | 10/2/2026 |
| 2014028 | Cypress Trace Apartments | 3/16/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 12/8/2036 |
| 2005046 | Emery Pointe | 3/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No |  | 12/27/2026 |
| 2010034 | Wellington Terrace | 3/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No |  | 11/15/2032 |
| 2007019 | Highland Green | 3/17/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/20/2029 |
| 2018022 | Cottages at Indian Creek | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No |  | 11/3/2042 |
| 2002063 | Carroll's Country Crossing | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 10/19/2024 |
| 2003032 | McCay's Landing | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/9/2025 |
| 2006015 | McCay's Landing II | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 3/19/2028 |
| 2014044 | McCay Senior Gardens | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 8/2/2037 |
| 2009037 | Legacy Senior Village | 3/23/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/3/2032 |
| 2005020 | Harbor Pointe | 3/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/6/2027 |
| 2010061 | Harbor Pointe II | 3/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 2/23/2032 |
| 2004079 | Holly Park Estates | 3/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/27/2026 |
| 2009042 | The Lodge at Greenbridge | 3/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 3/24/2023 | 8/1/2032 |
| 2014029 | Hummingbird Landing | 3/24/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 5/4/2037 |
| 2018044 | Appaloosa Run | 3/24/2023 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/21/2023 | 6/18/2041 |
| 2003004 | West Ridge | 3/30/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 7/20/2025 |
| 2001070 | Meadow Park | 3/30/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/26/2023 | 7/1/2024 |
| 2019017 | Providence Park | 3/30/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/16/2042 |
| 2012078 | The Flats at Colebridge | 3/31/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | No | 4/26/2023 | 11/30/2036 |
| 2012065 | Hurricane Creek Trace | 3/31/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 6/23/2035 |
| 2004065 | St. Albans | 3/31/23 | Rent Roll/Phy | Yes |  | 11/22/2026 |

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**An assessment of the jurisdiction's affirmative marketing actions for HOME units [24 CFR 92.351(b)].**

**CDBG**: Not applicable.

**HOME**: The HOME Program’s input is contained on the Alabama Housing Finance Authority's website at [www.ahfa.com](http://cp.mcafee.com/d/k-Kr6jqb3z1EVup73APtPqdQXEIcIzHCQrFK6zBx4sUyrhKDt5xBAsyrhKPtcsqerCzAsraXcCv_MWeQlrFjU0HkfJLqvF3ltUzkOrR3XrSDWgRnu8RcCO25_hv7fZvAQkkNPX_nKnjpd7d-oLtOXzDkhjmKCHtZzBgY-F6lK1FJ4SyrKrKr01qjtTBPp52If8X05qjtTBPqarWq9I5zihEw0HpAP_-1Ewx_Ekd44OvCy0g2UK86yuxEwB1SIltDaI3h0Xm9EwCjYQg2gw5xE5Cy0S-Ur1HXt5BUaKgnd)

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**Data on the amount and use of program income for projects, including the number of projects and owner and tenant characteristics.**

**CDBG**: Not applicable.

**HOME**: In PY2022, AHFA receipted $7,752,076 of Program Income (PI) generated by previously funded HOME projects. In accordance with the HOME Program, 10% of this amount will be utilized as Program Administrative (PA) funds. The remaining PI will be committed and awarded to applicants in the 2023 Competitive Cycle to fund creation of new apartment communities in Alabama. This amount is identified in the 2023 HOME Action Plan and will be utilized to provide affordable housing according to that same plan.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**Other actions taken to foster and maintain affordable housing [24 CFR 91.220(k)]. (STATES ONLY: Including the coordination of LIHTC [Low Income Housing Tax Credits] with the development of affordable housing) [24 CFR 91.320(j)].**

**CDBG**: Not applicable.

**HOME**: AHFA utilizes the State's HOME funds in combination with Low Income Housing Tax Credits to leverage these resources to create new apartment communities for low-income and moderate-income citizens.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: Not applicable.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**CR-55 HOPWA [see 24 CFR 91.520(e)]**

**Identify the number of individuals assisted and the types of assistance provided.**

**Table for report on the one-year goals for the number of households provided housing through the use of HOPWA activities for: short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance payments to prevent homelessness of the individual or family; tenant-based rental assistance; and units provided in housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA funds.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number of Households Served Through:** | **One-Year Goal** | **Actual** |
| **Short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance payments to prevent homelessness of the individual or family** | 50 | 47 |
| **Tenant-based rental assistance** | 100 | 68 |
| **Units provided in permanent housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA funds** | 74 | 226 |
| **Units provided in transitional short-term housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA funds** | 12 | 77 |
| **Total** | 236 | 418 |

**Narrative.**

**CDBG**: Not applicable.

**HOME**: Not applicable.

**ESG**: Not applicable.

**HOPWA**: The lack of decent, safe, and affordable housing is also an ongoing problem for individuals living with HIV in the State of Alabama. The housing fair market rents throughout the state continues to rise creating elevated housing barriers for those seeking affordable housing. Typically, units affordable to a very-low income household are not in a desired neighborhood and may not be considered decent or safe. According to the Low Income Housing Coalition of Alabama, Alabama lacks over 90,000 affordable and available housing units for low-wage earning families. Thus, rent supplement programs and affordable housing developments are vital. In the HIV-positive population, as with other vulnerable groups, housing is often the catalyst for stable health care, decreased risky behaviors, and successful long-term outcomes. Additionally, the availability of supportive services is a crucial factor when determining success outcomes in persons living with HIV disease. As funding continues to shift to away from supportive services, we continue to see larger gaps in the client-to-case manager ratio, leaving less time to focus on the clients’ underlying issues. As a result, the needs of this population become reoccurring and ongoing, depleting already limited resources.

Research has shown that stable housing is closely linked to successful HIV health outcomes. Recent findings add to the growing evidence that safe, decent and affordable housing, those with an HIV diagnosis independently reduces risk of HIV infection and improves the health of persons living with HIV. According to www.HIV.gov, most recent update released January 5, 2023:

● Access to stable housing is an important factor to getting many people into a stable treatment regimen;

● Many HIV diagnosed individuals are growing older which requires a need to ensure safe, decent and affordable housing is identified to ensure that this population continues to thrive in their environment as healty and independently as possible as they continue to age; and

● Individuals living with HIV who lack stable housing are more likely to delay HIV care, have poorer access to regular care, are less likely to receive optimal antiretroviral therapy, and are less likely to adhere to therapy.

These and other recent findings add to the growing evidence that housing itself independently reduces risk of HIV infection and improves the health of persons living with HIV. Social and economic discrepancies, along with unsound and unsupported infrastructure, have led us to our present situation in the state. AIDS Alabama continues to work diligently to increase the affordable housing stock for HIV-positive individuals and families across the Alabama.

AIDS Alabama uses HOPWA funding for rental assistance, supportive services including case management and transportation, and continued operation of existing housing across the State. Collaboration between the AIDS Service Organization Network of Alabama (ASONA) allows services to reach all 67 counties. In addition, AIDS Alabama sustains a working partnership with the area homeless continuum of care, One Roof, as well as the Balance of the State Continuum, the Alabama Rural Coalition for the Homeless. These partnerships enable AIDS Alabama to network with other housing providers across the State, as well as to have a voice in discussion regarding affordable housing. Homeless prevention services were provided in the form of Short-Term Mortgage, Rental, and Utility Assistance (STRMU), Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA), and Project-Based Rental Assistance (PBRA) to 116 unduplicated households.

AIDS Alabama provides a spectrum of decent, safe, and affordable housing for low-income persons living with HIV disease. Housing ranges from transitional housing, which provides short-term housing and intensive case management, to a service-enriched permanent housing facility that is available for dually diagnosed persons living with HIV and a severe mental illness. The following details AIDS Alabama housing programs:

1. LIVING IN BALANCE CHEMICAL ADDICTION PROGRAM (LIBCAP) provides treatment and recovery services to adults who are HIV-positive and have a chemical addiction problem. LIBCAP operates as an Intensive Outpatient Program.

2. The RECTORY PROGRAM serves as one of two HIV-positive emergency shelters in Alabama and has 12 beds. The Rectory is a tightly structured program ranging from 45 to 90 days and is located on AIDS Alabama’s campus property.

3. PERMANENT HOUSING includes Agape House, an 18-unit, one-bedroom apartment complex; Agape II, a 12-unit one, two, and three- bedroom facility for individuals and families; and the Mustard Seed, three permanent supportive housing units.

4. SERVICE ENRICHED HOUSING is provided for persons with HIV and a dual diagnosis of mental illness who are unable to live independently. Certified by Alabama Department of Mental Health, JASPER HOUSE offers 14 private rooms for individuals who require assistance 24-hours per day.

5. HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERSONS WITH AIDS (HOPWA) provides Short-Term Rent, Mortgage, and Utility assistance to prevent homelessness. Short-term HOPWA is a “needs-based” program, meaning clients must demonstrate an emergency making them unable to make rental or mortgage payments. Long-term Tenant-Based Rental Assistance assists in keeping consumers stably housed by assisting with the monthly rent.

6. SHELTER PLUS CARE is a permanent housing voucher program that targets homeless people with disabilities, and AIDS Alabama provides the required match for 49 PLWHA and their families. The Jefferson County Housing Authority manages the tenant-based rental assistance vouchers, and sponsoring social service agencies must provide match in the form of supportive services to maintain the voucher.

7. RAPID-REHOUSING AND ASCENSION project offers rapid re-housing services to homeless clientele. Though the program is not limited to HIV-positive individuals, the program continues to primarily serve this population.

8. LE TRANSCLUSIVE is a 21 unit permanent supportive housing project for individuals who fall into the category of living with HIV and chronically homeless with addiction or mental health diagnoses as well as for those who identify as transgender.

9. STATEWIDE HOUSING includes Magnolia Place, a 15-apartment complex in Mobile Alabama; Alabama Rural AIDS Project, 18 Tenant-Based Rental Assistance vouchers in rural areas throughout Alabama; and an undisclosed home located in a rural municipality.

10. Way Station, a 40-bed facility that include, 20 shelter and 20 trnsitional units, which serve homeless persons between 18-24 as well as persons at risk of aquiring HIV.

**HTF**: Not applicable.

**CR-56 HTF [see 24 CFR 91.520(h)]**

**Describe the extent to which the grantee complied with its approved HTF allocation plan and the requirements of 24 CFR part 93.**

**CDBG**:  Not applicable.

**HOME**:  Not applicable.

**ESG**:  Not applicable.

**HOPWA**:  Not applicable.

**HTF**: The Project Awards issued in PY2022 are fully in compliance with the parameters established in the 2022 National Housing Trust Fund Plan. The awarded projects are expected to begin construction and be completed within the next three years (due to COVID-19 Pandemic delays). The number of units and beneficiaries will be reported in future CAPER reports, after completion of the HTF projects.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tenure Type** | **0-30% AMI** | **0% of 30+ to poverty line (when poverty line is higher than 30% AMI)** | **% of the higher of 30+ AMI or poverty line to 50% AMI** | **Total Occupied Units** | **Units Completed, Not Occupied** | **Total Completed Units** |
| **Rental** | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| **Homebuyer** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

**CR-58 Section 3.**

**Total Labor Hours**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **CDBG** | **HOME** | **ESG** | **HOPWA** | **HTF** |
| **Total Number of Activities** | 36\* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total Labor Hours** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total Section 3 Worker Hours** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Total Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

**\*** For PY2022, CDBG Program activities at the unit of local government level included the following: sewer, sewer hookups, water, water hookups, roads, drainage, demolition and clearance, parks and recreation, senior centers, and planning, and economic development activities that included site improvements/building improvements for businesses, building renovations for business incubators, and a business float loan.

**Qualitative Efforts - Number of Activities by Program**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **CDBG** | **HOME** | **ESG** | **HOPWA** | **HTF** |
| **Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Public Housing Targeted Workers** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Other Funding Targeted Workers** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Direct, on-the-job training (including apprenticeships)** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Indirect training such as arranging for, contracting for, or paying tuition for, off-site training** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Technical assistance to help Section 3 workers compete for jobs (e.g., resume assistance, coaching)** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Outreach efforts to identify and secure bids from Section 3 business concerns** | 1\* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Technical assistance to help Section 3 business concerns understand and bid on contracts** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Division of contracts into smaller jobs to facilitate participation by Section 3 business concerns** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Provided or connected residents with assistance in seeking employment, including: drafting resumes, preparing for interviews, finding job opportunities, connecting residents to job placement services** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Held one or more job fairs** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Provided or connected residents with supportive services that can provide direct services or referrals** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Provided or connected residents with supportive services that provide one or more of the following: work readiness health screenings, interview clothing, uniforms, test fees, transportation** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Assisted residents with finding child care** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Assisted residents to apply for, or attend community college or a four year educational institution** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Assisted residents to apply for, or attend vocational/technical training** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Assisted residents to obtain financial literacy training and/or coaching** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Bonding assistance, guaranties, or other efforts to support viable bids from Section 3 business concerns** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Provided or connected residents with training on computer use or online technologies** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Promoting the use of a business registry designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses** | 1\* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Outreach, engagement, or referrals with the state one-stop system, as designed in Section 121(e)(2) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Other:** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

**\*** “**Outreach efforts to identify and secure bids from Section 3 business concerns**” and “**Promoting the use of a business registry designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses**” involve ADECA’s Office of Minority Business Enterprise (OMBE) program that administers a certification program to identify small, minority-owned, and women-owned businesses capable of providing goods and/or services to both government and private sectors. OMBE certification provides these businesses with a stamp of approval affirming that they are a credible business entity. OMBE’s certification is valid for two years. OMBE encourages minority-owned businesses and women-owned businesses to register with the [Alabama Department of Finance’s Purchasing Division](https://procurement.staars.alabama.gov/webapp/PRDVSS1X1/AltSelfService) in order to receive bid solicitations, as that website contains the requirements for becoming a state vendor; however, OMBE does not require a business to become a state vendor as a condition for OMBE certification. OMBE works closely with the Office of Small Business Advocacy (part of the [Alabama Department of Commerce](https://www.madeinalabama.com/)) to promote small business development and advocate on their behalf. Other agencies and programs that provide valuable information and technical assistance to business enterprises in areas such as financing, procurement, start-up and expansion, and accounting, to name a few, are the [Alabama Small Business Development Center Network](http://asbdc.org/), the [Alabama Small Business Administration](https://www.sba.gov/offices/district/al/birmingham), the [Alabama Procurement Technical Assistance Center Program](http://al-ptac.org/), and others. A minority-owned business or a women-owned business is a socially and/or economically disadvantaged commercial entity that has one or more minority owners or female owners who have a controlling interest in the business enterprise.

**Narrative.**

**CDBG**:  See information in above tables.

**HOME**:  See information in above tables.

**ESG**:  See information in above tables.

**HOPWA**:  See information in above tables.

**HTF**: See information in above tables.

**CR-60 ESG Subrecipient Information [24 CFR 91.520(g)] - ESG Recipients Only.**

**ESG Supplement to the 2022 CAPER**

**1. Grantee and ESG Contact Information**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Primary Contact** | |
| First Name: Kenneth  Middle Initial: W.  Last Name: Boswell.  Title: ADECA Director  Email: [Kenneth.boswell@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Jim.Byard@adeca.alabama.gov)  Address: Alabama Department of Economic  and Community Affairs (ADECA)  401 Adams Avenue, Room 580  Post Office Box 5690  City: Montgomery  State: Alabama  Zip Code: 36103-5690  Telephone: 334-242-5591 |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **ESG Contacts** | |
| **First Contact**  First Name: Kathleen  Middle Initial: A.  Last Name: Rasmussen  Title: Division Chief, Community and  Economic Development Division  Email: [Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Kathleen.rasmussen@adeca.alabama.gov)  Address: Alabama Department of Economic  and Community Affairs (ADECA)  Community and Economic Development  Division  401 Adams Avenue  Post Office Box 5690  City: Montgomery  State: Alabama  Zip Code: 36103-5690  Telephone: 334-353-0323 | **Second Contact**  First Name: Dave  Middle Initial:  Last Name: Veatch  Title: Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG)  Program Supervisor  Email: [Dave.veatch@adeca.alabama.gov](mailto:Shonda.gray@adeca.alabama.gov)  Address: Alabama Department of Economic  and Community Affairs (ADECA)  Community and Economic Development  Division  401 Adams Avenue, Room 500  Post Office Box 5690  City: Montgomery  State: Alabama  Zip Code: 36103-5690  Telephone: 334-353-0288 |

|  |
| --- |
| **1a. Identify Continuums of Care (CoCs) in which the recipients or subrecipients will provide ESG assistance.** |
| 2010 Birmingham / Jefferson, St. Clair, Shelby Counties CoC |
| 2010 Mobile City & County / Baldwin County CoC |
| 2010 Florence / Northwest Alabama CoC |
| 2010 Huntsville / North Alabama CoC |
| 2010 Montgomery City & County CoC |
| 2010 Gadsden / Northeast Alabama CoC |
| 2010 Tuscaloosa City & County CoC |
| 2010 Alabama Balance of State CoC |

**2. Reporting Period**

**ESG**: The ESG Program’s reporting period is April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023.

**3. Specify Subrecipients:** Specify subrecipients for year 2022.

**ESG**: The available ESG subrecipients for Program Year 2022 are listed below.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | | --- | | ALABAMA DEPT OF ECONOMIC & COMM AFFAIRS, MONTGOMERY, AL, 36103-5690 UEI: DUNS: 062620604 | |  | YWCA 309 23rd St N, Birmingham, AL, 35203-3820 UEI: DUNS: 050368336 | |  | MARSHALL COUNTY COMMISSION 2222 Ringold St, Guntersville, AL, 35976-1532 UEI: DUNS: 017615563 | |  | PENELOPE HOUSE PO Box 9127, Mobile, AL, 36691-0127 UEI: DUNS: 006710719 | |  | CITY OF FLORENCE PO Box 98, Florence, AL, 35631-0098 UEI: DUNS: 079124780 | |  | RUSSELL COUNTY COMMISSION PO Box 969, Phenix City, AL, 36868-0969 UEI: DUNS: 079123527 | |  | SHELBY COUNTY COMMISSION PO Box 467, Columbiana, AL, 35051-0467 UEI: DUNS: 075461137 | |  | MARSHALL COUNTY COMMISSION 424 Blount Ave, Guntersville, AL, 35976-1102 UEI: DUNS: 079108080 | |  | BALDWIN COUNTY COMMISSION 312 Courthouse Sq, Bay Minette, AL, 36507-4809 UEI: DUNS: 082060450 | |  | CITY OF BIRMINGHAM 710 20th St N Ste 100, Birmingham, AL, 35203-2240 UEI: DUNS: 072103559 | |  | CITY OF DECATUR 402 Lee St NE, Decatur, AL, 35601-1928 UEI: DUNS: 072085111 | |  | CITY OF TUSCALOOSA 2201 University Blvd, Tuscaloosa, AL, 35401-1541 UEI: DUNS: 112649736 | |  | CITY OF ANNISTON 1128 Gurnee Ave, Anniston, AL, 36201-4565 UEI: DUNS: 075467563 | |  | MARENGO COUNTY COMMISSION 101 E Coats Ave, Linden, AL, 36748-1500 UEI: DUNS: 072109937 | |  | PENELOPE HOUSE PO Box 9127, Mobile, AL, 36691-0127 UEI: DUNS: 006710719 | |  | CITY OF HUNTSVILLE 308 Fountain Cir SW, Huntsville, AL, 35801-4240 UEI: DUNS: 072093727 | |  | YWCA CENTRAL ALABAMA 309 23rd St N, Birmingham, AL, 35203-3820 UEI: DUNS: 018394049 | |  | PATHWAYS 409 Richard Arrington Jr Blvd N, Birmingham, AL, 35203-3308 UEI: DUNS: 827210907 | |  | ALA COALITION AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE 450 N Hull St, Montgomery, AL, 36104-2635 UEI: DUNS: 004344078 | |  | JEFFERSON COUNTY 716 Richard Arrington Jr Blvd N Ste A430, Birmingham, AL, 35203-0124 UEI: DUNS: 105474279 | |  | CITY OF HUNTSVILLE 120 Holmes Ave NE Ste 200, Huntsville, AL, 35801-4830 UEI: DUNS: 112481325 | |  | FAMILY PROMISE OF BALDWIN CO. 15765 Hwy 59, Foley, AL, 36535 UEI: DUNS: 829895726 | |  | CITY OF GADSDENT 90 Broad St, Gadsden, AL, 35901-3700 UEI: DUNS: 077650331 | |  | CITY OF MONTGOMERY 103 N Perry St, Montgomery, AL, 36104-3728 UEI: DUNS: 078961885 | |  | CITY OF PELL CITY 1905 1st Ave N, Pell City, AL, 35125-1663 UEI: DUNS: 077924165 | |  | MONTGOMERY AREA COALITION FOR THE HOMELESS 1415 E South Blvd, Montgomery, AL, 36116-2319 UEI: DUNS: 147371723 | |  | PENELOPE HOUSE FAMILY VIOLENCE CENTER PO Box 9127, Mobile, AL, 36691-0127 UEI: DUNS: 006710719 | |  | HOUSING FIRST, INC. 273 Azalea Rd, Mobile, AL, 36609-1970 UEI: DUNS: 062123299 | |  | BALDWIN FAMILY VIOLENCE SHELTER 23306 Chicago St, Robertsdale, AL, 36567-3048 UEI: DUNS: 008972127 | |  | ALA RURAL COALITION FOR THE HOMELESS PO Box 451, Montgomery, AL, 36101-0451 UEI: DUNS: 826967742 | |  | 2nd CHANCE, INC PO Box 2714, Anniston, AL, 36202-2714 UEI: DUNS: 827464934 | |  | AIDS Action Coalition of Huntsville 600 Saint Clair Ave SW Ste 6, Huntsville, AL, 35801-5057 UEI: DUNS: 938035946 | |  | Safeplace, Inc. PO Box 1456, Florence, AL, 35631-1456 UEI: DUNS: 965209463 | |  | CITY OF GADSDEN 90 Broad St, Gadsden, AL, 35901-3700 UEI: DUNS: 077650331 | |  | The Right Place 105 W 15th St, Anniston, AL, 36201-3701 UEI: DUNS: 078455692 | |  | Mobile Area Interfaith Conference 808 Executive Park Dr, Mobile, AL, 36606-2811 UEI: DUNS: 964554526 | |  | Mid-Alabama Coalition for the Homeless 101 Coliseum Blvd, Montgomery, AL, 36109-2707 UEI: DUNS: 147371723 | |  | HOUSING FIRST, INC. 3929 Airport Blvd, Mobile, AL, 36609-1987 UEI: DUNS: 062123299 | |  | MARSHALL COUNTY HOME PLACE 1221 Blount Ave, Guntersville, AL, 35976-1831 UEI: DUNS: 017615563 | |  | The Salvation Army PO Box 1025, Mobile, AL, 36633-1025 UEI: DUNS: 124153151 | |  | Dallas County Family Resource Center PO Box 2142, Selma, AL, 36702-2142 UEI: DUNS: 064818253 | |  | Mobile Area Interfaith Conference, Inc. 901 Butler Dr Ste A, Mobile, AL, 36693-5107 UEI: DUNS: 964554526 | |  | United Way of East Central Alabama PO Box 1122, Anniston, AL, 36202-1122 UEI: DUNS: 168446227 | |  | Family Promise of Baldwin County, Inc. 20511 County Road 36, Summerdale, AL, 36580-3129 UEI: DUNS: 829895726 | |  | Family Counseling Center of Mobile, Inc. 705 Oak Circle Dr E, Mobile, AL, 36609-4221 UEI: DUNS: 009298555 | |  | Legal Services PO Box 20787, Montgomery, AL, 36120-0787 UEI: DUNS: 094477718 | |  | FIRST CHRISTIAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH 4358 Oak St, Montgomery, AL, 36105-2732 UEI: DUNS: 842720401 | |  | Northwest Alabama Housing Services 2120 W 17th St, Sheffield, AL, 35660-8508 UEI: DUNS: 117100062 | |  | Shelby County Commission 2 PO Box 467, Columbiana, AL, 35051-0467 UEI: DUNS: 075461137 | |  | ALA RURAL COALITION FOR THE HOMELESS 2 PO Box 451, Montgomery, AL, 36101-0451 UEI: F3VGS7CZWE25 DUNS: 826967742 | |  | 2nd CHANCE, INC. PO Box 2714, Anniston, AL, 36202-2714 UEI: NKR5R8M37US8 DUNS: 827464934 | |  | The Right Place for Housing and Support 105 W 15th St, Anniston, AL, 36201-3701 UEI: ZFMPK3DH44K5 DUNS: 078455692 | |  | CITY OF FLORENCE 110 W College St, Florence, AL, 35630-5517 UEI: KM3AYLCPF6M3 DUNS: 079124780 | |  | SHELBY COUNTY COMMISSION 2022 200 W College St Rm 111, Columbiana, AL, 35051-9703 UEI: ZK34JDMXVHM1 DUNS: 075461137 | |  | The Salvation Army PO Box 1025, Mobile, AL, 36633-1025 UEI: DYVKSKB6LJF7 DUNS: 124153151 | |  | The Link of Cullman County 708 9th St SE, Cullman, AL, 35055-3813 UEI: ULKKBG8XMDC3 DUNS: 837477442 | |  | SHELBY COUNTY COMMISSION 200 W. COLLEGE ST., COLUMBIANA, AL, 35051 UEI: DUNS: 075461137 | |  | CITY OF TUSCALOOSA PO Box 2089, Tuscaloosa, AL, 35403-2089 UEI: DUNS: 112649736 | |  | Alabama Rural Coalition of Homeless P O Box 451, Montgomery, AL, 36101 UEI: DUNS: | |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Organization** | **Is subrecipient a victim services provider?** | **Organization Type** | **ESG Subgrant or Contract Award Amount** | **Action** |
| 2nd CHANCE, INC. Anniston, AL 36202-2714 UEI: NKR5R8M37US8 DUNS: 827464934 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $200,000 | N/A |
| ALABAMA MONTGOMERY, AL 36103-5690 UEI: DUNS: 062620604 | No | Unit of Government | $96,427.66 | N/A |
| CITY OF FLORENCE Florence, AL 35631-0098 UEI: DUNS: 079124780 | No | Unit of Government | $300,000 | N/A |
| CITY OF HUNTSVILLE Huntsville, AL 35801-4240 UEI: DUNS: 072093727 | No | Unit of Government | $400,000 | N/A |
| CITY OF TUSCALOOSA Tuscaloosa, AL 35401-1541 UEI: DUNS: 112649736 | No | Unit of Government | $100,000 | N/A |
| Dallas County Family Resource Center Selma, AL 36702-2142 UEI: DUNS: 064818253 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $0 | N/A |
| FAMILY PROMISE OF BALDWIN CO. Foley, AL 36535 UEI: DUNS: 829895726 | Yes | Other Non-Profit Organization | $0 | N/A |
| MARSHALL COUNTY HOME PLACE Guntersville, AL 35976-1831 UEI: DUNS: 017615563 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $31,500 | N/A |
| Mid-Alabama Coalition for the Homeless Montgomery, AL 36109-2707 UEI: DUNS: 147371723 | Yes | Other Non-Profit Organization | $350,000 | N/A |
| Mobile Area Interfaith Conference, Inc. Mobile, AL 36693-5107 UEI: DUNS: 964554526 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $0 | N/A |
| PATHWAYS Birmingham, AL 35203-3308 UEI: DUNS: 827210907 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $0 | N/A |
| PENELOPE HOUSE Mobile, AL 36691-0127 UEI: DUNS: 006710719 | Yes | Other Non-Profit Organization | $177,000 | N/A |
| SHELBY COUNTY COMMISSION 2022 Columbiana, AL 35051-9703 UEI: ZK34JDMXVHM1 DUNS: 075461137 | No | Unit of Government | $150,148.34 | N/A |
| The Link of Cullman County Cullman, AL 35055-3813 UEI: ULKKBG8XMDC3 DUNS: 837477442 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $250,000 | N/A |
| The Right Place Anniston, AL 36201-3701 UEI: DUNS: 078455692 | No | Other Non-Profit Organization | $200,000 | N/A |
| The Salvation Army Mobile, AL 36633-1025 UEI: DYVKSKB6LJF7 DUNS: 124153151 | No | Faith-based Organization | $300,000 | N/A |
| YWCA CENTRAL ALABAMA Birmingham, AL 35203-3820 UEI: DUNS: 018394049 | Yes | Other Non-Profit Organization | $200,000 | N/A |

**CR-65 Persons Assisted ESG [24 CFR 91.520(g)] - ESG Recipients Only.**

**4. Persons Served**

**ESG**: \*This information was uploaded into the Sage HMIS Reporting Repository and is attached to CR-00.

**4a. Complete for Homelessness Prevention Activities:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Adults | 305 |
| Children | 273 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 0 |
| Missing Information | 11 |
| **Total** | 589 |

**4b. Complete for Rapid Re-Housing Activities:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Adults | 320 |
| Children | 125 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 0 |
| Missing Information | 1 |
| **Total** | 446 |

**4c. Complete for Shelter:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Adults | 3080 |
| Children | 1320 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 1 |
| Missing Information | 30 |
| **Total** | 4431 |

**4d. Street Outreach:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Adults | 213 |
| Children | 8 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 0 |
| Missing Information | 12 |
| **Total** | 233 |

**4e. Totals for All Persons Served with ESG:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Adults | 3934 |
| Children | 1742 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 1 |
| Missing Information | 54 |
| **Total** | 5731 |

**5. Gender - Complete for All Activities:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons** | **Total** |
| Male | 2053 |
| Female | 3488 |
| Transgender | 11 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 0 |
| Missing Information | 101 |
| **Total** | 5653 |

**6. Age - Complete for All Activities:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Number of Persons in Households** | **Total** |
| Under 18 | 1742 |
| 18-24 | 431 |
| 25 and over | 3503 |
| Don't Know / Refused / Other | 1 |
| Missing Information | 54 |
| **Total** | 5731 |

**7. Special Populations Served - Complete for All Activities:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subpopulation** | **Total** | **Total Persons Served – Prevention** | **Total Persons Served -**  **RRH** | **Total Persons Served in Emergency Shelters** |
| **Veterans** | 4624 | 335 | 322 | 3738 |
| **Victims of Domestic Violence** | 1789 | 38 | 89 | 1622 |
| **Elderly** | 271 | 11 | 23 | 220 |
| **HIV / AIDS** | 39 | 0 | 4 | 32 |
| **Chronically Homeless** | 3489 | 0 | 320 | 3142 |
| **Persons with Disabilities:** | | | | |
| **Severely Mentally Ill** | 755 | 17 | 33 | 644 |
| **Chronic Substance Abuse** | 282 | 1 | 11 | 237 |
| **Other Disability** | 1047 | 81 | 71 | 806 |
| **Total (Unduplicated if Possible)** | 12,296 | 483 | 873 | 10,441 |

**CR-70 Assistance Provided and Outcomes [24 CFR 91.520(g)] - ESG Recipients Only.**

**8. Shelter Utilization:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Number of Units** |
| **Number of Beds - Rehabbed** | 0 |
| **Number of Beds - Conversion** | 0 |
| **Total number of bed-nights available** | 231,728 |
| **Total number of bed-nights provided** | 147,576 |
| **Capacity Utilization** | 63.69% |

**9. Project Outcomes Data measured under the performance standards developed in consultation with the CoC(s):**

**ESG**: Twenty-two (22) program participants received TANF Child Care Services. Thirteen (13) program participants received TANF Transportation Services. Sixteen (16) program participants received other TANF-funded services. 2,236 program paticipants had Medicaid as their health insurance coverage. 127 program participants received VA medical services.

**CR-75 Expenditures [24 CFR 91.520(g)] - ESG Recipients Only.**

**11. Expenditures.**

NOTE: ALL numbers in the following charts are rounded up from the figures reported in IDIS. Decimal places are not reflected in IDIS. Therefore, the last two digits of all numbers in the charts in IDIS represent cents.

**11a. ESG Expenditures for Homelessness Prevention:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year** | | |
|  | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
| **Expenditures for Rental Assistance** | $ 85,443.80 | $ 292,841.77 | $ 7,731.33 |
| **Expenditures for Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services - Financial Assistance** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Expenditures for Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services -**  **Services** | $ 50,236.36 | $ 106,522.56 | $ 8,356.41 |
| **Expenditures for Homelessness Prevention under Emergency Shelter Grants Program** | $0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Subtotal Homelessness Prevention** | $ 135,680.16 | $ 399,364.33 | $ 16,087.74 |

**11b. ESG Expenditures for Rapid Re-Housing:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year** | | |
|  | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
| **Expenditures for Rental Assistance** | $ 78,749.52 | $ 179,334.25 | $ 150.00 |
| **Expenditures for Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services - Financial Assistance** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Expenditures for Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services -**  **Services** | $ 79,021.01 | $ 192,036.39 | $ 4,830.40 |
| **Expenditures for Homeless Assistance under Emergency Shelter Grants Program** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Subtotal Rapid**  **Re-Housing** | $ 157,770.53 | $ 371,370.64 | $ 4,980.40 |

**11c.  ESG Expenditures for Emergency Shelter:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year** | | | |
|  | | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
| **Essential Services** | | $ 22,030.33 | $ 241,626.44 | $147,179.28 |
| **Operations** | | $ 47,169.67 | $ 836,890.35 | $140,732.42 |
| **Renovation** | | $ 0 | $ 0 | $0 |
| **Major Rehab** | | $ 0 | $ 0 | $0 |
| **Conversion** | | $ 0 | $ 0 | $0 |
| **Subtotal** | | $ 69,200.00 | $ 1,078,516.79 | $ 287,911.70 |

**11d. Other Grant Expenditures:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Dollar Amount of Expenditures in Program Year** | | |
|  | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
| **Street**  **Outreach** | $ 21,043.05 | $ 132,548.25 | $ 0.00 |
| **HMIS** | $ 16,528.76 | $ 49,675.85 | $ 793.88 |
| **Administration** | $ 52,733.96 | $ 129,725.28 | $ 2,089.51 |

**11e. Total ESG Grant Funds:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Total ESG Funds Expended** | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
|  | $ 861,111.52 | $ 2,147,200.37 | $ 37,440.27 |

**11f. Match Source:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
| **Other Non-ESG HUD Funds** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Other Federal Funds** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **State Government** | $ 0.00 | $ 94,591.10 | $ 0.00 |
| **Local Government** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Private Funds** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Other** | $ 912,670.66 | $ 2,165,461.52 | $ 35,350.76 |
| **Fees** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Program Income** | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 | $ 0.00 |
| **Total Match Amount** | $ 912,670.66 | $ 2,260,052.62 | $ 35,350.76 |

**11g. Total:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Total Amount of Funds Expended on ESG Activities** | **FY2020** | **FY2021** | **FY2022** |
|  | $ 1,773,782.18 | $ 4,407,252.99 | $ 72,791.03 |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_End of Report\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**